

LOWDEN DECLINES TO BE CANDIDATE

RAIN AIDS WESTERN N. D. CROPS

BISMARCK HAS LARGEST FALL IN THE STATE

Almost Two Inches of Rain
Recorded Over Week-End
By Weather Bureau Here

MANY POINTS BENEFIT

Hard Rains Are Reported at
All Points on Missouri
River Division of Soo

Rain in every part of North Dakota over Sunday brought cheers to those who have been watching for good showers to give lately planted crops needed to spur them on. Every one of the 17 weather stations of the state weather bureau reported rain fall between 7 a. m. Saturday morning and 7 a. m. today.

Bismarck led in the amount of precipitation reported, 1.84 inches of rain fall being recorded here, most of it Saturday night.

The weather forecast indicated a surplus of the rain, the forecast locally being for partly overcast tonight and Tuesday, with continued cool, and probably frost tonight.

In some sections of western North Dakota reports had come that unless rain fell within a few days growing crops would be stunted. Showers visited many parts of western North Dakota on Saturday and Friday, and the week-end rain means much to farmers throughout the section.

The weather bureau's report of rain for the 48 hour period ending at 7 a. m. today follows:

Amelia	1.0
Bismarck	1.84
Bozeman	1.6
Devils Lake	.34
Dickinson	.33
Duna Center	.72
Ellendale	1.07
Fargo	.36
Grand Forks	.30
Jamestown	.71
Larimore	.50
Lisbon	.57
Minot	.95
Napoleon	.73
Pembina	.10
Williston	.78
Woodsboro	.32

From one to two inches of rain fell at all points on the Missouri River division of the Soo line, it was reported at the local offices today.

Fargo, June 9.—A general rain-fall over virtually all sections of North Dakota during the last 24 hours is expected to prove of special benefit to late-seeded crops and greatly improving pasture which had begun to dry from lack of sufficient moisture, reports received here indicate.

DISABLED MEN WIN HONORS

Reports from the University of Montana show that the standing of the U. S. Veterans Bureau trainees for the winter quarter, reached the highest mark thus far, at that institution. Among the regular students 12-21 per cent won places on the Honor Roll, while 16.66 per cent of the Veterans Bureau trainees won that honor.

In order to be eligible for a place on the Honor Roll, in any quarter, a student should have at least 33 grade points for the quarter with no "F"s, "E"s or "D"s, and no credit deduction for absence.

That these disabled men "put over" near 4 1-2 per cent more of their group, in winning these coveted places, than did the regular students, furnishes a striking illustration of the fact that they appreciate and make good use of the opportunity afforded them by the Veterans Bureau to become rehabilitated.

In the matter of "grade points," the Veterans Bureau trainees averaged 21 points per man as against 19.23 points per man for the regular students. This also is an increase over former records, showing a steady and satisfactory increase.

Collectors of Stamps Organize

Fargo, N. D., June 9.—The North Dakota Stamp Collectors' club was organized in Fargo Saturday with 15 charter members. The meeting was held in the Fargo Y. M. C. A. Saturday night.

Dr. T. L. Stangeby of New England was elected president and Prof. A. F. Gamber of Fargo secretary-treasurer. The next meeting will be held in Fargo in the summer of 1925.

North Dakota offices represented at the meeting here included Fargo, Bismarck, Grand Forks, Minot, Wahpeton, Valley City, Velva and New England. An exhibit of stamps owned by more than 300,000 was a feature of Saturday's session.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE IN ACTION



This is the first picture of the Republican National Committee in action in Cleveland. It is hearing the controversy over seats arising from rival factions from several southern states. Seated at the long table from left to right are Frank P. Litschert, Washington, secretary to National Chairman John T. Adams; Fred W. Upham, Chicago, national committee treasurer; Chairman John T. Adams; Lee Nixon, assistant to Adams; George P. Lockwood, Washington, and former Congressman James Francis Burke, Pittsburgh.

SHARP DECLINE IN ACREAGE OF WHEAT SHOWN

Both Winter and Spring Acreage Estimates Less by U. S. Department

SPRING OFF 10 PER CENT

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The spring wheat crop, for which the first forecast of the season was announced, was placed at 184 million bushels, the area planted being estimated at 16,920,000 acres, or 90.1 per cent of last year's acreage.

Winter wheat was forecast at 509 million bushels compared with a forecast of 553 bushels a month ago. First production forecasts for the season of other crops are:

Oats, 1,323,000,000; barley, 130,000,000; rye, 62,500,000 and peaches 535,000,000.

The condition of the crop on June 1, from which the production forecasts are computed was:

Winter wheat 74 per cent of a normal; spring wheat 82.3 per cent; all wheat 76 per cent; oats 80 per cent; barley 79 5/10 per cent; rye 87 4/10 per cent; hay 89 per cent; pasture 82 2/10 per cent; apples 74 per cent, and peaches 72 7/10 per cent.

The total wheat acreage combining winter and spring wheat areas is 53,818,000 acres this year, or 92.3 per cent of the combined areas last year.

The acreage of oats is 41,625,000, or 101.9 per cent of last year, and of barley 7,552,000 acres, or 95 5/10 per cent of last year.

The acreage (in thousands) condition on June 1 and forecast of production (in thousands) i. e. 100, omitted, of bushels of spring wheat in North Dakota.

GEO. YOUNG RESIGNS SEAT

The resignation of George M. Young of the 2nd district effective September 15, was received today at the office of Governor Nestos.

SPEAKS UPON IMMIGRATION WORK IN IOWA

Miss Leila Diesem spoke at Amelia, Cass county, Friday night at a meeting of the Cass County Development Association, which is planning an extensive home-finding campaign. Miss Diesem gave to her hearers an account of her experience in Iowa with the state immigration department, to aid the Cass county organization in its work.

The Amelia Farmers Club sponsored the meeting. It and the Cass County Development Association plans to bring in immigrants to settle on farms in Cass county, on a low-priced, long-payment plan.

There are about twice as many domestic animals as there are people in this country.

Weather Report

For twenty-four hours ending at noon.
Temperature at 7 a. m. 47
Highest yesterday 52
Lowest yesterday 44
Lowest last night 48
Precipitation .29
Highest wind velocity 14

Weather Forecasts
For Bismarck and vicinity: Partly overcast tonight and Tuesday. Continued cool. Probably frost tonight.

For North Dakota: Partly overcast tonight and Tuesday. Continued cool. Probably frost tonight.

General Weather Conditions
During the past 48 hours precipitation occurred from the northern Rocky Mountain region southeastward to the Great Lakes and Mississippi Valley. Over an inch of rain fell in parts of North Dakota and Oklahoma. Cool weather prevails throughout the northern states.

Road Conditions
Roads are heavy from Hebron to Jamestown and from Minot to the South Dakota line.

ORRIS W. ROBERTS,
Meteorologist.

REVIVE RAIL EXTENSION

Iron Ore Deposits Reported
Near Fort Yates

Fort Yates, N. D., June 9.—The question of laying the steel on the railroad grade from Cannon Ball to Fort Yates has again been revived, this time by farmers living across the river in Emmons county. These farmers east of the river, according to H. H. Ellsworth, traveling freight agent for the Northern Pacific, who was here yesterday, have petitioned the construction of a railroad to Fort Yates be completed, that they might have a nearer shipping point to which they could haul their grain and produce.

Mr. Ellsworth has now visited both sides of the river and has gathered much information and exact data with which to support his recommendation that the railroad be completed into Fort Yates. On some farms east of the river, he found grain stored in granaries from the last three years.

Another factor which may help to hasten the coming of the railroad is that Northern Pacific chemists have recently analyzed samples of the iron ore deposits south of Fort Yates and have declared them of commercial value.

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BELIEVE JAP AGITATION IS PAST THE PEAK

Tokio Police Deny They Had
Knowledge of Imperial Ho-
tel Demonstration Plan

BOYCOT IS CONTINUED

Tokio, June 9.—Belief that the peak of the agitation in Japan against American enactment of an American law barring Japanese, has passed, was expressed in well informed circles here today. The active phase of the agitation, it was agreed, cannot continue more than two or three weeks.

Regardless of that forecast, however, efforts to extend the Japan boycott against things American could be observed today. Delegations of members of the "Great Forward Society," the organization which arranged Saturday night's demonstration at the Imperial Hotel, visited the larger department stores, trying to persuade the storekeepers to sell American merchandise.

Handbills urging not only a complete American boycott but also one against all luxuries as a matter of economic patriotism were scattered throughout the city by the same organization.

Police officials took occasion today to deny previous reports that they had had advance warning of the demonstration Saturday night, in which agitators broke up the dance at the Imperial Hotel with bitter anti-American speeches, made from the center of the dance floor. The police insisted that they were doing everything in their power to protect Americans from injury or insult.

Neither Halvor Halvorsen of Minot nor Dr. L. S. Platou of Fargo, Democratic candidates for Governor, appear to be making any hard campaign for the nomination, and Democratic leaders here appear not to be greatly concerned in the outcome of the contest. A light vote is generally predicted in the Democratic primary, by Democrats here.

In the second congressional district, E. A. Williams, John Sherman and Thomas Hall, candidates for the Republican nomination, all are in the field.

EXPRESS RATES ARE REVISED

Washington, June 9.—Express rates throughout the country were ordered refigured today by the Interstate Commerce Commission which authorized general increases in the eastern zones, of approximately eight percent, and slight reductions in the west and south.

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CAMPAIGN IN STATE SWINGS INTO ACTION

Political Guns to be Loosed in
All Parts of the State in
Next Week

VOTERS INTERESTED

But Not so Much Fireworks
as in Former Years—Full
Vote Is Seen

The North Dakota state political campaign swung into its last two full weeks today. Within the next two weeks campaign guns will be loosed in all parts of the state and on Wednesday, June 25, voters of the state will go to the polls to cast their ballots for nominees of the Republican and Democratic parties for state offices, for state non-party offices and for county offices.

Interest in the campaign has quickened in the last week. The absence of campaign fireworks has been noticeable. However, one campaign manager has described the voters of the state as "apathetic but interested," and predicts a big vote on June 25. The multiplicity of candidates for county offices alone is expected to bring out many voters.

Governor Nestos and Attorney-General George Shafer, delivering the campaign message of the independent state administration will be on the stump every day for the next two weeks, the Governor closing so that he can vote in Minot. Commissioner of Agriculture J. A. Kitchen, called to Wisconsin because of the death of his mother, and other independent candidates also will take the field.

T. H. H. Thoresen, Nonpartisan League candidate for Attorney-General, and J. Church, candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor, continue to be the chief speakers for the League element. The return of A. G. Sorlie to his office in Grand Forks may be followed by his appearance on the stump.

The ending of the Congressional session also will bring Senator Franz of North Dakota, Senator Magnus Johnson of Minnesota and Representatives Sinclair into the state for a brief period, according to the Nonpartisan League. No announcement has been made with reference to Senator Ladd, who was appointed on a Congressional committee to investigate Northern Pacific land grants.

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Illinois Man's Statement Spurs Other Candidates

INSURGENTS TO MAKE DEMANDS ON CONVENTION

LaFollette Group Would Have
G. O. P. Body Condemn
Daugherty and Fall

ASK NEW SESSION

Also Call For Special Session
of Congress to be Held
Beginning July 7

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Republican insurgents, acting through the Wisconsin delegation, will ask the Republican national convention to formally condemn the official acts of Harry M. Daugherty as Attorney-General and Albert B. Fall as Secretary of the Interior.

This is disclosed in an official copy of the insurgent platform made public today by Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., son of the Wisconsin Senator, in the name of the Wisconsin delegation. The statement says further that Daugherty and Fall "be forever debarred from holding any position of honor or trust within either the gift of the Republican party or any further Republican administration."

The insurgents also would have President Coolidge summon Congress into extraordinary session on Monday, July 7, 1924, for consideration of emergency legislation for relief of agriculture; to provide funds for payment of soldiers' bonus; for consideration of the Howell-Barkley bill for the settlement of disputes between carriers and employees; for amendment of the rate-making sections of the Transportation Act looking toward the reduction of "extortionate railroad rates;" and for reclamation relief legislation extending the time of payment to farmers on government reclamation projects.

It is further declared the convention system of nominating Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates "has failed" and the Senate and House members should be urged to "initiate and support such constitutional amendment and legislation as made by necessary to provide direct nomination and election by the people of the United States, of candidates for President and Vice-President."

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COOLIDGE HOME TOWN COHORTS REACH CLEVELAND

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Dressed in brown smocks, such as Calvin Coolidge wore on the farm when a boy going to school, members of the Vermont delegation, some of them neighbors and school friends of the President, have arrived to stage a demonstration in the national convention Thursday immediately following the nomination of Coolidge.

The Vermont delegates will parade the convention hall, carrying canes made of wood cut on the Coolidge farm cow pastures near Plymouth, Vermont, and wearing brown smocks, with the words "Coolidge Home Town Club" painted on the back in large letters.

Twelve hundred of the canes were brought to Cleveland today by the Vermont delegates. They were cut by H. T. Brown of Plymouth, who owns a farm adjoining the Coolidge farm and who went to school with the President.

"Keep Cool and Keep Coolidge," sung to a rollicking tune, will be the song of the delegates from the President's home state. They hope to make it the official song of the convention, and plan to introduce it to all of the various state delegations and in all of the hotel lobbies tomorrow.

With practically the latest of the arrivals pouring into Cleveland for the opening of the convention tomorrow, the milling and maneuvering took on larger proportions and centered with new zest about the selection of a Vice-Presidential nominee, although sight was not lost of the meeting today of the advisory committee of 67 to begin the actual work of the convention.

Convention leaders who have helped in driving the Lowden candidacy into what was generally regarded as a commanding position recognize that his announcement, coming in the midst of an attack on him from opposing Illinois factions, had reduced the likelihood of placing him on the ticket, but they were not agreed as to the extent of this reduction.

Some of the former Governor's booners thought he had removed himself from the race, but others noted that a similar announcement had been made in the past by men who later became Vice-Presidents and most of them were inclined, as they phrased it, "to hang around" for a day or so watching the political cauldron to see whether—and where—the diffused sentiment might crystallize.

Meanwhile, the booms rose, or at least appeared higher with the Lowden shadow removed, and a number of dark horses became less dark. Much speculation centered on the effect the Lowden statement might have on the chances of Charles G. Dawes.

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MANY POINTS BENEFIT

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REVIVE RAIL EXTENSION

Iron Ore Deposits Reported Near Fort Yates

Ft. Yates, N. D., June 9.—The question of laying the steel on the railroad grade from Cannon Ball to Fort Yates has again been revived, this time by farmers living across the river in Emmons county. These farmers east of the river, according to H. H. Ellsworth, traveling freight agent for the Northern Pacific, who was here yesterday, have petitioned the Northern Pacific asking that the construction of a railroad to Fort Yates be completed, that they might have a nearer shipping point to which they could haul their grain and produce.

Mr. Ellsworth has now visited both sides of the river and has gathered much information and exact data with which to support his recommendation that the railroad be completed into Fort Yates. On some farms east of the river, he found grain stored in granaries from the last three years.

Another factor which may help to hasten the coming of the railroad is that Northern Pacific chemists have recently analyzed samples of the vast iron ore deposits south of Fort Yates and have declared them of commercial value.

SKELTONS ARE UNCOVERED

Linton, N. D., June 9.—Adam Mittel who has been doing some excavating for a culvert two miles north of Pollock just this side of the Emmons county line, brought to town part of a skeleton unearthed by his crew. He reported that there appeared to be four skeletons side by side, but no metal trinkets, or other articles found which might indicate what the skeletons were. However, it is possible that they were Indian bodies and may have been buried by troops after some early-day skirmish with Indians. Adam Mittel and son, Joe, Dave Krieg and Fred Ochsner were members of the crew that found the skeletons. They had only just started digging, and they believed that they might unearth further evidences of what the bodies were.

BELIEVE JAP AGITATION IS PAST THE PEAK

Tokio Police Deny They Had Knowledge of Imperial Hotel Demonstration Plan

BOYCOTT IS CONTINUED

Tokio, June 9.—Belief that the peak of the agitation in Japan against American investment of an American law barring Japanese, has passed, was expressed in well informed circles here today. The active phase of the agitation, it was agreed, cannot continue more than two or three weeks.

Regardless of that forecast, however, efforts to extend the Japanese boycott against things American could be observed today. Delegations of members of the "Great Forward Society," the organization which arranged Saturday night's demonstration at the Imperial Hotel, visited the largest department stores, trying to persuade the stores not to sell American merchandise.

Handbills urging not only a complete American boycott but also one against all luxuries as a matter of economic patriotism, were scattered throughout the city by the same organization.

Police officials took occasion today to deny previous reports that they had had advance warning of the demonstration Saturday night, in which agitators broke up the Imperial Hotel Japanese bazaar, made the Japanese flag, and from the center of the dance floor, the police insisted that they were doing everything in their power to protect Americans from injury or insult.

EXPRESS RATES ARE REVISED

Slight Reductions Are Ordered in West

Washington, June 9.—Express rates throughout the country were ordered rechecked today by the Interstate Commerce Commission which authorized general increases in the eastern zones of approximately eight percent, and slight reductions in the west and south.

The decision will be effective January 1, 1925.

MRS. T. PENDROY, WIFE OF LEGISLATOR, IS BURIED

Jamestown, N. D., June 9.—Funeral services were held here for Mrs. Thomas Pendroy, wife of Thomas Pendroy, former Nonpartisan league member of the state senate and one time candidate for congress in the second district. She died at her farm home south of Jamestown after an illness of several months which became pronounced following an operation some weeks ago.

CAMPAIGN IN STATESWINGS INTO ACTION

Political Guns to be Loosed in All Parts of the State in Next Week

VOTERS INTERESTED

But Not so Much Fireworks as in Former Years—Full Vote Is Seen

The North Dakota state political campaign swung into its last two full weeks today. Within the next two weeks campaign guns will be loosed in all parts of the state and on Wednesday, June 25, voters of the state will go to the polls to cast their ballots for nominees of the Republican and Democratic parties for state offices, for state non-party offices and for county offices.

Interest in the campaign has quickened in the last week. The absence of campaign fireworks has been noticeable. However, one campaign manager has described the voters of the state as "apathetic but interested," and predicts a big vote on June 25. The multiplicity of candidates for county offices alone is expected to bring out many voters.

Governor Nestos and Attorney General George Shafer, delivering the campaign message of the Independent state administration will be on the stump every day for the next two weeks, the Governor closing so that he can vote in Minot. Commissioner of Agriculture J. A. Kitchen, called to Wisconsin because of the death of his mother, and other Independent candidates also will take the field.

T. H. H. Thoresen, Nonpartisan League candidate for Attorney-General, and W. J. Church, candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor, continue to be the chief speakers for the League element. The return of A. G. Sorlie to his office in Grand Forks may be followed by his appearance on the stump.

The ending of the Congressional session also will bring Senator Frazier of North Dakota, Senator Magnus Johnson of Minnesota and Representative Sinclair into the state for a brief period, according to local Nonpartisans. No announcement has been made with reference to Senator Ladd, who was appointed on a Congressional committee to investigate Northern Pacific land grants.

Neither Halvor Halvorsen of Minot nor Dr. L. S. Platow of Fargo, Democratic candidates for Governor, appear to be making any hard campaign for the nomination, and Democratic leaders here appear not to be greatly concerned in the outcome of the contest. A light vote is generally predicted in the Democratic primary, by the Democratic Congressional district, E. A. Williams, John Sherman and Thomas Hall, candidates for the Republican nomination, all are in the field.

KLAN HEAD FOR WATSON

Indiana Solon, However, Repudiates Support

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Imperial Wizard H. W. Evans of the Ku Klux Klan on his arrival from Atlanta today came out with a declaration for Senator Watson of Indiana as the Klan's candidate for vice-president. Senator Watson immediately repudiated the statement issued by the Imperial Wizard.

"I don't belong to the Ku Klux Klan," the Senator said. "If they have issued a statement naming me, they have done it for the express purpose of injuring me."

55 GRADUATE FROM NORMAL

Dickinson, N. D., June 9.—Fifty-five members of the June graduating class of the Dickinson State Normal school will receive their diplomas at commencement exercises to be held in the Normal auditorium Thursday evening, June 12, beginning at 8 o'clock. P. S. Berg, superintendent of the city schools, will deliver the address to the class. The graduating class is in four divisions. Fifteen will have completed the high school course; 21 the elementary course; 17 the advanced course; and two the junior college course.

Illinois Man's Statement Spurs Other Candidates

INSURGENTS TO MAKE DEMANDS ON CONVENTION

LaFollette Group Would Have G. O. P. Body Condemn Daugherty and Fall

ASK NEW SESSION

Also Call For Special Session of Congress to be Held Beginning July 7

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Republican insurgents, acting through the Wisconsin delegation, will ask the Republican national convention to formally condemn the official acts of Harry M. Daugherty as Attorney-General and Albert B. Fall as Secretary of the Interior.

This is disclosed in an official copy of the insurgent platform made public today by Robert M. LaFollette, Jr., son of the Wisconsin Senator, in the name of the Wisconsin delegation. The statement says further that Daugherty and Fall "be forever debarred from holding any position of honor or trust within either the gift of the Republican party or any further Republican administration."

The insurgents also would have President Coolidge summon Congress into extraordinary session on Monday, July 7, 1924, for consideration of emergency legislation for relief of agriculture; to provide funds for payment of soldiers' bonuses; for consideration of the Howell-Barley bill for the settlement of disputes between carriers and employees; for amendment of the rate-making sections of the Transportation Act looking toward the reduction of "extortionate" railroad rates; and for reclamation relief legislation extending the time of payment to farmers on government reclamation projects.

It is further declared the convention system of nominating Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates "has failed" and the Senate and House members should be urged to initiate and support such constitutional amendment and legislation as made by necessary to provide direct nomination and election by the people of the United States, of candidates for President and Vice-President.

REELECTED TO COLLEGE BOARD

Col. C. B. Little Named on Dartmouth Board of Trustees

Col. C. B. Little, president of the First National Bank, has been elected a member of the board of trustees of Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, by a vote of the alumni of the institution. Col. Little has been a member of the board for some time, serving out an unexpired term. The new term is for six years. He is one of three members of the board living west of New York state. Col. Little, who recently has gone to Hanover for the commencement activities of the institution.

Dartmouth college, the largest college in the country, selects students through an occupational and geographical method intended to bring students into the university who will follow diverse occupations and represent all sections of the country. Col. Little formerly was president of the alumni council of the institution.

DIES FROM TRACTOR HURTS

Dickinson, N. D., June 9.—Terribly crushed under the wheels of a tractor which he was operating on his farm near Sentinel Butte, W. L. Wright, prominent resident of that community, died at St. Joseph's hospital in this city after three days of suffering.

Mr. Wright was plowing with the tractor when the accident occurred. Something went wrong with the plow and as he stepped from the driver's seat to adjust it, his clothing caught in the drive wheels, pulling him beneath the heavy machine which passed over his body. Several ribs were broken and he sustained severe internal injuries.

COOLIDGE HOME TOWN COHORTS REACH CLEVELAND

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Dressed in brown smocks, such as Calvin Coolidge wore on the farm, who are a long way from school, members of the Vermont delegation, some of them neighbors and school friends of the President have arranged to stage a demonstration in the national convention Thursday immediately following the nomination of Coolidge.

The Vermont delegates will parade the convention hall, carrying canes made of wood cut on the Coolidge farm cow pastures near Plymouth, Vermont, and wearing brown smocks, with the words "Coolidge Home Town Club" painted on the back in large letters.

Twelve hundred of the canes were brought to Cleveland today by the Vermont delegates. They were cut by H. T. Brown of Plymouth, who owns a farm adjoining the Coolidge farm and who went to school with the President.

"Keep Cool and Keep Coolidge," sung to a rollicking tune, will be the song of the delegates from the President's home state. They hope to make it the official song of the convention, and plan to introduce it to all of the various state delegations and in all of the hotel lobbies tomorrow.

Convention leaders who have helped in driving the Lowden candidacy into what was generally regarded as a commanding position recognize that his announcement, coming in the midst of an attack on him from opposing Illinois factions, had reduced the likelihood of placing him on the ticket, but they were not agreed as to the extent of this reduction.

Some of the former Governor's boomers thought he had removed himself from the race, but others pointed out that similar announcements had been made in the past by men who later became Vice-Presidents and most of them were inclined, as they phrased it, "to buzz around" for a day or so watching the political cauldron to see whether—and where—the diffused sentiment might crystallize.

Other Booms Rise
Meanwhile, the booms rose, or at least appeared higher, with the Lowden shadow removed, and a number of dark horses became less dark. Much speculation centered on the effect the Lowden statement might have on the chances of Charles G. Dawes.

Nevertheless, the various camps did not still make any definite opportunity would find them in it, it knocked, they followed the more practical rule of going after opportunity, the Dawes sponsors stepped a little more briskly regardless of warnings about factions, and supporters of Senator Curtis of Kansas registered increased activity. Several delegates who would like to see Senator Burton of Idaho on the ticket, expressed encouragement over word from Washington that he might reconsider his statement that he would not accept the nomination. Similar increase in hope also was shown among the friends of Secretary Hoover after the arrival from the capital of Rep. Theodore Burton, keynoteer and temporary chairman of the convention.

Burton Spoken of
Among the dark horses, Dr. Harion Leroy Burton, president of the University of Michigan, who will place President Coolidge in nomination, appeared overnight to have gained a more than average share of the light into his division. Senator Spencer of Missouri meanwhile continued his activities in behalf of Governor Hyde and Iowa delegates, who have been instructed to vote for Rep. L. J. Dickens, were emphasizing that their candidate would be placed in nomination by Senator Cummins and were busy canvassing arrivals from agricultural states. Much talk also centered about Charles B. Warren, ambassador to Mexico, and chairman of the resolutions committee, and the names of Senator Wesley L. Jones of Washington and Governor Dixon of Montana have been added to the list.

Mr. Warren's arrival yesterday was followed by confirmation of statements that although material was on hand from Washington and some of it represented the views of the administration, the platform would be built in Cleveland, after a hearing probably Wednesday, of interested parties. This might delay presentation of the platform until Thursday, the day set for nominations, and force a night session to conclude the convention.

Leaders say they looked for little difficulty in getting together on a World Court plank but there is some difference of opinion over the advisability of inserting an immigration plank.

A declaration pointing to the restoration of diplomatic relations with Mexico and one affirming the principle of collective bargaining and the right of the individual to labor, are regarded as likely. Both wet and dry planks are being advocated.

(Continued on page 3)

LOWDEN FAILS TO STOP SOME OF SUPPORTERS

Statement, However, Gives Hope to Other Bodies Booming The Candidates

PLATFORM IS PLANNED

To Be Built in Cleveland, Says Chairman, Considering White House Views

Cleveland, O., June 9.—Former Governor Frank O. Lowden's declaration of his boom for the Republican vice-presidential nomination had served today to spread the limelight more evenly over the growing field of prospects.

With practically the latest of the arrival pouring into Cleveland for the opening of the convention tomorrow, the milling and maneuvering took on larger proportions and centered with new zest about the selection of a Vice-Presidential nominee, although sight was not lost of the meeting today of the advisory committee of 57 to begin the actual work of platform building.

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(Continued on page 3)



Merchandise Your Wheat

Cash In On The Gluten



Organized Marketing Is the GREAT NEED of Agriculture

MERCHANDISING WHEAT INSTEAD OF DUMPING IS A VITAL NECESSITY

WHEREVER YOU have the right kind of co-operative marketing association, with commodity organization, you stop the dumping of farm crops, and you substitute for dumping, the merchandising of farm crops.

The merchandising of farm crops means simply the control of the movement of those farm crops so that they go into the markets of the world in such times and in such quantities that they are absorbed at prices that are fair under given commercial conditions.

No one farmer can merchandise his crop, but every co-operative association organized on the commodity line can merchandise crops because when you get a commodity association then you have reached the same point that ordinary business has in the United States.

The purpose of wheat pooling is to "SO CONTROL THE FLOOD OF WHEAT INTO THE MARKETS OF THE WORLD AS TO GIVE THE FARMERS A VOICE IN DETERMINING THE BASIC PRICE VALUES."

Controlling the flow of wheat—that's what the wheat pool will do—anybody who can control the wheat in North Dakota in this way has something to say about the price!

Unorganized farmers are trying to do business with organized business. It just can't be done. That's why "the other fellow" always fixes the price on what the farmer has to sell. Organization is the cornerstone of modern business. Organization alone is the salvation of agriculture.

SAYS PRESIDENT COOLIDGE:

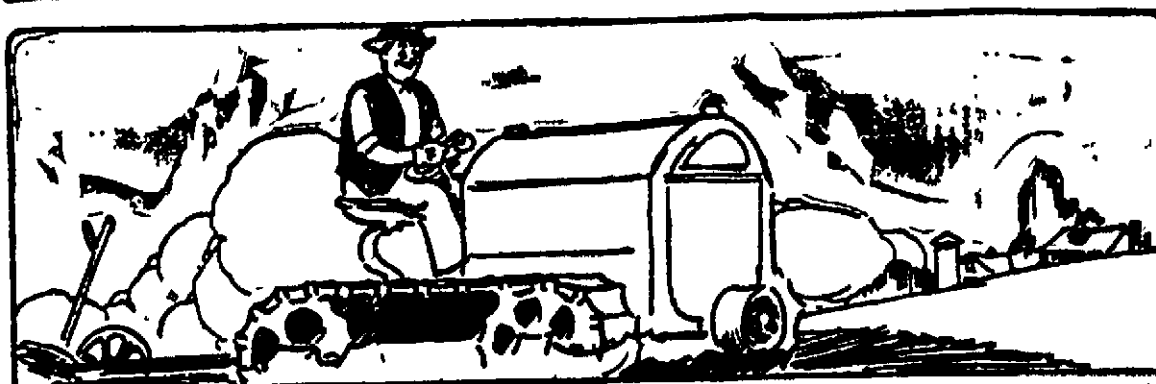
"Labor is organized, business is organized. And there is no way for agriculture to meet this unless it, too, is organized."

"I have many times declared my convictions that the development of a powerful co-operative marketing movement in this country is one of the needs of this period of economic readjustment."

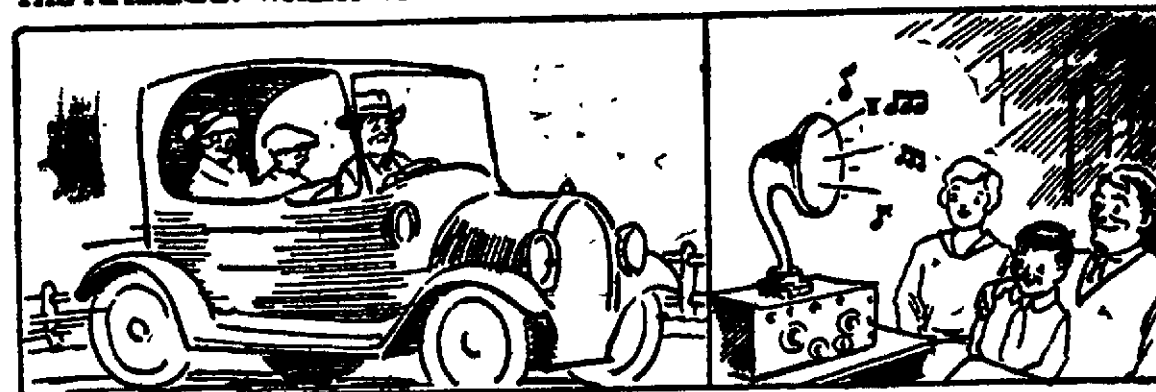
SAYS LA FOLLETTE

"I expect to devote a large part of my time during the coming years to fostering the development of co-operative marketing in the United States."

THE MODERN METHOD OF WHEAT SELLING



THE AMERICAN WHEAT GROWER BELIEVES IN IMPROVED METHODS OF FARMING



AND UP-TO-DATE FORMS OF TRANSPORTATION—AND AMUSEMENT—



SO WHY SHOULD HE NOT USE UP-TO-DATE AND IMPROVED METHODS OF MARKETING?

PROFIT TO PRODUCER BY SELLING WHEAT ON PROTEIN CONTENT

NORTH DAKOTA raises the best wheat in the world. Millers must have it for blending purposes. There is a shortage of this wheat. Millers pay for the gluten of the wheat. How can the farmers cash in on the gluten or protein content?

Selling wheat by grade and chemical analysis for protein content, so the producer gets the advantage of growing high-grade wheat is one of the chief advantages of co-operative marketing of the product.

Under the old dumping system, wheat was sold by the farmer on the basis of grade, while the brokers re-sold to the mills on the basis of protein content. Very often in the past, there has been a variation of seven to twenty cents a bushel, in favor of the grain buyers, by buying from the farmers on purely grade basis, and selling to mills on protein content.

Under the co-operative system, the farmer, instead of the broker, is given the financial benefit of producing wheat which is high in protein content. Samples of this wheat are taken and tested and if the grain is of high quality, the farmers receive a higher price for it than his neighbor who produces inferior wheat.

Fred Wells, of Minneapolis, of Peavey & Co., one of the largest grain buying firms in the country, is authority for the statement that the difference in favor of the grain buyer is from seven to twenty cents a bushel on wheat which is bought from the farmers on the basis of grade alone and re-sold to mills according to protein. Mr. Wells has also made the statement that his firm handles wheat for 3 1/4 cents a bushel and shows a profit of 1 1/2 cents a bushel for every bushel handled at that price.

Assuming Mr. Wells' figures to be authentic, it must stand to reason that the farmer is going to benefit by co-operative marketing, where the wheat is purchased from him on the basis of protein content. Likewise farmers elevators which handle association wheat for 3 1/4 cents a bushel should show a profit of 1 1/2 cents per bushel handled.

ACTION NEEDED

The National Wheat Growers Advisory Committee, of which Frank O. Lowden is chairman, is now assisting the members of the North Dakota Wheat Growers Association to stage a membership drive that will secure sufficient volume to insure a proper

functioning of the association and give the growers a voice in determining the price.

We urge every wheat producer to give this plan earnest consideration.

JOIN THE WHEAT POOL

Signed

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
BISMARCK BANK
CITY NATIONAL BANK
BISMARCK MOTOR CO.
BISMARCK GROCERY CO.

COPELIN MOTOR CO.
FRENCH & WELCH HARDWARE CO.
FINNEY'S DRUG STORE
GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL
CAPITAL ARMY & NAVY STORE

S. E. BERGESON & SON
SORENSEN HARDWARE CO.
BISMARCK IMPLEMENT CO.
WEBB BROS.
BISMARCK LUMBER CO.

A. W. LUCAS CO.
E. B. KLEIN
H. W. RICHHOLT
SMITH'S GROCERY
BISMARCK TRIBUNE CO.

CALIFORNIA DETERMINED FOR SCHOOLS

Votes Huge Bond Issue Despite the Fact That Business Has Slumped

By GEORGE D. MANN

Los Angeles, Cal., June 4.—Despite the fact that a business slump has cut the "business speed" of this city where real estate values have been soaring and optimists never thought the bottom would be reached, the voters yesterday handed the city, for more than \$4 millions to build new schools, California believes that curtailment in school expenditures should come last when the economy "spasm" sweeps over the land.

The vote on the school bonds was practically unanimous in the face of the fact that many men are out of work, real estate values have slumped and business is running more or less along this beautiful coast of sunshine in low and intermediate.

But Los Angeles, with a growth quite phenomenal in the American cities, found itself confronted with this situation:

Twenty thousand children out of school half the day.

School attendance doubled in the last four years.

Thirty thousand increase in daily attendance this year.

Classes now held in halls, cloak-rooms, basements, store-buildings, hanks, and tents.

The slogan of the election was "A full day's schooling for every child."

The bond money is to be used for land, buildings and equipment only. Building sites figure will double in cost soon so "we must buy now" has been the motive of the recent election.

Elation over the successful bond issue was celebrated this noon at the City Club at which the writer was present. Dr. Devine of the federal oil commission was the speaker of the day and in a most eloquent address told of the community value of education.

He declared that the chief aim of education should be to eliminate poverty through increasing efficiency, promote public welfare by education along health and human welfare lines.

While North Dakota seeks to cut tail expenses by striking education California and especially Los Angeles feels that good schools is one of the best assets in the competitive race for new settlers and more business.

Learned Astronomy by Making Own Telescopes

How a group of mechanics, living in Springfield, Vt., learned the science of astronomy by making their own telescopes at home, is related in Popular Astronomy by Russell W. Porter. Several of these mechanics built their own small workshops, located usually in the cellars of their homes.

"Interest did not stop with the completion of the telescopes," says Mr. Porter. "The telescope makers found an old station on Hawks mountain, just outside of the township, occupied what was in this government triangulation of New England. They camped on the mountain, built a substantial tower and signal over the station."

"On another occasion they spent the night on the summit of Mount Ephraim, the highest point in the township. This gathering, I believe, is unique in the annals of astronomy."

"Throughout the night, from the appearance of the first star until dawn, these men were exploring the heavens. It proved to be good seeing notwithstanding a stiff wind. The light from a roaring campfire revealed a circle of animated faces listening intently to some celestial fact just brought out at the eye-piece of one of the instruments."

How Natives of Papua Prepare Heads of Foes

In a recent issue of Man, Mr. E. B. Riley gives an account of the method of preparing the heads of enemies practiced at the village of Dorro in Papua. After the flesh and brains are removed a piece of rattan cane is fixed to the bottom of the mummified skull to take the place of the lower jaw and to act as a support for the packing of the neck. It was difficult to ascertain why the lower jaw is not replaced. The explanation seems to be that they prefer to hang this up in the house, and keep it as a mark or token of the owner's prowess in war, after the mummified head has decayed; but the lower jaw is sometimes replaced, being tied to the zygomatics as with the rattan cane. Finally, the head is dried, being fixed on a wooden framework over a fire lighted for that purpose, and the hair is pulled out as decomposition of the skin advances.

Red Light Traps Insects

A means for combating the winged pests of tropical regions has been evolved, by means of which the flying bugs are lured into a deadly bath of acid and either drowned or asphyxiated by the fumes.

It was found that red light served as an almost irresistible lure for the night-fliers.

A red electric bulb or a lantern with a red globe, is placed near the vessel containing the acid solution. As the pests fly to the light the fumes destroy them even though they may not actually fall into the bath.

To protect human beings from possible accidental contact with the acid bath, the liquid is placed in a wide-mouthed bottle, to which is attached a funnel with a very broad flaring cone. The light is suspended directly over the funnel, and the insects, attracted by the acid fumes, fall into it, and so into the acid bath.—New York World.

Millions of Pounds of Explosives Carried without Accident

One of the nation's most serious transportation problems studied from all angles and is being solved.

Safeguarding the Public

Great progress has been achieved by the Railroads and explosives manufacturers, under the rules of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in the interests of public safety, in the transportation of explosives.

The Bureau of Explosives, organized to work for safe transportation carries on an intensive co-operative effort to secure results.

336,000,000 pounds of explosives have been transported in one year without a fatality.

BY COL. R. W. DUNN,
Bureau of Explosives,
New York City

THE average citizen knows that explosives are dangerous and that fatal accidents have occurred even when these substances were handled or used by experts. When accidents occur in the manufacture or use of explosives he notes the results with regret but does not feel that personal interest which he would have if an explosion occurred during transportation by rail. He realizes that all of us use the railroads and must assume the risk of being one of the victims of such an accident.

In 1907, the first year in our statistical record, seventy-nine accidents occurred in the transportation of explosives over the railroads of the United States and Canada. Fifty-two people were killed, eighty were injured and the property loss was about half a million dollars. For the six year period (1917-1922) the corresponding averages have been ten accidents, one killed, seven injured and \$60,000 property loss. In 1922 no one was killed, only one was injured and the property loss was only \$75,000.

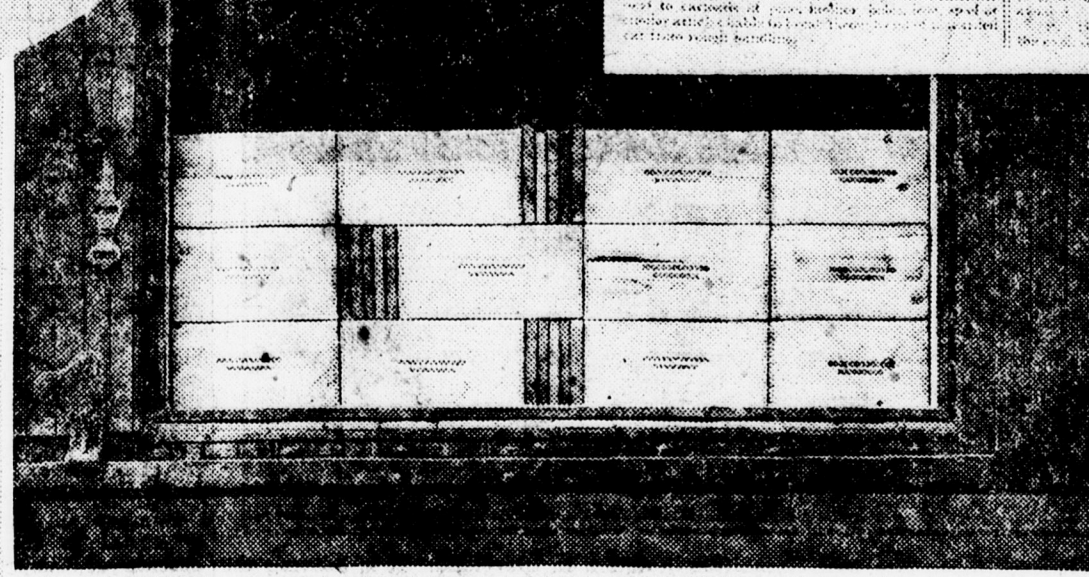
Under normal conditions about 5,000 cars bearing the explosive placards are moving or standing on the railroads' tracks in the United States and Canada all the time. During war conditions in 1918 this total was about 55,000. Assuming the total railroad mileage as 300,000 this means one explosive car for each 60 miles in peace and for



Great care is taken in packing explosives for shipment. The photograph to the left shows how wooden wedges are placed between boxes of dynamite in freight cars to keep them from slipping.

To the right is shown placard placed on cars carrying explosives. Rules for handling are complete.

To the right is shown a car loaded with explosives



each 6 miles in war. Each passenger on a railroad is carried frequently within ten feet of the center of a freight car containing 40,000 or more pounds of explosives. He is vitally interested to learn what has been done to secure his safety.

During the year 1907 the manufacturers of explosives and the Bureau of Explosives, organized by the American Railway Association, started an intensive co-operative effort to secure safety in the transportation of explosives over the railroads of the United States and Canada. Regulations governing manufacture, packing, loading into cars and handling while in transit, were prepared. The two countries were divided into districts and in each a trained inspector was located to promote enforcement of the rules which were adopted and promulgated by the railroad companies.

Experience soon indicated that a legal basis was necessary to uniform enforcement of the rules. A car loaded with explosives is liable to pass over many roads and be handled by many train crews. An explosion can be caused by any one of many possible defects that may remain concealed.

In seeking this legal basis in 1908 the explosive and transportation industries blazed a new trail. Our legislative production plants are overloaded and their equipment for legislation on technical subjects is defective. As a rule they must create and rough-

machine raw material when they should be required only to inspect and give final touches to a finished product. Instead of a variety of machines for different operations, they have practically only one type—the mind of a conscientious legislator without technical knowledge or experience.

Appreciating these facts our committee, representing the two industries, brought a finished product to the federal legislature which resulted in the Act of May, 1908, now coded as Section 232 to 236 of the Act of March 4, 1921.

This act gives the Interstate Commerce Commission power to prescribe rules for the safe transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles and prescribes

penalties for violations of such rules. So far the only effect was to transfer the work of drafting rules from one overloaded plant to another. The Interstate Commerce Commission adopted the wise policy of transferring most of the work to the explosive and transportation industries, to the men best qualified by training and experience to frame technical rules of this kind and representing the industries most interested in uniform enforcement.

As a rule the regulations, as submitted by the Bureau of Explosives, after conference with ship-owners, are promulgated without change. This unusual but desirable method of securing technical legislation by experts not elected

EXPLOSIVES HANDLE CAREFULLY KEEP FIRE AWAY

CONDENSED RULES FOR HANDLING THIS CAR

1. This car must not be placed in a passenger train, nor in a mixed train if available.

2. The car must not be placed in a passenger train, nor in a mixed train if available.



A car with two of these placards in place is shown above.

and prescribes the careful handling necessary. It states as follows:

1. This car must not be placed in a passenger train, nor in a mixed train if available.

2. Cars containing explosives must be near center of train and may be together if desired; must be at least 15 cars from engine and 10 cars from caboose when length of train will permit.

3. This car must not be placed next to cars bearing "Inflammable" or "Acid" placard; nor cars containing lighted heaters, stoves or lanterns; nor next to tank cars, or wooden-frame flat or gondola cars; nor next to carloads of pipe, lumber, poles, iron, steel or similar articles liable to break through end of placarded car from rough handling.

4. The air and hand brakes on this car must be in service.

5. In shifting have a car between this car and engine whenever possible, and do not cut this car off while in motion.

6. Avoid all shocks to this car and couple carefully.

7. Avoid placing it near a possible source of fire.

8. Engines on parallel track must not be allowed to stand opposite or near this car when it can be avoided.

9. This placard must be removed from car when the explosives are unloaded.

The certificate attached to each side door states over the signature of representatives of the originating carrier and the shipper, that the specially selected and prepared car meets all of the requirements and that the explosives in it were properly packed and loaded.

The personal responsibility imposed by these signatures is an important feature of the rules.

Property losses of the carriers have been decreased materially, but the cost exceeds the economy. Safety of life is the primary object. As a sentinel on guard protects his comrades, the explosive and transportation industries are protecting the traveling public.

KIWANIS CLUB DEBATE PROVES FUN FESTIVAL

Dr. Arnsen and John Graham Wax Eloquent in Dispute Over Joseph Breslow

The Kiwanis club held a fun festival at its noon luncheon today with R. B. Murphy, chairman of the day, engineering the plan to make Joseph Breslow, chancellor of the exchequer, the victim of a spirited interchange which started with talks by John Graham and Dr. J. O. Arnsen and will be continued in the future.

John Graham, announcing that the club had repaid great confidence in Joe in giving him the duty of finding any member who uses the appellation "gentleman" as applied to another and for being late, declared Joe was not getting the ten-cent piece, being particularly pertinent to the members of the medical corps represented in the club.

Dr. Arnsen undertook a vigorous defense of Joe, during which he found occasion to quote from Shakespeare, the Kipling and Irvin Cobb. The great defense of "Doc" continued until quitting time, and will be continued later, unless the prosecutor of Joe fails to recover from what was voted a royal comeback by Joe.

HERO OF ARCTIC AIR MISHAP "CHECKS IN"

John Graham announced the Burleigh County Cow Testing Association picnic, to be held on June 26, and asked all Kiwanians to be present. Judge Sveinbjorn Johnson gave the charge to two new members of the club, Frayne Baker and "Art" Dickinson, the latter superintendent of the United States Indian School. Each member of the club was required to compete for the attendance prize, by writing in from 10 to 25 words what Kiwanis had done for him during the past year. A committee headed by C. L. Robertson was named to judge the replies, and to make an award at the next meeting. Birthday orators were William Getteman, Dr. Arnsen, C. L. Robertson and Joe Breslow. There was a large attendance at the luncheon. Several members of the club are planning to attend the Kiwanis International convention to be held in Colorado.

Major Frank L. Martin, whose adventures in northland mountain fastnesses, after his round-the-world airplane had been wrecked, is a thriller that out-did his fiction, is shown returning to Washington to report to General Mason Patrick, of the Army Air Service (in center). He is being greeted by General Pershing.

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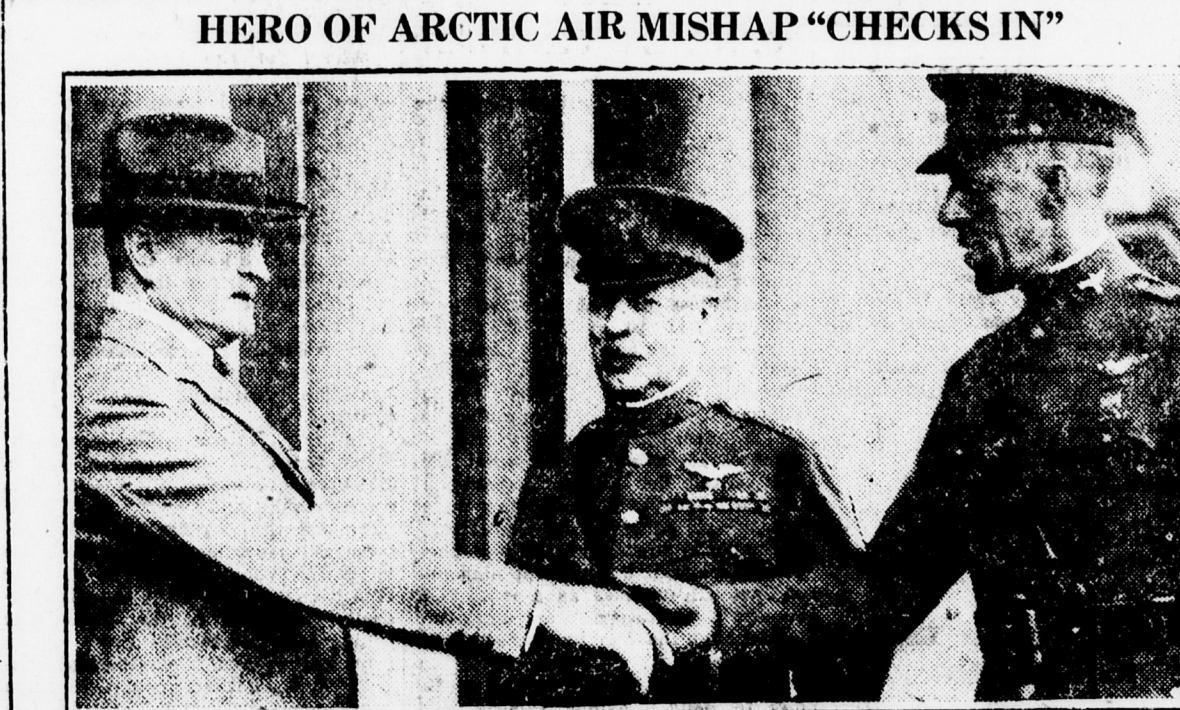
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EX-SHERIFF ANDERSON GIVES TANLAC CREDIT

Man Who Held Public Office Over 27 Years Says Medicine Restored His Health And Strength 5 Years Ago And Has Helped Him Keep Well.

"I said a lot in praise of Tanlac some six years ago, but not half enough, in view of what it did for me," is the high tribute paid the famous medicine, a few days ago, by Hon. Archie R. Anderson, ex-sheriff of Harris county, Texas, who resides at 1505 Austin St., Houston.</

MARKET NEWS

RAINS LOWER
WHEAT PRICEMarket Eases Off After the
Opening Today

Chicago, June 9.—Beneficial rains in the spring wheat territory, both north and south of the Canadian line, led to lower prices today for wheat. Houses with northwestern connections were the principal sellers. On the declines better buying power developed and the set-backs in price kept within fractional bounds. The opening, which varied from unchanged figures to one-half cent lower, with July \$1.04 1/4 to 1/2 and September \$1.05 1/2 to 1/4 cents, was followed by a drop all around to well above Saturday's finish.

Subsequently the market was sustained by expectation that the government crop report this afternoon would prove bullish. The close was steady at 1/4 cent to 3/4 cents net decline, July \$1.04 1/4 and September \$1.04 1/4 to \$1.05 1/4.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

Minneapolis, June 9.—Wheat receipts 275 cars compared with 307 cars a year ago. Cash No. 1 northern \$1.10 1/2 to \$1.11 1/2. No. 2 dark northern spring wheat to fancy \$1.25 to \$1.31 1/2, good to choice \$1.17 1/2 to \$1.24 1/2, ordinary to good \$1.12 1/2 to \$1.16 1/2. July \$1.10 1/2; September \$1.11 1/2; December \$1.13 1/2. Corn No. 3 yellow 73 1/2 to 74 cents. Oats No. 3 white 45 1/2 to 46 cents. Barley 57 to 74c. Rye No. 2, 64 1/2 to 65 cents. Flax No. 1 \$2.38 to \$2.42.

SO. ST. PAUL

So. St. Paul, June 9.—Cattle receipts 4,600. Slow, mostly steady. One load heavy steers bid \$25.00. Best yearlings early around \$25.00. Bulk steers and yearlings \$7.00 to \$9.25. Fat heifers \$6.00 to \$6.50. Canners and cutters mostly \$2.50 to \$3.25. Bologna bulls firm, bulk \$4.25 to \$4.55. Best \$5.00. Very few early sales of stockers and feeders. Calves receipts 1,700. Mostly steady to weak. Bulk better grades to packers \$7.50 to \$8.00. Seconds \$4.00 to \$4.50. Hog receipts 17,000. Very slow. Mostly 10 to 15 cents lower than Saturday. Bulk desirable 100 to around 275 pounds \$6.75. Few sorted butchers to shippers \$6.65. Packing house mostly \$6.00. Bulk feeder pigs \$5.75. Sheep receipts 100. Fat lambs mostly \$10.00 to \$11.00. Spring lambs \$14.00 to \$15.00. Light and handyweight fat ewes mostly \$5.00. Heavies \$3.00 to \$3.50.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

Minneapolis, June 9.—Flour unchanged. In carload lots unchanged, \$6.50 to \$6.80 a barrel in 95-pound cotton sacks. Shipments 33,554 barrels. Bran \$17.00 to \$18.00.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, June 9.—Poultry alive, higher. Fowls 22 to 24 cents. Broilers 30 to 38 cents. Roosters 14 cents. Eggs higher. Receipts 42,906 cases. Firsts 24-1-2 cents; ordinary firsts 22-1-2 cents; storage pack extras 26-1-2 cents. Butter unchanged. Receipts 23,282 cases. Creamery extras 39-1-2 cents. Standards 39-1-2 cents; extra firsts 38 to 42 cents; firsts 36 to 37-1-2 cents; seconds 33 to 35-1-2 cents; cheese unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Chicago, June 9.—Hog receipts 54,000. Desirable grades fully steady. Spots strong. Others very slow. Big packers bidding 10 to 15 cents lower. Cattle receipts 18,000. Most killing classes strong to 25 cents higher. Early top matured steers \$11.25. Sheep receipts 9,000. Active. Fat lambs fully 25c higher.

BISMARCK GRAIN

(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, June 9, 1924.
No. 1 dark northern \$1.07
No. 1 northern spring 1.03
No. 1 amber durum90
No. 1 mixed durum82
No. 1 red durum78
No. 1 flax 2.12
No. 2 flax 2.07
No. 1 rye49
We quote but do not handle the following:
Oats38
Barley54
Spelts, per cwt.80
Shell Corn.
White & Yellow Mixed
No. 2, 56 lb. or more \$.58
No. 3, 55 lb.55
No. 453
No. 453
1 cent per pound discount under 55 lb. Bar corn 5 cents under shell.

REQUEST FOR BIDS FOR FURNISHING MOTOR VEHICLE TAGS FROM THE REGISTRATION OFFICE NORTH DAKOTA BIDS CLOSE JULY 1.

Notice is hereby given that proposals for furnishing to the State of North Dakota one hundred twenty thousand pairs of automobile tags and seven hundred pairs of motorcycle tags, with such additional tags and duplicates as may be needed during the year 1925, will be received at the office of the State Highway Commission at the Capitol in the City of Bismarck, North Dakota, until 2 o'clock p. m. on the first day of July, 1924. Specifications concerning the tags and contract may be had by applying to the State Highway Commission, Bismarck, N. D.

JOHN P. TUCKER, Registrar.

Feeding for egg production should begin 48 hours after the chicks are hatched.

There are 11,600,000 acres of land east of the Mississippi fit only for tree growth.

Population in the United States has been growing faster than the number of live stock for the last 30 years.

DISCUSSION OF
RELIGION HELD
NOW GREATESTRev. Kimmel, Preaching Baccalaureate Sermon, Says
Men Want to Know

SERMON TO NURSES

There is more general interest in religion at this time than ever before, Dr. G. B. Kimmel, president of the Evangelical Theological Seminary of Naperville, Illinois, told a congregation and 20 graduates of the Bismarck Hospital Nurses Training School, at the baccalaureate services in the City Auditorium last night.

"The apathy is in the church, not outside," said Rev. Kimmel. "There never has been a time when newspapers, magazines, men on trains and other public places discussed religion so much as today."

Declaring that "we are living in a scientific, critical age when men are asking 'why' and want to know the truth about the Christian religion," he said that "it is up to the church and the ministers and the people in the church to reveal God to this age." He said that "we must help all to see that the God of the scientist is the God of Jesus" and he added that "this old world will never be brought back to normalcy until the Christian religion brings it back."

Rev. Kimmel, in his sermon, said that there were three outstanding characteristics or missions of Christ on earth. Christ, he said, was sent to the world by the Father to reveal the Father as a kind and forgiving creator. Jesus came to earth, he said, to show all mankind the kind of a life God wants men to live and the third and supreme mission of Jesus, he said, "was to teach remission of sins and he went all the way to Calvary to do it."

A large congregation was at the Auditorium for the exercises. Rev. C. F. Strutz presided. The program included prelude by Miss Haple, songs by the nurses' chorus and invocation by Rev. L. R. Johnson. The 20 graduate nurses were on the stage.

The annual commencement exercises are to be held tonight at the Auditorium at 8 p. m. The program follows:

Selections Wagner's Orchestra
Professional Wagner's Orchestra
Song: "Coronation" Audience
Invocation Rev. Dr. Ryerson
Solo Mrs. V. J. LaRose
Address Judge W. L. Nusselt
Solo Mrs. Schoelkopf
Address Rev. G. B. Kimmel, D. D.
Presentation of Diplomas President Quinn, M. D., President
Training School Committee.
Song: "America the Beautiful" Audience
Benediction Rev. C. F. Strutz
Reception in the Nurses' Home

JOHN SCHWARTZ,
LONG RESIDENT
HERE, IS DEAD

John Schwartz, aged 64, a pioneer resident of Bismarck, died at his home, 602 Twelfth street south, Sunday morning at 5 a. m. of heart trouble. Mr. Schwartz leaves a wife, one daughter, Mary, and one son, Philip. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning from St. Mary's Catholic church at 8:30 a. m.

STOCK SHOW
IS PLANNED

Linton, N. D., June 9.—An enthusiastic meeting of the Emmons County Breeders' association was held in the Legion rooms at which time the date of the fifth annual stock show was set for Wednesday, June 18th, 1924, and it is hoped to make it the biggest show ever held. The breeders decided to hold the show only one day this year, as they were of the opinion that people would be better satisfied to make one glorious day of the affair than to string it out for two days.

Swimming Pool
Being Built

Killdeer, N. D., June 9.—Joe Zankl and Anton Watsch have made the rounds of the city soliciting subscriptions for the swimming pool on the creek just south of town. Work was started on the swimming pool Tuesday morning. It will be 300 feet long and fifty feet wide with a gravel bottom. On one end the pool will be twelve feet deep for those who like to dive, and the average depth will be eight feet.

COAL RATE SAME

"It appears there is some misunderstanding in regard to what rates are in effect on lignite coal," says E. M. Hendricks, rate traffic expert. "The rates have not been increased. The old rates are still in effect. The increase proposed by the railroads has been postponed until August 1, 1924. If you have paid the proposed increased rates you should file a claim for refund, and if it is not paid promptly the matter should be called to the attention of this Commission."

A New Clause—
"Harry" said to his mistress, "Just go and see if the pudding is cooked. Stick a knife in it, and see if it comes out clean."

A few minutes later Mary returned. "It comes out wonderful," she declared.—Pathfinder.

Sleep dip in a 2 per cent solution is a good disinfectant for the incubator before storing it away.

Last year, farm co-operatives in this country handled more than \$2,000,000,000 worth of products.

Less than 3 per cent of the immigrants into this country in the last half of 1924 were farmers.

LOWDEN FAILS
TO STOP SOME
OF SUPPORTERS

(Continued from page 1)
ated, but they already subject to a great deal of discussion and maneuvering. The Ku Klux Klan question also persists in much of the preliminary discussion on the side. One of the principle platform planks is expected to find its source in the proposed constitutional amendment to give equal rights before the law to men and women.

A platform of American industry also is being pushed by a delegation representing the business interests and the American Protective Tariff League has advanced a plank for indorsement of the present tariff law and planks favoring a full treaty strength of the Navy and against a reduction in the size of the Army also are ready for proposal.

WON'T REVIEW
WALTON CASE

Washington, June 9.—Impeachment of Governor John C. Walton of Oklahoma by the legislature of that state, is not subject to review by the courts, it was held today by the supreme court.

What Does Love
Mean?

By JOHN PALMER

"What is it, Harry?" Daisy clung to her fiancé's arm nervously as they saw the native crowd surrounding something that had just been taken out of the river.

"Don't look, dear. Just a suicide, I expect. They kill themselves for trifles, these natives."

"How terrible," said the little bride-to-be, shuddering. "I shall feel more comfortable when our boat has sailed."

Harry Beamish had been employed in the country for three years. He had left a girl behind him in America. The day of their marriage had seemed impossibly remote, and, in the end, he had done as nearly all his friends did—had taken a temporary bride from the village.

Almond Blossom. How faithful she had been! He had grown really fond of her. And he had come to be thankful that there had been no children. That night have proved a tie, a bar. In the back of his mind there was always the dream of some day going home—to Daisy.

But the understanding between them had practically lapsed. And there had been an epistolary quarrel. Daisy had ceased to write. And Harry had settled down with Almond Blossom. It was a most respectable ménage. All his friends envied him. There had been even a time when he had thought of taking Almond Blossom to the clergyman. But, after all, why tie himself, and why anticipate the future?

The years went by. Three years. A letter came from Daisy. Her father was bringing her out on his business trip—he had substantial interests in the country and had got Harry his job. And—did he care for her the same? If so?

Then it was Harry had known that deep down within him there was a heart. He wanted to return to America. Daisy had hinted at a position which her father wanted him to fill at home. And of course, if he answered her letter it could only mean one thing.

Almond Blossom was watching him as he replied. Harry thought he did not understand, but she understood very well. She understood how to read his face. She loved him. In her just gone on loving him in her submissive way.

The day before the ship came in—no use telling her before, and Harry dreaded scenes—he quietly said that their association must come to an end. She had always known that it was to be temporary. He was going to send her back to her father with rich gifts. She would be one of the richest girls in the village.

Almond Blossom had listened to him quietly, and bowed in her quiet way. Not a flicker of distrust showed itself on her face.

"You're a good girl to take it like that," said Harry, patting her shoulder. "Some girls would have made an awful fuss, but you'll be well looked after, believe me. And then you'll have the chance of picking up a rich husband."

He was to meet Daisy and her father when the boat came in, and they were going straight on to Hongkong, and thence back to America. On the last morning Harry gazed quietly out of the house while Almond Blossom was sleeping. He could not bear to say goodbye to her.

Yet he did look at her face, placed in sleep, and a curious feeling choked him. But he thrust that weakness aside. After all, these Orientals did not feel as Americans and Europeans did.

So he turned his back upon the little house and all its memories, and soon he was at the wharf.

"Harry!"

"Don't look, dear! Just a suicide, I expect. They kill themselves for trifles, these natives."

"How terrible!" said Daisy, shuddering. "I shall feel more comfortable when our boat has sailed. What do they kill themselves for?"

"Love!"

"Love? No, they don't know what it means—in our sense of the word."

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Read Tribune Want Ads.

GIVES LIFE
FOR HER CHILDLehr Woman Saves Baby.
While Her Burns Prove
Fatal

A year and one month old baby for whom Mrs. John Lehr of Lehr gave her life still lives in the Bismarck hospital, and probably will recover.

Mrs. Lehr died at Lehr from accidental burns. She was visiting a floor in her home and placed the can of varnish on a stove and was in the act of lighting it when she slipped and spilled a few drops on the hot stove, which ignited and caused the contents of the can to explode, covering her and her young child with the burning liquid. She managed to carry the child outside, but she died three hours later, in great pain.

The baby was brought here for treatment and is getting along nicely. Mrs. Lehr was 30 years of age, and leaves beside her husband, one child, and the injured 13 months old baby.

Edith Loved
Abd-El-Rahman

By CLARA DELAFIELD

When he went to live at Mrs. Meyers' he looked so ordinary that the widow had not the least objection to letting him have a room. Ordinary—like ordinary people. But physically he was a superb specimen of a man—broad in the chest, with an eagle nose and dark, flashing eyes. He was engaged, he told the widow, in studying economics, or something like that.

He went in on an early train every day, and came back at night. He was some sort of a foreigner, Mrs. Meyers knew, but he was a very nice young man. Edith Meyers thought so, too.

It was not for two weeks that it was discovered that he was an Afghan, sent over to study something or other for the benefit of his native country.

An Afghan! But nobody had ever seen an Afghan before. Who were the Afghans? Mrs. Meyers looked it up in Everybody's Encyclopedia, and was horrified. Why, they were the most treacherous, bloodthirsty race of Asiatics. They were always cutting your throat and plundering you. An Afghan in her house!

Mrs. Meyers went to give him notice, and she smiled in giving a warning. She didn't want to do it. She muttered some apology and withdrew in something like despair.

That wasn't the worst by any means. The next day Edith confessed with tears that she was engaged to marry Abd-El-Rahman.

The widow screamed with dismay. Her daughter to marry an Afghan? Why, he'd murder her in her sleep or take her back to his own country and sell her as a slave!

Edith was calmly obdurate. She loved Abd-El-Rahman. She didn't see why she couldn't marry him if he wanted her.

There was a terrible scandal in the little community. Will Rogers, Edith's former beau, started for the house with the object of giving Abd-el a horsewhipping, but met him at the gate and changed his mind, and gave him a cigarette instead. A month later, Edith and Abd-el were quietly married by a justice of the peace. They couldn't marry in church because Abd-el was a heathen or something.

Abd-el had furnished a little house not far away from Edith's old home, and the young couple appeared to be supremely happy. But still the gossip dogged them.

"Anyone except an Afghan!" wailed Mrs. Meyers. "Sooner or later that savage nature will break out and he'll run through the streets with a poisoned dagger, killing man, woman and child. I've read all about it in the encyclopedia. One day, you mark my words, Edith will come to her senses, if she isn't murdered in her sleep first."

But the devotion of the young couple to each other continued marked. The only thing that troubled Edith was her husband's economic investigations.

Why did they have to take him into town so punctually every morning? Suspicion gradually awakened. To cut it short, one morning Edith followed her husband into the city on the morning train.

But suppose we let Mrs. Meyers tell the rest of the story. Picture her, retelling it to the family and the neighbors in her parlor, with waving of hands and spasmodic sobbing:

"And the poor child comes to me bathed in tears. And what do you think happened? Why, Edith followed him, and he went to one of those horrid little streets by the Bowery, and it turns out he's got a second-hand clothes shop there, and when he came in he was standing with a vest in one hand and a pair of trousers in the other, and he turned white as a sheet."

"He confessed to her there and then that he never saw a ghazistan in his life. He's a Polish Hebrew, who started out to be smart, and he won her love under false pretenses. Edith says she wouldn't have minded who or what he was, not even the second-hand clothes shop, if only he hadn't deceived her. The poor girl's been living in hopes for months past some day and some night he'll come back and looking like a murderer and a hero, and what is he? Just that. And all of us so proud of her being married to an Afghan."

(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

NEW SCARF
A smart new scarf from Paris has cuffs on the end through which the wearer may slip her hands.

Broody hens will come back to production more quickly if well fed and handled.

Over 5,000 co-operatives deal with grain, dairy products and livestock.

INSURANCE ON
CROPS STARTS
HERE TUESDAYState Hail Insurance on Spring
Grains Becomes Effective
on June 10th

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

State hail insurance generally will become effective in North Dakota tomorrow under the law, which gives protection to fall and winter grain after June 1 but other grains on and after June 10. The insurance extends until grain is cut, or until September 15 of any year.

Tillable land in the state has been listed for insurance under the law which provides it shall be the duty of every assessor "at the time of listing property for assessment to return the number of tillable acres in every tract, parcel or subdivision of land, subject to taxation, together with the name of the person in whose name the land is taxed, and also the number of acres of such land, if any, in crop, or to be sowed or planted to crop during such year."

It is provided also in the act that "any assessor shall neglect to list such land or shall list it improperly, any such owner or tenant or their agents may list such land with the County Auditor prior to June 10th of any year by making affidavit as above provided." The assessor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in failing to list lands but the hail insurance department shall be liable for loss only on lands listed as provided in this act," the law says. There have been several instances in which farmers have suffered hail losses and have been unable to collect because their lands, unaware to them, had not been listed.

Regarding withdrawals the act provides that "any owner of land liable for the indemnity tax herein provided for, may at the time prior to the 15th day of June in each year withdraw any portion or all land owned by such person from the list of said indemnity tax, by making an affidavit in duplicate, giving the legal description of the land, the number of acres withdrawn and stating that he desires to withdraw therefrom, and filing such affidavit in duplicate with the county auditor, and the county auditor shall, within three days, file a copy of same with the Commissioner of Insurance."

The withdrawal from hail indemnity tax may be cancelled and the insurance re-instated "any time prior to July 5th by filing an affidavit of application for such reinstatement in duplicate with the county auditor on blanks furnished by the Hail Insurance Department."

In the case of rented land "both the owner's and tenant's signatures must appear on such application for re-instatement, one or both of such signature to be acknowledged by a notary public."

Treasurer of the
King Cannot Pay
His Taxes

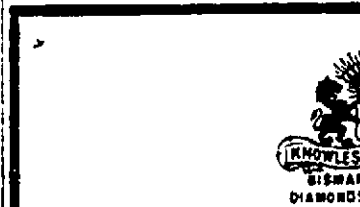
London, June 9.—Sir Frederick Ponsonby, Treasurer of the King and Keeper of the Privy Purse, has written in reply to a tax summons that his expenses and taxes are so great that he cannot meet the demand for several months.

The king's treasurer resides in Surrey and was summoned for water rate taxes amounting to \$75 and poor rates amounting to \$220. No one appeared at the court for Sir Frederick and the case was adjourned.

The assistant overseas told the court that he had written to Sir Frederick at St. James Palace five times and had had only one reply in which an extension of time until next June was asked. Sir Frederick frankly explaining his position.

As the king's treasurer, Sir Frederick holds one of the most

Cook by Electricity.
It is Cheaper.

SEND YOUR REPAIR
WORK

to a firm that has the facilities for turning out high class work. We employ no apprentices or men who do not fully understand the repairing of fine watches and jewelry, and a small Swiss wrist watch is as easy for us to repair as any of the larger sizes, your jewelry repairs look like new when we return them to you, and both watches and jewelry repairs are ready for you in from three to six days after they are left with us.

OLD JEWELRY RECONSTRUCTED

Each piece receives our careful and individual attention, and we endeavor to make the most profitable use of your old jewels and metal, let us make you some designs giving you an idea as to the appearance of your jewelry when made in up-to-date patterns.

F. A. KNOWLES
Jeweler - Bismarck.

The House of "Lucky Wedding Ring"

FINE STATUE
TO BE BUILT
TO DE MORES

Dickinson, N. D., June 9.—Duc L. de Vallambrosa, son of Marquis De Mores, arrived at Medora last week to make arrangements for the erection of a magnificent statue of his father to be erected at that place during the next year. The statue which will be erected on a concrete base and seven foot marble pedestal, will overlook the chateau from the center of the little village, named after his wife and which for three years was the scene of his packing plant operations. The site chosen is in the public square near the Roosevelt monument.

Contract for the construction of the cement base, 16 feet square, was let this week to P. E. Zimmerman, Dickinson contractor. Mr. Zimmerman spent a day at Medora going over plans with the Duc. It is expected that the statue will be placed and unveiled early next spring.

The Duc, who was a captain in the French army during the World war, spent much of that period with the American forces as instructor. He speaks English fluently and is much interested in western North Dakota and its progress. He is now in this country looking after extensive interests of the De Mores estate.

KILLDEER SEES
MANY COMING
FOR ROUNDUP

Killdeer, N. D., June 9.—All the corrals, crowding pens and chutes for the Roundup are practically done at the Killdeer mountains, and work is commencing on the arena which will be done within the next ten days. This will complete the arrangements for the Roundup features. The Roundup is July 3, 4 and 5.

Every corral, and there are eight of them, is fifty feet square and there is a ten foot alley. The arena will be 90 rods around making it the largest in the west. Every pole is cut out here and nailed up green making it safe against the wildest plunges of the cattle horses ever wrangled in the badlands.

One of the most remarkable features of the Roundup celebration is the great grass covered butte which rises broadside from the foot of the arena in a gentle slope upwards for 400 feet. It extends in length over 1,060 feet. From every point of this natural amphitheatre the entire arena is visible. Thousands of people can rest on its upward slope and on the very top there is flat room for at least 600 cars. There is no question but that 8,000 people can witness the entire rodeo performance from this massive formation.

MAYFIELD GETS
SENATE SEAT

Washington, June 9.—The senate committee investigating the election contest against Senator Mayfield, Democrat, Texas, upheld his right to a seat in the senate.

The evidence presented by his Republican opponent, George E. B. Peddy, was held to be insufficient to support charges that excessive campaign funds had been spent in his behalf by the Ku Klux Klan or any other organization or individual, in 1922.

RUNNER GETS 18 MONTHS

Grand Forks, N. D., June 9.—Charles Goldsmith, pleading guilty in district court here to transporting intoxicating liquor, was sentenced to serve 18 months in the state penitentiary. Goldsmith had previously served a sentence in the Grand Forks jail on a similar charge.

W. H. Day was given 10 months in jail for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Cook by Electricity.
It is Cheaper.



Fashions of the hour favor simplicity in footwear; but it is a simplicity which only the skilled designer and the superior craftsman can achieve. Grace of line, fineness of fabric, and artistry in the blending of colors need little ornamentation—perhaps a slender strap or two, or a pretty cut-out pattern.

The above model we're showing in Black.
Satin and Banana Kid.

Richmond's Bootery

reasonable price. J. E. Chesak, 12 1/2 miles S. E. of Bismarck, N. Dak. 6-9-1w

FOR SALE—My grocery store on 305 7th Street. Will take \$1,000 cash or invoice. Grocery and fixtures, the best ice cream and pop stand in Bismarck. Cheap rent. 6-9-3t

LOST—Auto tire carrier, license tag No. 24,505 and rear lamp. Finder please phone 288-J, or leave at Tribune office. Reward. 6-9-3t

Interested in Show
Much interest is being shown in the forthcoming showing of "Lightning," the play made famous by Frank Bacon, at the Auditorium on July 16. Several mail orders for seats have been received.

Too Late to Classify
FOR RENT—5 room house at 401 Front. Inquire 219 10th St. 6-9-3t

FOR RENT—2 large nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping on first floor. Bath adjoining. Mrs. A. Rohrer, 620, 6th St. 6-9-3t.

FOR RENT—A furnished flat, heat, water and lights included, cheap if taken at once. Phone 827-M. 6-9-1t

FOR TRADE—Late model Dodge touring car for young cattle, also would like to buy young cattle at

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MARKET NEWS

RAINS LOWER WHEAT PRICE

Market Eases Off After the Opening Today

Chicago, June 9.—Beneficial rains in the spring wheat territory, both north and south of the Canadian line, led to lower prices today for wheat. Houses with northwestern connections were the principal sellers. On the declines better buying power developed and the set-backs in price kept within fractional bounds. The opening, which varied from unchanged figures to one-half cent lower, with July 1.04 1/4 to 3/4 and September 1.05 1/4 to 3/4 cents, was followed by a drop all around to well above Saturday's finish.

Subsequently the market was sustained by expectation that the government crop report this afternoon would prove bullish. The close was steady at 3/4 cents to 3/8 cents net decline, July 1.04 1/4, and September 1.04 1/4 to 1.05 1/4.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN
Minneapolis, June 9.—Wheat receipts 278 cars compared with 307 cars a year ago. Cash No. 1 northern 1.10 1/4 to 1.11 1/4; No. 1 dark northern spring choice to fancy 1.12 1/4 to 1.13 1/4; good to choice 1.17 1/4 to 1.18 1/4; ordinary to good 1.12 1/4 to 1.13 1/4; July 1.10 1/4 to 1.11 1/4; December 1.13 1/4. Corn No. 3 yellow 73 1/4 to 74 cents. Oats No. 3 white 46 1/4 to 47 cents. Barley 57 to 58 cents. Rye No. 2 64 1/4 to 65 cents. Flax No. 1 2.38 to 2.42.

SO. ST. PAUL
So. St. Paul, June 9.—Cattle receipts 2,600. Heavy, mostly steady. One load heavy steers bid \$9.50. Best yearlings early around \$9.25. Bulk steers and yearlings \$7.00 to \$9.25. Fat steers largely \$4.00 to \$6.50. Best heifers early \$8.50. Canners and cutters mostly \$2.50 to \$3.25. Bologna bulls firm, bulk \$4.25 to \$4.35. Best \$5.00. Very few early sales of stockers and feeders. Calves receipts 1,700. Mostly steady to weak. Bulk better grades \$6.50 to \$7.50. \$7.50 to \$8.00. Steers \$4.00 to \$4.50. Hog receipts 17,000. Very slow. Mostly 10 to 15 cents lower than Saturday. Bulk desirable 150 to around 275 pound \$6.75. Few sorted butchers to shippers \$6.85. Packing shows mostly \$6.00. Bulk feeder pigs \$5.75. Sheep receipts 1,000. Fat lambs steady. Sheep steady to 50 cents lower. Spring lambs \$14.00 to \$15.00. Light and handyweight fat ewes mostly \$5.00. Heavies \$5.00 to \$5.50.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR
Minneapolis, June 9.—Flour unchanged. In carload lots unchanged, \$5.50 to \$6.30 a barrel in 48-pound cotton sacks. Shipments 35,554 barrels. Bran \$17.00 to \$18.00.

CHICAGO PRODUCE
Chicago, June 9.—Poultry alive, higher. Fowls 22 to 24 cents. Broilers 30 to 38 cents. Roosters 14 cents. Eggs higher. Receipts 4,000 cases. Firsts 24 1/2 cents; ordinary firsts 22 1/2 cents; storage pack extras 26 1/4; firsts 26 cents.

Butter unchanged. Receipts 23,282 tubs. Creamery extras 39 1/2 cents. Standards 39 1/2 cents; extra firsts 38 to 42 cents; firsts 36 to 37 1/2 cents; seconds 33 to 35 1/2 cents; cheese unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK
Chicago, June 9.—Hog receipts 54,000. Desirable grades fully steady. Spots strong. Others very slow. Big packers bidding 10 to 15 cents lower.

BISMARCK GRAIN
(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)
Bismarck, June 9, 1924.
No. 1 dark northern spring 1.07
No. 1 northern spring 1.03
No. 1 amber durum90
No. 1 mixed durum82
No. 1 red durum76
No. 1 flax 2.12
No. 2 flax 2.07
No. 1 rye49
We quote but do not handle the following:
Oats36
Barley54
Soybeans, per cwt.80
Shell Corn. White & Yellow Mixed
No. 2, 55 lb. or more55
No. 3, 55 lb.55
No. 453
1 cent per pound discount under 55 lb. Ear corn 5 cents under shell.

REQUEST FOR BIDS FOR FURNISHING MOTOR VEHICLE TAGS FROM 1925 REGISTRATION IN NORTH DAKOTA BIDS CLOSE JULY 1.
Bismarck, N. D.
Notice is hereby given that proposals for furnishing to the State of North Dakota one hundred twenty thousand pairs of automobile tags and seven hundred pairs of motorcycle tags, with such additional tags and duplicates as may be needed during the year 1925, will be received at the office of the State Highway Commission at the Capitol in the City of Bismarck, North Dakota, until 2 o'clock p. m. on the first day of July, 1924. Specifications concerning the tags and contract may be had by applying to the State Highway Commission, Bismarck, N. D.

JOHN P. TUCKER, Registrar.
This notice first appeared June 5.

Feeding for egg production should begin 48 hours after the chicks are hatched.

There are 81,000,000 acres of land east of the Mississippi fit only for tree growth.

Population in the United States has been growing faster than the number of live stock for the last 30 years.

DISCUSSION OF RELIGION HELD NOW GREATEST

Rev. Kimmel, Preaching Baccalaureate Sermon, Says Men Want to Know

SERMON TO NURSES

There is more general interest in religion at this time than ever before, Dr. G. B. Kimmel, president of the Evangelical Theological Seminary of Naperville, Illinois, told a congregation and 20 graduates of the Bismarck Hospital Nurses Training School, at the baccalaureate services in the City Auditorium last night.

"The apathy is in the church, not outside," said Rev. Kimmel. "There never has been a time when newspapers, magazines, men on trains and other public places discussed religion so much as today."

Declaring that "we are living in a scientific, critical age when men are asking 'why' and want to know the truth about the Christian religion," he said that "it is up to the church and the ministers and the people in the church to reveal God to this age." He said that "we must help all to see that the God of the scientist is the God of Jesus" and he declared that "this old world will never be brought back to normalcy until the Christian religion brings it back."

Rev. Kimmel, in his sermon, said that there were three outstanding characteristics or missions of Christ on earth. Christ, he said, was sent to the world by the Father to reveal the Father as a kind and forgiving creator. Jesus came to earth, he said, to show all mankind the kind of a life God wants men to live and the third and supreme mission of Jesus, he said, "was to teach remission of sins and he went all the way to Calvary to do it."

A large congregation was at the Auditorium for the exercises. Rev. C. F. Strutz presided. The program included prelude by Miss Happle, songs by the nurses' chorus and invocation by Rev. L. R. Johnson. The 20 graduate nurses were on the stage.

The annual commencement exercises are to be held tonight at the Auditorium at 8 p. m. The program follows:

Selections Wagner's Orchestra
Song: "Coronation" Rev. Dr. Johnson
Invocation Rev. Dr. Johnson
Solo Mrs. V. J. Laitone
Address Judge W. L. Nussle
Solo Mrs. Schoelkopf
Address Rev. G. B. Kimmel, D. D.
Presentation of Diplomas Dunn Quinn, M. D., President
Training School Committee
Song: "America the Beautiful" Audience
Benediction Rev. C. F. Strutz
Reception in the Nurses' Home

JOHN SCHWARTZ, LONG RESIDENT HERE, IS DEAD

John Schwartz, aged 64, a pioneer resident of Bismarck, died at his home, 502 Twelfth street south, Sunday morning at 5 a. m. of heart trouble. Mr. Schwartz leaves a wife, one daughter, Mary, and one son, Philip. Funeral services will be held tomorrow morning from St. Mary's Catholic church at 8:30 a. m.

STOCK SHOW IS PLANNED

Linton, N. D., June 9.—An enthusiastic meeting of the Emmons County Breeders' association was held in the Legion rooms at which time the date of the fifth annual stock show was set for Wednesday, June 18th, 1924, and it is hoped to make it the biggest show ever held. The breeders decided to hold the show only one day this year, as they were of the opinion that people would be better satisfied to make one glorious day of the affair than to string it out for two days.

Swimming Pool Being Built

Killdeer, N. D., June 9.—Joe Zankl and Anton Wetsch have made the rounds of the city soliciting subscriptions for the swimming pool on the creek just south of town. Work was started on the swimming pool Tuesday morning. It will be 300 feet long and fifty feet wide with a gravel bottom. On one end of the pool will be twelve feet deep for those who like to dive, and the average depth will be eight feet.

COAL RATE SAME

"It appears there is some misunderstanding in regard to what rates are in effect on Lignite coal," says E. M. Hendricks, rate traffic expert. "The rates have not been increased. The old rates are still in effect. The increases proposed by the railroads have been postponed until August 1, 1924. If you have paid the proposed increased rates you should file a claim for refund, and if it is not paid promptly the matter should be called to the attention of this Commission."

A New Cleaner.
"Mary," said the mistress, "just go and see if the pudding is cooked. Stick a knife in it, and see if it comes out clean."

A few minutes later Mary returned. "It comes out wonderful, mum," she declared.—Pathfinder.

Sheep dip in a 2 per cent solution is a good disinfectant for the incubator before storing it away.

Last year, farm co-operatives in this country handled more than \$2,000,000,000 worth of products.

Less than 3 per cent of the immigrants into this country in the last half of 1923 were farmers.

LOWDEN FAILS TO STOP SOME OF SUPPORTERS

(Continued from page 1)
ated, but they already subject to a great deal of discussion and maneuvering. The Ku Klux Klan question also persists in much of the preliminary discussion on the side. One of the principle platform planks is expected to find its source in the proposed constitutional amendment to give equal rights before the law to men and women.

A platform of American industry also is being pushed by a delegation representing the business interests and the American Protective Tariff League has advanced a plank for indorsement of the present tariff law and planks favoring a full treaty strength of the Navy and against a reduction in the size of the Army also are ready for proposal.

WON'T REVIEW WALTON CASE

Washington, June 9.—Impeachment of Governor John C. Walton of Oklahoma by the legislature of that state, is not subject to review by the courts, it was held today by the supreme court.

What Does Love Mean?

By JOHN PALMER

"What is it, Harry? Daisy clung to her fiancé's arm nervously as they saw the native crowd surrounding something that had just been taken out of the river.

"Don't look, dear. Just a suicide, I expect. They kill themselves for trifles, these natives."

"How terrible," said the little bride-to-be, shuddering. "I shall feel more comfortable when our boat has sailed."

Harry Beamish had been employed in the country for three years. He had left a girl behind him in America. The day of their marriage had seemed impossibly remote, and, in the end, he had done as nearly all his friends did—had taken a temporary bride from the village.

Almond Blossom! How faithful she had been! He had grown really fond of her. And he had come to be thankful that there had been no children. That might have proved a tie, a bar. In the back of his mind there was always the dream of some day going home—to Daisy.

The understanding between them had practically lapsed. And there had been an epistolary quarrel. Daisy had ceased to write. And Harry had settled down with Almond Blossom. It was a most respectable ménage. All his friends envied him. They had even come to him when he had thought of taking Almond Blossom to the clergyman. But, after all, why tie himself, and why anticipate the future?

The years went by. Three years. A letter came from Daisy. Her father was bringing her on his business trip—he had substantial interests in the country and had got Harry his job. And—did he care for her the same? If so?

Then it was Harry had known that deep down within him there had always been the same tug at his heart. He wanted to return to America. Daisy had hinted at a position which her father wanted him to fill at home. And of course, if he answered her letter it could only mean one thing.

Almond Blossom was watching him. He replied. Harry thought she did not understand, but she understood very well. She understood how to read his face. She loved him. She had just gone on loving him in her submissive way.

The day before the ship came in—no use telling her before, and Harry dreaded scenes—he quietly said that their association must come to an end. She had always known that it was to be temporary. He was going to send her back to her father with rich gifts. She would be one of the richest girls in the village.

Almond Blossom had listened to him quietly, and bowed in distress showed herself on her face. "You're a good girl to look it like that," said Harry, patting her shoulder. "Some girls would have made an awful fuss, but you'll be well looked after, believe me. And then you'll have the chance of picking up a rich husband."

He was to meet Daisy and her father when the boat came in, and they were going straight on to Hongkong, and thence back to America. On the last morning Harry stole quietly out of the house while Almond Blossom was sleeping. He could not bear to say goodbye to her.

Yet he did look at her face, placed in sleep, and a curious feeling choked him. But he thrust that weakness aside. After all, these Orientals did not feel as Americans and Europeans did.

So he turned his back upon the little house and all its memories, and soon he was at the wharf.

"Harry!"

"Daisy!"

"How picturesque this canal scene is!" said Daisy. "I wish I had my camera with me. Oh, look! What is that, Harry?"

"Don't look, dear! Just a suicide, I expect. They kill themselves for trifles, these natives."

"How terrible!" said Daisy, shuddering. "I shall feel more comfortable when our boat has sailed. What do they kill themselves for? For love?"

"Love? No, they don't know what it means—in our sense of the word."

(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

Read Tribune Want Ads.

GIVES LIFE FOR HER CHILD

Lehr Woman Saves Baby, While Her Burns Prove Fatal

A year and one month old baby for whom Mrs. John Lust of Lehr gave her life still lives in the Bismarck hospital, and probably will recover.

Mrs. Lust died at Lehr from accidental burns. She was varnishing a floor in her home and placed the can of varnish on a stove and was in the act of adding some turpentine or oil. She spilled a few drops on the hot stove, which ignited and caused the contents of the can to explode, covering her and her young child with the burning liquid. She managed to carry the child outside, but she died three hours later, in great pain.

The baby was brought here for treatment and is getting along nicely. Mrs. Lust was 30 years of age, and leaves beside her husband, one child and the injured 13 months old baby.

Edith Loved Abd-El-Rahman

By CLARA DELAFIELD

When he went to live at Mrs. Meyers' he looked so ordinary that the widow had not the least objection to letting him have a room. Ordinary—like ordinary people. But physically he was a superb specimen of a man—broad in the chest, with an eagle nose and dark, flashing eyes. He was engaged, he told Edith, in studying economics, or something like that.

He went in on an early train every day, and came back at night. He was some sort of a foreigner, Mrs. Meyers knew, but he was a very nice young man. Edith Meyers thought so, too.

It was not for two weeks that it was discovered that he was an Afghan, sent over to study something or other for the benefit of his native country.

An Afghan! But nobody had ever seen an Afghan before. Who were the Afghans? Mrs. Meyers looked it up in the Encyclopedia, and was horrified. Why, they were the most treacherous, bloodthirsty race of Asiatics. They were always cutting your throat and plundering you. An Afghan in her house!

Mrs. Meyers went to give him notice, and he smiled in such a charming way that she hadn't the heart to do it. She muttered some apology and withdrew in something like despair.

It wasn't the worst by any means. The next day Edith confessed with tears that she was engaged to marry Abd-el-Rahman.

The widow screamed with dismay. Her daughter to marry an Afghan? Why, he'd murder her in her sleep or take her back to his own country and sell her as a slave!

Edith was calmly obdurate. She loved Abd-el-Rahman, and she didn't see why she couldn't marry him if he wanted her.

There was a terrible scandal in the little community. Will Rogers, Edith's friend, started for the house with the object of giving Abd-el a horsewhipping, but met him at the gate and changed his mind, and gave him a cigarette instead. A month later, Edith and Abd-el were quietly married by a justice of the peace. They couldn't marry in church because Abd-el was a heathen or something.

Abd-el had furnished a little house not far away from Edith's old home, and the young couple appeared to be supremely happy. But still the gossip wagged them.

"Anyone except an Afghan!" wailed Mrs. Meyers. "Sooner or later that savage nature will break out and he'll run through the streets with a poisoned dagger, killing man, woman and child. I've read all about it in the encyclopedia. One day, you mark my words, Edith will come to her senses, if she isn't murdered in her sleep first."

But the devotion of the young couple to each other continued marked. The only thing that troubled Edith was her husband's economic investigations.

Why did they have to take him into town so punctually every morning? Suspicion gradually awakened. To cut it short, one morning Edith followed her husband into the city on the morning train.

But suppose we let Mrs. Meyers tell the rest of the story. Picture her, retelling it to the family and the neighbors in her parlor, with waving of hands and spasmodic sobbing:

"And the poor child comes to me bathed in tears. And what'd you think happened? Why, Edith followed him, and he went to one of those horrid little streets by the Bowery, and it turns out he's got a second-hand clothes shop there, and when she came in he was standing with a vest in one hand and a pair of trousers in the other, and he turned white as a sheet."

"He confessed to her there and then that he never saw Afghanistan in his life. He's a Polish Hebrew, who started out to be smart, and he won her love under false pretenses. Edith says she wouldn't have minded who or what he was, not even the second-hand clothes shop, if only he hadn't deceived her. The poor girl's been living in hopes for months past of some day seeing him in a terrible rage, and looking murderous and heroic, and what he's got? Just this! And all of us so proud of her being married to an Afghan!"

(© 1924, Western Newspaper Union.)

INSURANCE ON CROPS STARTS HERE TUESDAY

State Hail Insurance on Spring Grains Becomes Effective on June 10th

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE

State hail insurance generally will become effective in North Dakota tomorrow under the law, which gives protection to fall and winter grain after June 1 but other grains on and after June 10. The insurance extends until grain is cut, or until September 15 of any year.

Tillable land in the state has been listed for insurance under the law which provides it shall be the duty of every assessor "at the time of listing property for assessment to return the number of tillable acres in every tract, parcel or subdivision of land, subject to taxation, together with the name of the person in whose name the land is taxed, and also the number of acres of such land, if any, in crop, or to be sowed or planted to crop during such year."

It is provided also in the act that "if any assessor shall neglect to list such land or shall list it improperly, any such owner or tenant or their agents may list such land with the county auditor prior to June 10th of any year by making affidavit as above provided." The assessor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in failing to list lands but the "hail insurance department shall be liable for loss only on lands listed as provided in this act," the law says. There have been several instances in which farmers have suffered losses and have been unable to collect because their lands, unaware to them, had not been listed.

Regarding withdrawals the act provides that "any owner of land liable for the indemnity tax herein provided for, may at the time prior to the 15th day of June in each year withdraw any portion or all land owned by such person from the levy of said indemnity tax upon making an affidavit in duplicate, giving the legal description of the land, the number of acres withdrawn and stating that he desires to withdraw therefrom, and filing such affidavit in duplicate with the county auditor, and the county auditor shall, within three days, file a copy of same with the Commissioner of Insurance."

The withdrawal from hail indemnity tax may be cancelled and the insurance reinstated "any time prior to July 5th by filing an affidavit of application for such reinstatement in duplicate with the county auditor on blanks furnished by the Hail Insurance Department."

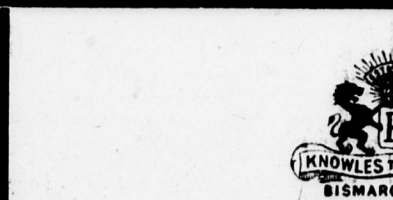
Treasurer of the King Cannot Pay His Taxes

London, June 9.—Sir Frederick Ponsonby, Treasurer of the King and Keeper of the Privy Purse, has written in reply to a tax summons that his expenses and taxes are so great that he cannot meet the demand for several months.

The king's treasurer resides in Surrey and was summoned for water rate taxes amounting to \$75 and poor rates amounting to \$220. No one appeared at the court for Sir Frederick and the case was adjourned.

The assistant overseer told the court that he had written to Sir Frederick at St. James Palace five times and had had only one reply in which an extension of time until next June was asked. Sir Frederick frankly explaining his position.

As the king's treasurer, Sir Frederick holds one of the most



SEND YOUR REPAIR WORK

to a firm that has the facilities for turning out high class work. We employ no apprentices or men who do not fully understand the repairing of fine watches and jewelry, and a small Swiss wrist watch is as easy for us to repair as any of the larger sizes, your jewelry repairs look like new when we return them to you, and both watches and jewelry repairs are ready for you in from three to six days after they are left with us.

OLD JEWELRY RECONSTRUCTED

Each piece receives our careful and individual attention, and we endeavor to make the most profitable use of your old jewels and metal, let us make you some designs giving you an idea as to the appearance of your jewelry when made in up-to-date patterns.

F. A. KNOWLES
Jeweler - Bismarck.
The House of "Lucky Wedding Rings"

FINE STATUE TO BE BUILT TO DE MORES

Dickinson, N. D., June 9.—Due L. de Vallambrosa, son of Marquis De Mores, arrived at Medora last week to make arrangements for the erection of a magnificent statue of his father to be erected at that place during the next year. The statue which will be erected on a concrete base and seven foot marble pedestal, will overlook the chateau from the center of the little village, named after his wife and which for three years was the scene of his packing plant operations. The site chosen is in the public square near the Roosevelt monument.

Contract for the construction of the cement base, 16 feet square, was let this week to P. E. Zimmerman. Dickinson contractor, Mr. Zimmerman spent a day at Medora going over plans with the Duc. It is expected that the statue will be placed and unveiled early next spring.

The Duc, who was a captain in the French army during the World War, spent much of that period with the American forces as instructor. He speaks English fluently and is much interested in western North Dakota and its progress. He is now in this country looking after extensive interests of the De Mores estate.

KILLDEER SEES MANY COMING FOR ROUNDUP

Killdeer, N. D., June 9.—All the corals, crowding pens and chutes for the Roundup are practically done at the Killdeer mountains, and work is commencing on the arena which will be done within the next ten days. This will complete the arrangements for the Roundup features. The Roundup is July 3, 4 and 5.

Every corral, and there are eight of them, is fifty feet square and there is a ten foot alley. The arena will be 90 rods around making it the largest in the west. Every pole is cut out here and nailed up green making it safe against the wildest plunges of the cattiest horses ever wrangled in the badlands.

One of the most remarkable features of the Roundup celebration is the great grass covered butte which rises broadside from the foot of the arena in a gentle slope upwards for 400 feet. It extends in length over 1,050 feet. From every point of this natural amphitheatre the entire arena is visible. Thousands of people can rest on its upward slope and on the very top there is flat room for at least 500 cars. There is no question but that 8,000 people can witness the entire rodeo performance from this massive formation.

MAYFIELD GETS SENATE SEAT

Washington, June 9.—The senate committee investigating the election contest against Senator Mayfield, Democrat, Texas, upheld his right to a seat in the senate.

The evidence presented by his Republican opponent, George E. B. Peddy, was held to be insufficient to support charges that excessive campaign funds had been spent in his behalf by the Ku Klux Klan or any other organization or individual, in 1922.

RUNNER GETS 18 MONTHS
Grand Forks, N. D., June 9.—Charles Goldsmith, pleading guilty in district court here to transporting intoxicating liquor, was sentenced to serve 18 months in the state penitentiary. Goldsmith had previously served a sentence in the Grand Forks jail on a similar charge.

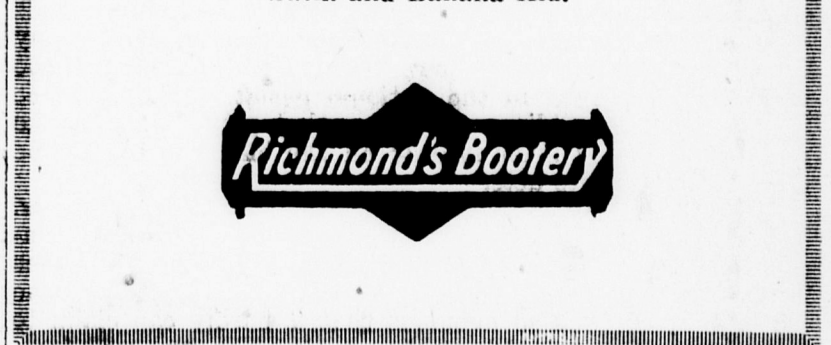
W. H. Day was given 10 months in jail for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Cook by Electricity.
It is Cheaper.



Fashions of the hour favor simplicity in footwear; but it is a simplicity which only the skilled designer and the superior craftsman can achieve. Grace of line, fineness of fabric, and artistry in the blending of colors need little ornamentation—perhaps a slender strap or two, or a pretty cut-out pattern.

The above model we're showing in Black.
Satin and Banana Kid.



Uses Barbed Wire and Saves Self From Death

Ft. Yates, N. D., June 9.—Leslie Henderson, 18-year-old son of L. S. Henderson of Cannon Ball, is certainly a quick-witted and plucky youth. Bitten in the leg by a rattlesnake Saturday afternoon while repairing fences, he immediately made himself a crude but effective tourniquet by twisting barbed wire around his leg, cutting out the spot around the bite with his jackknife. He was later taken to Sock for medical treatment, and at last report was recovering rapidly.

Too Late To Classify

FOR RENT—5 room house at 401 Front. Inquire 219 10th St. 6-9-24

FOR RENT—2 large nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping on first floor. Bath adjoining. Mrs. A. Rohrer, 620, 6th St. 6-9-24

FOR RENT—A furnished flat, heat, water and lights included, cheap if taken at once. Phone 837-M. 6-9-24

FOR TRADE—Late model Dodge touring car for young cattle, also would like to buy young cattle at

Eltinge

Matinee Every Day At 2:30
TONIGHT
MONDAY and TUESDAY



CAPITOL
THEATRE
TONIGHT and Tuesday
"THE SON OF WALLINGFORD"
by George Randolph Chester

A masterpiece of film production and the greatest achievement in the literary careers of its internationally famous authors. A story of human interest, love, adventure.

Coming Wednesday
Virginia Valli
—in—
"A Lady of Quality"

WEBB BROTHERS
Undertakers Embalmers
Funeral Directors
Licensed Embalmer in Charge.
Day Phone 246
Night Phone 246-887

PERRY UNDERTAKING PARLORS
Licensed Embalmer in Charge.
Day Phone 100
Night Phone 100 or 484R.

BETTY COMPSON
AND
RICHARD DIX
IN
"THE STRANGER"
PATHE NEWS
—AND—
A NEW THRILL
A REAL SENSATION
PLASTIGRAMS
The figures "come off the screen" and approach you so realistically you try to dodge them.

CALIFORNIA DETERMINED FOR SCHOOLS

Votes Huge Bond Issue Despite the Fact That Business Has Slumped

By GEORGE D. MANN

Los Angeles, Cal., June 4. Despite the fact that a business slump has cut the "business speed" of this city where real estate values have been coming and optimism never thought the bottom would be reached, the voters yesterday bonded the city for more than \$1 million to build new schools. California believes that expenditure in school expenditures should come first when the economy "slumps" sweeps over the land.

The vote on the school bonds was practically unanimous in the face of the fact that many voters are out of work, real estate values have slumped and business is running more or less along this beautiful coast of sunshine in low and intermediate.

But Los Angeles, with a growth quite phenomenal in the American cities, found itself confronted with this situation:

Twenty thousand children out of school half the day.

School attendance doubled in the last four years.

Thirty thousand increase in daily attendance this year.

Classes now held in halls, cloakrooms, basements, store-buildings, churches, and tents.

The slogan of the election was "A full day's schooling for every child."

The bond money is to be used for land, buildings and equipment only. Building sites they figure will double in cost soon so "we must buy now" has been the motive of the recent election.

Elation over the successful bond issue was celebrated this noon at the city club at which the writer was present. Dr. Devine of the federal oil commission was the speaker of the day and in a most eloquent address told of the community value of education.

He declared that the chief aim of education should be to eliminate poverty through increasing efficiency, promote public welfare by education along health and human welfare lines. While North Dakota seeks to curtail expenses by striking at education California and especially Los Angeles feels that good schools are one of the best assets in the competitive race for new settlers and more business.

Learned Astronomy by Making Own Telescopes

How a group of mechanics, living in Springfield, Vt., learned the science of astronomy by making their own telescopes at home, is related in popular Astronomy by Russell W. Porter. Several of these mechanics had their own small workshops, located usually in the cellars of their homes.

"Interest did not stop with the completion of the telescopes," says Mr. Porter. "The telescope makers found an old station on Hawks mountain, just outside of the township, occupied years ago in the government triangulation of New England. They topped on the mountain, built a substantial tower and signal over the station."

"On another occasion they spent the night on the summit of Mount Ephraim, the highest point in the township. This gathering, I believe, is unique in the annals of astronomy."

"Throughout the night, from the appearance of the first star until dawn, these men were exploring the heavens. It proved to be good seeing notwithstanding a stiff wind. The light from a roaring campfire revealed a circle of animated faces listening intently to some celestial fact just brought out at the eye-piece of one of the instruments."

How Natives of Papua Prepare Heads of Foes

In a recent issue of Man, Mr. E. B. Riley gives an account of the method of preparing the heads of enemies practiced at the village of Dorro in Papua. After the dead and brains are removed a piece of rattan cane is fixed to the bottom of the mummified skull to take the place of the lower jaw and to act as a support for the packing of the neck. It was difficult to ascertain why the lower jaw is not replaced. The explanation seems to be that they prefer to hang this up in the house and keep it as a mark of token of the owner's prowess in war, after the mummified head has decayed, but the lower jaw is sometimes replaced, being tied to the xyphoid, as with the rattan cane. Finally, the head is dried, being fixed on a wooden framework over a fire lighted for that purpose, and the hair is pulled out as decomposition of the skin advances.

Red Light Traps Insects

A means for combating the winged pests of tropical regions has been evolved, by means of which the flying bugs are lured into a deadly bath of acid and either drowned or asphyxiated by the fumes.

It was found that red light served as an almost irresistible lure for the night-flyer or lantern fly, a red globe is placed near the vessel containing the acid solution. As the pests fly to the light the fumes destroy them even though they may not actually fall into the bath.

To protect human beings from possible accidental contact with the acid bath, the light is placed in a wire-meshed bottle, to which is attached a funnel with a very broad flared "cone." The light is suspended directly over the funnel, and the insects are attracted by the acid bath. The light is so placed that the acid bath is not visible to the insects.

Here is what a tornado, sweeping over Mississippi and other southern states, did in one small town. It tore up practically all the business district in Summit, Miss. The main street was covered with debris from store buildings.

Millions of Pounds of Explosives Carried without Accident

One of the nation's most serious transportation problems studied from all angles and is being solved.

Safeguarding the Public

Great progress has been achieved by the Railroads and explosives manufacturers, under the rules of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in the interests of public safety, in the transportation of explosives.

The Bureau of Explosives, organized to work for safe transportation carries on an intensive co-operative effort to secure results.

336,000,000 pounds of explosives have been transported in one year without a fatality.

By COL. B. W. DUNN, Bureau of Explosives, New York City

THE average citizen knows that explosives are dangerous and that fatal accidents have occurred even when these substances were handled or used in the manufacture or use of explosives. He notes the results with regret but does not feel that personal interest which he would have if an explosion occurred during transportation by rail. He realizes that all of us use the railroads and must assume the risk of being one of the victims of such an accident.

In 1907, the first year in our statistical record, seventy-nine accidents occurred in the transportation of explosives over the railroads of the United States and Canada. Fifty-two people were killed, eighty were injured and the property loss was about half a million dollars. For the six year period (1917-1922) the corresponding averages have been ten accidents, one killed, seven injured and \$60,000 property loss. In 1922 no one was killed, only one was injured and the property loss was only \$75.

Under normal conditions about 5,000 cars bearing the explosive placards are moving or standing on the railroads of the United States and Canada all the time. During war conditions in 1918 this total was about 55,000. Assuming the total railroad mileage as 300,000 this means one explosive car for each 60 miles in peace and for each 6 miles in war. Each passenger on a railroad is carried frequently within ten feet of the center of a freight car containing 40,000 or more pounds of explosives. He is vitally interested to learn what has been done to secure his safety.

During the year 1907 the manufacturers of explosives and the Bureau of Explosives, organized by the American Railway Association, started an intensive co-operative effort to secure safety in the transportation of explosives over the railroads of the United States and Canada. Regulations governing manufacture, packing, loading into cars and handling while in transit, were prepared. The two countries were divided into districts and in each a trained inspector was located to promote enforcement of the rules which were adopted and promulgated by the railroad companies.

Experience soon indicated that a legal basis was necessary to uniform enforcement of the rules. A car loaded with explosives is liable to pass over many roads and be handled by many train crews. An explosion can be caused by any one of many possible defects that may remain concealed.

In seeking this legal basis in 1908 the explosive and transportation industries blazed a new trail. Our legislative production plants are overloaded and their equipment for legislation on technical subjects is defective. As a rule they must create and rough-



Great care is taken in packing explosives for shipment. The photograph to the left shows how wooden wedges are placed between boxes of dynamite in freight cars to keep them from slipping.

To the right is shown placard placed on cars carrying explosives. Rules for handling are complete.

machine raw material when they should be required only to inspect and give final touches to a finished product. Instead of a variety of machines for different operations, they have practically only one type—the mind of a conscientious legislator without technical knowledge or experience.

Appreciating these facts our committee, representing the two industries, brought a finished product to the federal legislature which resulted in the Act of May, 1908, now coded as Section 232 to 236 of the Act of March 4, 1921.

This act gives the Interstate Commerce Commission power to prescribe rules for the safe transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles and prescribe penalties for violations of such rules. So far the only effect was to transfer the work of drafting rules from one overloaded plant to another. The Interstate Commerce Commission adopted the wise policy of transferring most of the work to the explosive and transportation industries, to the men best qualified by training and experience to frame technical rules of this kind and representing the industries most interested in uniform enforcement.

As a rule the regulations, as submitted by the Bureau of Explosives, after conference with shipper and promulgated without change. This unusual but desirable method of securing technical legislation by experts not elected to legislative office, whose work is effectively and authoritatively checked and supervised, represents a new development even in a democratic country.

Safety is expensive. A new rule always means new restrictions and additional expenditures of labor and capital. An increase in the thickness of lumber in the dynamite box has cost the manufacturer hundreds of thousands of dollars annually for the past 14 years, amounting to millions of dollars in the aggregate.

The annual cost of the Bureau of Explosives maintained by the railroads to promote uniform enforcement of federal rules prescribed under a federal law, costs about \$250,000 annually. The manufacturers of explosives

are associate members of this bureau and contribute about \$6,500 annually to its maintenance.

Instead of the usual war between shippers and carriers when money is involved, here is a remarkable case of a self-imposed tax to perform, in the interest of the traveling public, a function that is in reality governmental. Since limitation prevents mention in this article of the many details of safety precautions and changes in old shipping methods enforced by the rules. Our illustrations show the outside appearance of a car carrying explosives and inside view of the carefully packed and loaded contents. The 12x14 rectangular placard on each side and end advertises the hazard

HERO OF ARCTIC AIR MISHAP "CHECKS IN"

Major Frank LaMartin, whose adventures in northland mountain fastnesses, after his round-the-world airplane had been wrecked, is shown returning to Washington to report to General Mason Patrick, of the Army Air Service (in center). He is being greeted by General Pershing.

Major Frank LaMartin, whose adventures in northland mountain fastnesses, after his round-the-world airplane had been wrecked, is shown returning to Washington to report to General Mason Patrick, of the Army Air Service (in center). He is being greeted by General Pershing.

COMPLETES FIRST YEAR IN HIGH SCHOOL AT TEN

Bowbells, N. D., June 9.—Julius Steffen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Steffen, of near Bowbells, has completed his first year of high school work at the age of 10.

The boy entered high school in this city last fall from a rural school and took up the regular college preparatory work in which he made these grades: Latin 80, Algebra 81, English 74 and History 77.

He has had no particular difficulty with any of his subjects which he studies with the high school students but he finds his recreation with the children of his own age, which would tend to show that he is a normal lad of 10 years who has made good use of his opportunities, declares J. Wilson Akers, superintendent of the Bowbells schools.

Julius has attended school regularly during the past year and lost only one week when he was sick. He expects to return next fall and continue his studies.

EXPLOSIVES HANDLE CAREFULLY KEEP FIRE AWAY

CONDENSED RULES FOR HANDLING THIS CAR

1. This car must not be placed in a passenger train.
2. Carry containing explosives must be kept in a freight car and must be loaded and unloaded in a freight car.
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and prescribes the careful handling necessary. It states as follows:

1 This car must not be placed in a passenger train, nor in a mixed train if avoidable.

2 Cars containing explosives must be near center of train and may be together if desired; must be at least 15 cars from engine and 10 cars from caboose when length of train will permit.

3 This car must not be placed next to cars bearing "Inflammable" or "Acid" placards; nor cars containing lighted heaters, stoves or lanterns; nor next to tank cars, or wooden-frame flat or gondola cars; nor next to carloads of pipe, lumber, poles, iron, steel or similar articles liable to break through end of placarded car from rough handling.

4 The air and hand brakes on this car must be in service.

5 In shifting have a car between this car and engine whenever possible, and do not cut this car off while in motion.

6 Avoid all shocks to this car and couple carefully.

7 Avoid placing it near a possible source of fire.

8 Engines on parallel track must not be allowed to stand opposite or near this car when it can be avoided.

9 This placard must be removed from car when the explosives are unloaded.

The car certificate attached to each side door states over the signature of representative of the originating carrier and the shipper, that the specially selected and prepared car meets all of the requirements and that the explosives in it were properly packed and loaded.

The personal responsibility imposed by these signatures is an important feature of the rules.

Property losses of the carriers have been decreased materially, but the cost exceeds the economy. Safety of life is the primary object. As a sentinel on guard protects his command, the explosive and transportation industries are protecting the traveling public.

EX-SHERIFF ANDERSON GIVES TANLAC CREDIT

Man Who Held Public Office Over 27 Years Says Medicine Restored His Health And Strength 5 Years Ago And Has Helped Him Keep Well.

"I said a lot in praise of Tanlac some six years ago, but not half enough, in view of what it did for me," is the high tribute paid the famous medicine, a few days ago, by Hon. Archie R. Anderson, ex-sheriff of Harris county, Texas, who resides at 1505 Austin St., Houston.

Mr. Anderson is unquestionably one of the best known and most popular men that ever held public office in the "Lone Star" state. After serving as deputy sheriff of Harris county for 12 years, Mr. Anderson was elected chief of police of the City of Houston. He had occupied this office for a short time when the sheriff of Harris county died and Mr. Anderson was then appointed by the Commissioner's Court to serve out the unexpired term of sheriff. He was honored with re-election as sheriff seven different times and served the people in this important office 15 consecutive years.

"Before taking Tanlac I was all run-down and had no appetite. I had the worst form of indigestion and could not eat fried foods or meats at all. I suffered all the time from gas on the stomach which frequently caused severe pains. I also suffered with the worst sort of neuralgia pains and nothing seemed to help me only in a temporary way, until I took Tanlac."

"Then I read the statement of a Georgia sheriff, who had been relieved of troubles like mine. I just felt like I couldn't go wrong by taking Tanlac, and it has done even more for me than I expected. I felt better after the first bottle and the complete treatment of six bottles made a new and different man of me. I never felt better in my life than I did after taking Tanlac. And although five years have passed since Tanlac straightened me out, my health has continued good and my stomach as good as a dollar to this good day. I am glad to endorse Tanlac because it does the work and does it well."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 40 Million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills, for constipation and recommended by the manufacturers of TANLAC.

Minot To Build Golf Clubhouse

Minot, N. D., June 9.—Construction of a club house on the local golf grounds for the convenience of the steadily increasing membership, will be started within a few days, it was announced today by R. E. Barron, president of the Minot Golf club. Stanley Colburn is chairman of the building committee.

The building will be about 200 feet with a screened porch and will have accommodations for both men and women members of the club. It will be located on a slight elevation south of the first tee.

The membership of the local club is now over the 100 mark, more than double that of last year and club officials state that they expect to close the drive for new members soon, as the present number of members is about all that can be conveniently handled.

Mineral is part of the ration essential to dog development.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Especially Prepared for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 80 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it. The kind you have always bought bears signature of

Now showing at the ELTINGE Theatre

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

THE CONGRESSIONAL SESSION
The session of Congress just ended is a serious disappointment in many respects to the country at large. Congress handed the country a half loaf in many of its legislative acts where the country expected and deserved a full loaf. The bickerings of the last half-day's session, where personal interest apparently led to the defeat of such important measures as the deficiency bill, the naval appropriation measure and the provision for carrying out the soldiers' bonus act, were not such as to inspire laudatory remarks from constituents.

This Congress was not a Republican Congress. During much of the session no party had a majority. It was the most definite break-down of clear party rule and party responsibility that the country has seen. The session stands as a shining example of what hodge-podge legislation may be expected if the voters permit party responsibility to be divided and shirked in the national legislative body. Since it was not a Republican Congress, that party cannot take pride from it nor must it bear all the blame that may be directed against its acts.

Blue legislation succeeded chiefly in blocking enactments. The farm blue failed to present a program of farm legislation sufficient to command the confidence of representatives in Congress from all sections of the country, indeed, the blue's program was so nebulous that it hardly can claim to have fulfilled its avowed mission at all. The proposed farm relief measures chiefly were economic quackery. It is regretful that some beneficial legislation was not accomplished, and it is reasonable to believe that had President Coolidge commanded a clear Republican majority in Congress there would be farm legislation on the statute books today.

The Congress gave tax reduction, but not tax reform, as the President so informed members in signing the tax reduction bill. It is to be hoped that a more comprehensive taxation policy may be evolved in the next session; one on which the country may rely as settled for a period of years, to give relief to the taxpayer and at the same time to relieve business of uncertainty.

International relations generally were little considered, with the exception of the immigration bill which bids fair to embroil the country into relations that are unpleasant and severe. The World Court proposals got scant attention, but there is hope that the next Congress, if Republican, will definitely commit the nation to adherence to the international tribunal.

All conceived legislation brought many vetoes. It is doubtful if President Coolidge would have vetoed the postal pay increase bill or some other measures had they been carefully presented and provision made for raising the funds necessary for their execution. Clearly the executive could not permit the Congress to appropriate money while at the same time failing to make provision for it. If there is any class of government employees who deserved the consideration of the Congress it is the postal service, and the failure of the measure to increase their pay is unfortunate.

Railroad legislation was scarcely touched, although the first days of Congress were largely devoted to the Senate fight over the chairmanship of the Interstate Commerce Committee.

The outstanding personality of the session was President Coolidge. The silent man from Massachusetts gave the people of the nation a clear insight into his attitude in public office, on which they may base their verdict of him next fall. The President believed that the paramount need of the nation in its readjustment period was economy, lessened taxation, recognition of economic fundamentals and constructive legislation.

UNFIT
Uncle Sam is fighting to stop the packing of salmon which have been held so long out of water that they are unsalable in a fresh fish market. Fifty-eight batches seized and condemned. This is done under the national pure food act, which is as sensible a piece of legislation as we've had in our history.

You learn something about business ethics when it takes the government, backed by all the power of the courts, to prevent rotten fish being sold to the public in tin cans by a few unscrupulous cannerymen. But don't be afraid to eat canned salmon. On the average, it's safer and purer to eat than so-called "fresh fish" in city markets. When gone bad, it can usually be detected by odor and unnatural color. Most cannerymen pack fresh.

POORHOUSE
A luxurious poorhouse for down-and-out rich men is opened in New York. It's described as rivaling a first-class hotel in comforts and beauty. Built and maintained by a fund of five million dollars, left by Andrew Freedman, capitalist and baseball magnate who died in 1915.

Back of it all is the principle that if you've never had big money you don't know what you're missing. How about rich men's home for the old age of people who have always rubbed elbows with poverty? Still better, change the system so there wouldn't be any need for poorhouses. Poverty is inexcusable in the midst of our tremendous national wealth and prosperity.

RADIOED
Sending photographs long distances by radio is not going to be as easy to do as to talk about. Interference and fading have to be mastered first. They'll be mastered, all right. This is, however, one scientific wonder that you'll find in general use within 10 or 20 years. The entire science of radio is in its infancy. One of these days, no batteries for long distance receiving sets. Sounds impossible, but it's already done by crystal sets, 30 miles radius. If 30, why not 8000?

Ireland is asking the United States to trade with her, perhaps intending paying us in policemen.

Editorial Review

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

THE JAPANESE PROTEST

The protest of the Japanese government against the passage of the Japanese exclusion section of the immigration bill is entirely friendly and respectful in tone, but it is difficult to see how it can accomplish anything.

There is no denial that the question of immigration is purely a domestic one, nor has there been any denial of this by Americans who have objected to the action of Congress.

The affair has been badly bungled all around. The Japanese ambassador was unfortunate in his choice of words. Secretary Hughes, knowing the Senate as he does, should not have transmitted the document to the Senate without having sought to have the language modified, and Senator Lodge, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, was not called on to take the attitude or to put the country and Senate in the attitude of "taking a dare," especially as it was perfectly clear that no dare had been intended.

Certain it is that the "grave consequences" of which the ambassador spoke have followed, as the Senate should have known they would. It might have been taken for granted that there were demagogues, jingoists and yellow journals in Japan, for we know that there are many of them in this country.

They have not gone further than their brethren in America would have gone under similar conditions—have not indeed gone further than these gentry calling themselves Americans have many times gone. It is always this class in all countries that is first heard from and most violently.

Even now in Japan there are many people and powerful influences that are working for continued good will between the two nations. It certainly is the duty of our people and their government to co-operate with them in every way possible.

It is a time for "measured speech and ordered action." The protest itself will be dealt with by our State Department, which will, while yielding no right, labor to pair as far as may be the evil that has been wrought.

The situation is deplorable, all the more so since there is no reason why it should have arisen. Everything that our government sought might have been had without in any way disturbing the relations between the two peoples.

It should be remembered, to the credit of Japan, that she has always manifested a feeling of the utmost friendliness to this country, and ever been prompt to meet our wishes. On the contrary, we in America have for years been caused with a noisy contingent of Japan-baiters, who by their very warnings against the probability of war with Japan have done their best to provoke it—have almost seemed to wish it and to be determined to have it.

Others there are who have seen this nation wholly controlled by the yellow race as the result of the "invasion" of America by 50 Japanese a year.

Let it be fully admitted that we have the sole right to say who shall and shall not enter the country and to determine who shall be admitted to naturalization. But let it also be said that a great nation ought never to act the part of boor, or needlessly offend other nations—even though they are inhabited by yellow people.—Indianapolis News.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

BY OLIVE ROBERTS BARTON

Nancy and Nick, my dears, were Twins.

One night when the Twins were asleep, a fairy climbed up the vine to their window-sill.

He did a little dance and he did a little prance and then he turned a somersault. Then he blew out his candles until they looked like apples and whistled.

Nancy and Nick woke up like a shot and sat up in bed and rubbed their eyes.

"Did you hear something?" whispered Nancy.

"Yes, did you?" asked Nick. "Then suddenly he began to laugh, and Nancy, looking where he looked, began to laugh, too. And they laughed and laughed and laughed, both of them. And if you had been there, you'd have laughed too."

For the little fairyman was making the funniest faces at them and jumping around like a clown.

Finally he gave a spring and landed right on the bedspread where Nick's knees made a mountain.

"Hello!" he cried. "Are you wide awake enough to listen to what I'm going to tell you?"

"Yes," laughed Nancy, "I feel as though I never, never could be sleepy again."

"Or me either," said Nick. "Who are you?"

"I'm Johnny Jump Up," answered the funny little creature. "I'm Johnny Jump Up, the Garden Fairy. The Fairy Queen sent me."

"What did you come for?" asked Nick.

"To get you and you," said Johnny Jump Up, pointing to Nick and then to Nancy.

"All right, we'll go right away," cried Nick throwing the covers back and jumping out of bed.

"Hold on!" said the fairy. "You can't go that way. You're too big and you're not dressed or anything."

"Well it won't take long to put our clothes on," said Nancy. "And as for being big, I guess we've been in the garden lots of times just as big as we are now."

"But not where I'm going to take you," said Johnny Jump Up mysteriously. "But don't worry! That's

What Is More Rare Than a June Day Without Speeches?



FABLES ON HEALTH

BE CAREFUL OF SWEETS

Good, substantial food served—and yet the children just nibble at it. And it isn't the children alone. Elders are in the same frame of appetite. Inquiry results in discovery that a feast of candy preceded the dinner hour by a short time. In how many families does this situation arise? Probably no food is more abused than sweets. Sweets have a definite value, but when they are allowed to dull the edge of appetite, or are eaten out of all proper relation to other foods, there is a definite danger. Children are particularly apt to satisfy hunger with sweets, though their adolescent sisters are just as likely to be incautious. The body cannot grow properly unless foods are eaten that supply all the bodily needs. Sweets contain no minerals, no vitamins, no protein—none of these elements so necessary for growing children. The best place for sweets is in dessert foods served at the end of a meal—in custards, fruit dishes and in similar dishes. Parents should do everything possible to cultivate in children the same desire for fruits that they have for sweets.

EGOISM LEOPOLD'S DOWNFALL

In Murder He Sought Outlet For It, Says Former Governess

By A. H. Frederick
NEA Service Writer
Martinez, Calif., June 9.—"He never sought the spectacular, but his suppressed egoism had to find an outlet—had to prove to himself that he was above the average."

"Doubtless he sought this proof in murder, attempting to be the author of the most insoluble murder of the century."

"It was Nathan's destiny not to be the average—to be either great as a good man, or as a bad man. He has fulfilled his destiny."

Such are the views of Mrs. Pauline Van Den Bosch, former nurse-companion of Nathan Leopold, Chicago millionaire's son, who has confessed his part in the kidnapping and murder of Robert Franks.

Lacked Real Childhood
Mrs. Van Den Bosch paints a picture of a pathetic little outcast, surrounded by every luxury money could buy, but lacking a true childhood.

"In Nathan's boyhood," she explains, "the child fathered the man. His egoism might have been directed into most wholesome channels, but it was neglected and misdirected. That is why Nathan is in the shadow of the gallows today."

"He was a lad of strong personality—one requiring the most careful development along proper channels."

Nathan was committed to Mrs. Van Den Bosch's care when he was 12. She remembers him as a little undersized fellow, with piercing black eyes and bushy unmanageable hair.

"His temper would flare up into a very volcano of abuse for those who displeased him in the slightest way," she says. "He had an uncanny ability to say cutting things—things intended to wound and which did wound."

"Marooned"

"Often I have seen him reduce his mother to a flood of tears. But even

OUT FROM THE ICE PRISON

By Albert Apple

Up north in the tourist country of Ontario, Canada, the ice has "gone out" on the deep lakes. The chill of winter haunts the air at night. But summer is approaching and nature is wakening from her long sleep under a white blanket of snow.

Picture the scene: The salmon trout, normally a deep-water fish, is now lazily swimming on the surface where the water is 40 degrees. As the lakes get warmer, the salmon will go deeper, always living in the same temperature. If the summer is hot, by August the Indians will be trolling 200 feet deep to catch Namaycush, the deep-water trout.

A mysterious Intelligence guides all this. In a few weeks the small-mouth black bass of the North Country will begin spawning. May is nature's favorite mating time. But why does the salmon trout spawn late in the fall? And how does it know when fall arrives? How does the bass distinguish May from April or June? If we decide that it's all run by a clockwork system, then we're forced to admit the same of ourselves.

A mysterious Supreme Intelligence guides all this. Birds are flying north again. How did they find their way south, and how back north? Scientists say birds usually return to their old mating places, to nest nearby. Like people, they love home. Do they talk to each other, pass on to succeeding generations the wisdom of fleeing from the cold and that warmth lies southward instead of north? Instinct? Possibly. Also a Supreme Intelligence is back of it all.

The summer season is short up north. Nevertheless, plant life matures and reproduces in the few warm months available. How do trees, ferns, flowers and shrubs grow twice as fast up yonder where the summer is short? Nature adapts every living thing to fit its environment. The system is so marvelous that only a fool or a man mentally blind can believe it is automatic. Supreme Intelligence!

The air is fragrant with the sweet scent of growing things. Music of birds, sighing trees, lapping waves. It all blends into the song of life—the joy of living. And back of it all is the mystery of Supreme Intelligence.

You do not have to go north for contact with all this. The same laws and processes work in the woods near home. Take the children there for a stroll. Show them the natural life—the joy and harmony that exists where man's foolish greed has not brought misery and gradual self-destruction. Real civilization—spiritual harmony—is not in the ugly, reeking, discordant cities.

The Tangle

LETTER FROM WALTER BURKE TO RUTH ELLINGTON

MY DARLING:

At last I can say these words to you—words that have been singing in my heart for all the years since I have known you—my darling. Now I have the right to call you that, and you have the right to listen to it, for you are free—free from that scoundrel who made you so unhappy.

I'm coming to claim you, dear. You knew that I would do that. I knew you had gotten your divorce? You knew that I would be only happy when I could hold you in my arms and look into your eyes and hear you tell me that you loved me.

Dear one, you have never told me this. In fact, as I write this letter, I grow a little cold for fear that you do not really love me. Oh, Ruth, I want you to love me, for I know all that your love would mean to the man to whom you gave it. No other woman in all the world would give so generously or have so much to give.

Do you know, dear, that I've only one great regret, and that is that in the years of my life before I knew you I made a semblance of love to many women; and now that I have found the Real Woman, now that I know that you are the one woman who can fill my life, I find a dearth in the English language to tell you of my great love for you.

It seems to me that I have rather

sullied the words of love by using them unthinkingly to other women. I wish that there were other words more caressing, more sincere, more full of heartfelt devotion to use for you alone.

Oh, Ruth, a man makes such a mistake in frittering away his emotions to those other women, whom he knows absolutely will only forsake him for a time. He should save that love that he has made a by-word as does a woman save her devotion, her trust, her faith, her loyalty for the man to whom she at last gives herself entirely.

You will trust me, will you not, dear, for I need perfect faith and perfect trust to keep me faithful and trustworthy.

There are men who believe that jealousy and doubt are always a part of a great love, but I am not that kind. The woman who loves me must believe in me entirely, for I know that I will come as nearly as I can to living up to her ideals, good or bad.

Ruth darling, as I write this, I see you coming toward me. I reach out my arms to you, across the miles of space. I feel your soft body within these arms, crushing itself close, close to mine. I see your eyes opening to let me see the love that lies within them. I am dreaming of the greatest joy I have ever known.

Ruth, do not disappoint me. I could not bear it. I want you, the one I am coming to get you and take you and keep you mine—mine, for ever and ever. WALTER. (Copyright, 1924, NEA Service, Inc.)

SINGS IN U. S.



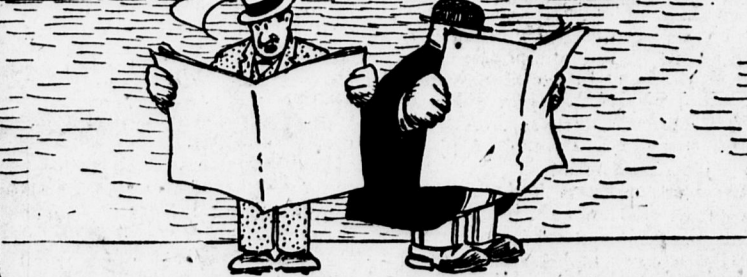
Lydia Maltzeva, who sang her way out of a Bolshevik prison, has arrived in the United States to fill operatic engagements. During the Russian revolution she was imprisoned by the soviet. She was later released on representation that her voice was too beautiful to keep pent up. The Zimna Opera Company of Moscow has granted her a year's leave of absence.

Read Tribune Want Ads.

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO

THIS BIRD THEY ARRESTED FOR MURDER STOUTLY DENIES HIS GUILT! CAN'T TELL HE DIDN'T DO IT! THEY'VE GOT THE PROPER GUY, ALL RIGHT, AND I WANT TO SEE THEM BUMP HIM OFF!



IF YOU HAVE SUCH POSITIVE EVIDENCE OF THIS MAN'S GUILT WHY DON'T YOU SUBMIT IT TO THE PROPER AUTHORITIES?

I DIDN'T SAY I HAD ANY EVIDENCE.



Social and Personal

Name Delegates To O. E. S. Meeting

The Grand Chapter of North Dakota, Order of Eastern Star, has issued invitations for the thirtieth annual session which will convene at the Masonic Temple at Fargo, Thursday morning, June 19, at 10 o'clock. Those who will go as delegates from this chapter are, Mrs. W. J. Torgart, Mrs. H. L. Schuch, worthy patron, Mrs. C. Johnson, worthy matron, and Mrs. F. A. Lehr, Past Grand Matron. On Wednesday, June 18th, there will be a Secretaries luncheon, followed by a business meeting. At 3 o'clock the Grand Officers will hold rehearsal. At 4 o'clock the Past Grand Matrons and Past Grand Patrons will hold a meeting. At 6 o'clock the Jurisprudence Committee will meet. At 8 o'clock the Past Grand Officers, Grand Officers and Grand Patrons will hold a banquet and at 9:30 o'clock there will be an informal reception held for Grand Chapter members and visitors.

The Thursday morning session, June 19th, will be opened by an organ number by Mrs. F. D. Henderson and a vocal solo by Mrs. G. H. Olson. The opening ceremonies will consist of a reception and welcome. The addresses will be given by Grand Matron, Mrs. Harold Floyhar and Grand Patron, Mr. Charles H. Starke. The afternoon session will be opened by an organ number by Miss Clara Pollock and vocal solos by Mrs. Ernest R. Wright. There will be receptions for members of various organizations with reports of the Grand Secretary, Grand Treasurer and Standing Committees. The Memorial Service will be conducted by Grand Chaplain, Mrs. Jean McNaughton-Sorenson.

The Thursday evening session will be opened by Mrs. F. D. Henderson at the organ and vocal duet by Mrs. J. C. Boynton and Mrs. E. D. Askegaard. The program consists of the opening chapter and unusual twenty minutes, initiatory service, reading and closing chapter.

Friday morning will be taken up with reports of special and standing committees and election of officers. The afternoon session will be opened by musical numbers followed by the installation of officers. The standing committee will be appointed, after which there will be presentation of jewels and closing ceremonies.

Reduced rates have been secured on the identification plan and these may be secured by applying to Mrs. Torgart, the local secretary. This reduced rate amounts to about one-half, and should afford an opportunity for a large delegation from this section.

Bismarck Cloak Shop Has Opening

The grand opening of the Bismarck Cloak Shop was a huge success and was attended by large crowds. Live models displayed the garments, wraps and millinery very effectively. A five-piece orchestra furnished music during the evening. There was such a large crowd that it was necessary to let but a part of the crowd in at one time. There were several showings during the evening, the opening lasting until 9:30. Novel souvenirs, such as powder boxes and pin trays made from beautiful wood of 1,250 people attended the opening. No merchandise was offered for sale at the opening on Friday evening.

Saturday proved a very successful day for the store in spite of the fact that it was raining. The proprietors express the opinion that Bismarck seems to be a good business city with none of the depression which seems so widespread.

RETURN TO HOMES

Captain R. B. Woolverton of Washington, D. C. and Dr. D. F. Woolverton of Vinton, Iowa, who have been house guests at the home of their sister Mrs. Ferris Cordner, have returned to their homes after attending the funeral of their mother, Mrs. C. A. Woolverton of Linton who died in the Bismarck Hospital very suddenly of complications following pneumonia. The husband of the deceased is making his home with another son, Dr. W. C. Woolverton of Linton for the present. Mrs. Woolverton was buried at Linton last Wednesday.

TO CELEBRATE 51st ANNIVERSARY

The Women's program in celebrating the 51st anniversary of the founding of the Presbyterian church will be held in the Auditorium of the Presbyterian church, Thursday afternoon, June 12, at 3 o'clock.

YEOMEN LODGE GOES

The Brotherhood of American Yeomen Lodge 605 will hold their regular meeting tomorrow evening at eight o'clock. All members are urged to be present. A general good time is anticipated.

MARRIED HERE

Frank J. B. Schloemer and Miss Emma Dife, both of Bismarck, were united in marriage Saturday at 4 o'clock at the parsonage of the Evangelical Lutheran church. They will make their home in this city.

TO ATTEND THE UNIVERSITY

Miss Rita Murphy of this city will leave tomorrow for Grand Forks where she will attend the summer session at the University.

LEAVES FOR HOME

Miss Elvina Shagen, who has been visiting with her mother, Mrs. B. Shagen, left for Valley City this morning to make her home.

TO VISIT IN CITY

Miss Katherine O'Connor, who has been teaching at Over Lodge, Montana, arrived this morning to visit with her sister, Mrs. Sadie O'Connor Dodd.

Women's Luncheon Is Announced

Mrs. J. R. Parkes, Regional Secretary of the League of Women Voters, who has been and is interviewing a number of the women of Bismarck, wishes to make this announcement: On Wednesday at 12:15, June 11, there will be a luncheon at the Grand Pacific, charge \$3.50, to which all the women of Bismarck, who are interested in the League of Women Voters are cordially invited. At this time, Mrs. Parkes will explain the purpose of the League of Women Voters. She wishes to assert that this is not the Women's Party, nor do we believe in a Woman's Party. It is unpartisan, a middle of the road policy, a slow but sure political education with no thought of aggrandizement. Women from all affiliations work together in the League of Women Voters. The entry into the Permanent Court of International Justice according to the Harding-Hughes Proposal is endorsed by the National League of Women Voters. The foreign policy issue study during this next year. Organization of a League here is anticipated as several ladies see the need and have a vision of its worth. So far about 25 ladies have expressed their willingness to be present at the luncheon and ample room will be found for all who wish to be present.

Women's Council Holds Meeting

The June meeting of the Women's Community Council was held in the Rest Room of the Masonic Temple, Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

In the absence of Mrs. Towne, the vice-president, Mrs. Keller presided. The Rest Room committee reported that the room had been thoroughly cleaned and fresh curtains hung since the last meeting. Seventy-six adults had been registered and 57 children had been cared for during May.

The Finance Committee reported a sum of \$94.80 in the treasury. Miss Teichman, school nurse, gave her year's report. Mrs. J. R. Parkes, Regional Secretary of the League of Women Voters, also addressed the women, setting forth the purpose of the organization and what it wished to accomplish.

The meeting was adjourned until September 6, at 3:30 p. m.

TO GIVE BANQUET

Tuesday evening, the Business and Professional Women's club will have a Mother and Guest banquet at 6:30 in the Rotary Room at the McKenzie Hotel. Each member and guest is to be prepared with a childhood incident. Miss Bessie Baldwin will lead the singing of childhood songs. Mrs. J. R. Parkes, Regional Secretary of the League of Women Voters, will speak to the club on the Children's Amendment. The committee on arrangements for the month of June is: Chairman, Miss Bertha Burton, Mrs. L. B. Sowles, Miss Mary Buchholz, Mrs. W. E. Butler, Miss Henricks Beach and Miss Mary Huber.

ENROUTE TO COAST

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Budge, who were married in Grand Forks the last Saturday in May at the home of Mr. Budge's parents, are now in Colorado, en route to San Francisco, where Mr. Budge is to attend the national convention of the American Association of Engineers as the North Dakota delegate, according to word received by friends. They will return about the twentieth of the month and go to Pembina, where Mr. Budge is inspector on the Pembina bridge for the State Highway Commission. Mrs. Budge was Miss Ella Wippenman.

BOY SCOUTS RETURN FROM CAMPING

The boy scouts of the Presbyterian church spent three days last week camping at Apple Creek returning Sunday morning. They were well equipped and the rain was no bugbear to them. Those who were on the camping expedition were, Robert Nuesle, Norris Plick, Donald McIntyre, Earl Ode, George Olson, and Gerald Vettel.

GO TO NEW SALEM

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Beck of this city are spending a month visiting with Mrs. Beck's mother at New Salem. From there they will go to the Twin Cities for a two month visit with relatives before leaving for Los Angeles where they intend to locate permanently.

PROGRESSIVE MOTHERS TO MEET

The Progressive Mother's Club will hold their regular meeting Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. E. Look at 207 12th Street.

SENTINEL BUTTE MAN DIES

Ole A. Hegseth of Sentinel Butte, aged 42, died in a local hospital Saturday afternoon of heart trouble. Burial will be in Sentinel Butte tomorrow or Wednesday.

TO ATTEND VALLEY CITY

Miss Gertrude Smith of this city left this morning to attend the summer term at Valley City.

LEAVES FOR OBERON

Mrs. O. C. Haskin, who has been visiting at the home of her son, C. O. Haskin, left this morning for her home at Oberon.

LEAVES FOR JAMESTOWN

Miss Lou Bolton, who has been a house guest at the home of Mrs. F.

WOMEN AT CLEVELAND CONVENTION

BY LARRY BOARDMAN

NEA Service Writer
Cleveland, June 8.—The "hand that rocks the cradle" may or may not rule the world, but it is certainly going to have a share in shaking up the impending presidential campaign.

The minute the Republican convention adjourns Republican women are all set to turn on the switch that starts their mighty political machine.

Then just watch the wheels go round! The machine is all ready now—has been, in fact, for years. It is a permanent proposition. Between campaigns it functions at slow speed—just barely turning over, so as to keep its good running order. Then when the time comes, the only thing necessary is to stop on the gas.

All the Time
Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, Republican National Committee vice chairman, might be designated as the head chauffeur. In describing the political activities of women, she says:

"Men start work at the convention—put on a whirlwind campaign and a great finish. But women never stop working. They are at it all the time. So, during a campaign, the only difference is that they work a little harder."

The Republican women's organization is a nation-wide network of clubs, societies, associations, leagues and all manner of other political units. It may be divided roughly into two groups. The first is made up of state county, district and precinct committees, co-operating with and working under the general direction of the Republican National Committee. The second group is composed of independent Republican women's organizations, functioning as individual local units.

The Plattsbury Idea

The amount of work now a machine can do cannot be overestimated. The various clubs and committees are now preparing to start a series of political "Plattsbury" campaign schools, in all sections of the country. "Red, white and blue" courses will be taught—courses giving instruction in Republican principles, in party issues, in political speaking, in presiding at meetings.

The "Plattsbury" idea was originated by Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore of New York.

Mrs. Louise M. Dodson of Des Moines conceived the idea of opening Republican women's headquarters at all state and county fairs.

Besides all this, the clubs and committees are preparing to hold thousands of Republican rallies and mass meetings. They aim to make the voter eat, sleep, dream, think and talk in Republican terms and phrases from now until the sound of the shooting has died away in November.

S. Henry, left this morning for her home at Jamestown.

TO SPEND SUMMER IN MINNESOTA

Miss Marion and Kenneth Kohler of this city left this morning to spend the summer with their grandmother in Detroit, Minn.

RETURN FROM UNIVERSITY

Paul Goddard, William Muecke and Charles W. Wiele returned from the summer, having been students at the University.

At The Movies

CAPITOL THEATRE
With all the big spectacular scenes, "The Son of Wallingford" which will be shown at the Capitol theatre tonight, is a logical, human story and does not depend upon grandeur of production for its entertainment.

There is no much real and human interest in a simple love scene between young Jimmy Wallingford and Mary Curtis as in the mammoth story of the patent and lake of burning oil for which the production has become noted.

"The Son of Wallingford" has been pronounced a truly great picture and is regarded as one of the biggest productions of the year. It sets a new standard in film achievement and efficiency in motion picture production.

THE ELTINGE

"The Stranger," produced by Joseph Henabery for Paramount from the widely read novelette, "The First and the Last," by John Galsworthy, shows at the Eltinge theatre today and Tuesday.

One of the most interesting incidents of the story is the arrest and trial for murder of an innocent man.

Betty Compton is the girl; Richard Dix the man; Lewis Stone the brother and Tully Marshall has the title role—an old man, who sacrifices himself rather than see a young couple in whom he is deeply interested suffer.

"Plattsbury" the third dimension movie, is being shown at the Eltinge this week. The picture is viewed through special glasses which are furnished at the theatre.

AT ELTINGE
"Plattsbury," the third dimension movie, is now showing at the Eltinge theatre. Carleton Miles, Minneapolis Journal critic, wrote of them:

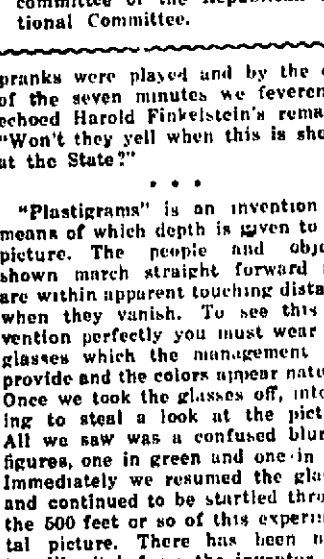
With a pair of glasses over our eyes, one lens being green and the other red, we sat in the Pinkstein and Ruben projection room yesterday and saw the first exhibition of "Plattsbury," which is termed the "three dimensional movie." In seven minutes startling things occurred in that projection room. A man moved forward with a long pole which he apparently suspended just above our heads, we dashed in a automobile straight into the back of a moving truck, we saw a skeleton take off his head and dance without it, we watched a stranger point a revolver straight at us and fire and we saw the smoke as the bullet apparently sped straight at the chair in which we sat. About a dozen other little capital.



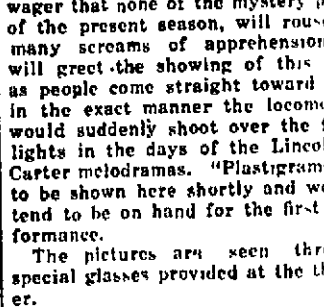
MRS. JEANETTE A. HYDE
Utah member of the executive committee of the Republican National Committee.



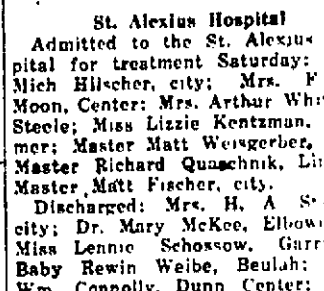
MRS. HARRIET TAYLOR UPTON
Illinois member of the executive committee of the Republican National Committee.



MRS. MEDILL McCORMICK
Illinois member of the executive committee of the Republican National Committee.



MRS. HARRIET TAYLOR UPTON
Vice chairman of the executive committee of the Republican National Committee.



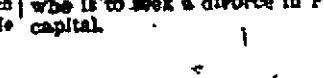
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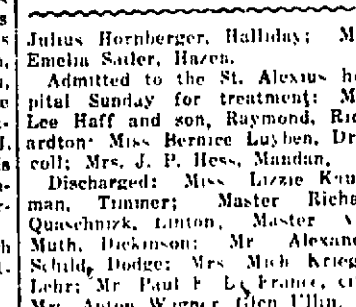
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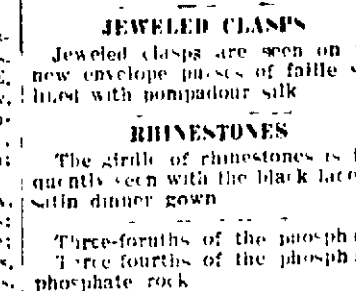
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Kiddies' Evening Story

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

Pelican and Starling

A Starling stood outside a yard at the zoo and looked at the Pelican within.

"Hello," squeaked the Starling. The Pelican, opened his mouth and said:

"There are a great many of you about, I notice."

"Oh, dear," the Starling said, "we are always hearing that. You see we come from the other side of the ocean."

"That is, our grandmothers and grandfathers did. And now people are always saying:

"'Gracious, there seem to be more starlings about all the time. They simply seem to be running the country.'"

"And we get tired of hearing that. We're here and we like it and we intend to remain."

"Of course, we do move in large family groups. We have so many



"Hello," Squeaked the Starling.

cousins and aunts and uncles and sisters and brothers.

"There are certainly plenty of us. But when the old people came over—they were young when they came over—they sent back word that it was nice here."

"And they said:

"'You'd better come, plenty of you!'"

"So we came—oh yes, we all said:

"'It sounds like a nice country. Let's see how we like it.'"

"And we made ourselves at home right away. We thought it would be a nice country in which to bring up our children and have them educated and in turn bring up children of their own and have them educated in the cities, in the country places—all over."

"It is true some people don't like us because we like fruit—nice little bits of fruit we love. And some of them don't like to share this fruit with us."

"So many of them talk about us. They say that even though our coloring is handsome and even though we're quite striking looking—especially when the sun shines down upon us and brings out the colors in our feathers—that we're full of badness."

"They say that because of the way we eat fruit."

"Yet, I think they would also say that we do a great deal of good in eating harmful insects. They wouldn't want to eat the insects and we do it for them."

"Very obliging of us," "But you do like the insects and they don't," the Pelican said with a funny grin.

"Let us have our noble feelings," said the Starling.

"Oh, all right," said the Pelican. "I don't mind if you have noble feelings."

"I've been trying to do away with that old story that has gone the rounds about us."

"They say that the mother pelican will kill her young (without meaning to, of course), by stroking him affectionately with her great beak. Then the story has it that the father pelican will come to the nest and bring the baby back to life by giving it some of his own life's blood which he gets by plucking at his breast."

"That's a grand story," said the Starling. "Isn't it true?"

"No indeed," said the Pelican. "Sometimes we get in a position which may look that way because we're cleaning ourselves so carefully and plucking away at the dust and dirt which gets into our feathers."

"But that story isn't true at all! I don't know how people can believe it!"

"Well," said the Starling, "people haven't always as good sense as they should have."

"True," said the Pelican, "very true."

SAVE MATERIAL

To have your gown and period of the same material marks you as being thoroughly up to the minute.

CHARMING COAT

A charming coat for summer evenings is of white alpaca lined with printed silk on a white background.

BIAS FOLDS

Bias folds of georgette crepe are fastened about the neck and armholes of a nightgown of pink crepe de chine that has hand-run tucks and pressed-in pleats for trimming.

ORGANDIE BANDS

Panels of apple green organdie make a most unusual trimmings for a frock of cream colored lace mounted over brown.

BLACK HAT

The black hat at the height of its popularity, but the facing of white or delicate pink is frequently noted.

DR. M. E. BOLTON

Osteopathic Physician
119 1/2 4th St. Telephone 240
Bismarck, N. D.

Practical Addition



This black rep coat lined with copper colored silk and trimmed with black brand on white is a practical addition to the June bride's wardrobe, since it may be worn for practically any occasion. The wide scarf with the braided ends makes a full picture unnecessary.

Barth Becomes Junior Partner In Shoe Store

J. C. Beck has sold his interest in Richmond's Bootery and will locate in Los Angeles after visits this summer with relatives in North Dakota and Minneapolis. L. H. Richmond announced that Joseph Barth will be junior partner in the store. Mr. Barth, who has been connected with

the store, has been a resident of Bismarck since 1912, with the exception of two years spent in the army, and has a wide acquaintance here.

Cook by Electricity. It is safer.

For Best Recipe, \$500
2nd Prize, \$250
3rd Prize, \$150
4th Prize, \$100

In addition we will pay \$5.00 each for 100 best recipes.

You no doubt have a favorite Shredded Wheat recipe—some new way of serving this cleanest, purest, most nutritious of all cereal foods. Send it in at once. Contest closes July 1st.

THE SHREDDED WHEAT COMPANY
Niagara Falls, N. Y.

When in Minneapolis its the RADISSON

Rooms \$2.50 per day and up.

Four popular priced cafes.

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

THE CONGRESSIONAL SESSION
The session of Congress just ended is a serious disappointment in many respects to the country at large. Congress handed the country a half a loaf in many of its legislative acts where the country expected and deserved a full loaf. The bickerings of the last half-day's session, where personal interest apparently led to the defeat of such important measures as the deficiency bill, the naval appropriation measure and the provision for carrying out the soldiers' bonus act, were not such as to inspire laudatory remarks from constituents.

This Congress was not a Republican Congress. During much of the session no party had a majority. It was the most definite break-down of clear party rule and party responsibility that the country has seen. The session stands as a shining example of what hodge-podge legislation may be expected if the voters permit party responsibility to be divided and shirked in the national legislative body. Since it was not a Republican Congress, that party cannot take pride from it nor must it bear all the blame that may be directed against its acts.

Blot legislation succeeded chiefly in blocking enactments. The farm bloc failed to present a program of farm legislation sufficient to command the confidence of representatives in Congress from all sections of the country, indeed, the bloc's program was so nebulous that it hardly can claim to have fulfilled its avowed mission at all. The proposed farm relief measures chiefly were economic quackery. It is regretful that some beneficial legislation was not accomplished, and it is reasonable to believe that had President Coolidge commanded a clear Republican majority in Congress there would be farm legislation on the statute books today.

The Congress gave tax reduction, but not tax reform, as the President so informed members in signing the tax reduction bill. It is to be hoped that a more comprehensive taxation policy may be evolved in the next session; one on which the country may rely as settled for a period of years, to give relief to the taxpayer and at the same time to relieve business of uncertainty.

International relations generally were little considered, with the exception of the immigration bill which bids fair to embroil the country into relations that are unpleasant and severe. The World Court proposals got scant attention, but there is hope that the next Congress, if Republican, will definitely commit the nation to adherence to the international tribunal.

All conceived legislation brought many vetoes. It is doubtful if President Coolidge would have vetoed the postal pay increase bill or some other measures had they been carefully presented and provision made for raising the funds necessary for their execution. Clearly the executive could not permit the Congress to appropriate money while at the same time failing to make provision for it. If there is any class of government employees who deserved the consideration of the Congress it is the postal service, and the failure of the measure to increase their pay is unfortunate.

Railroad legislation was scarcely touched, although the first days of Congress were largely devoted to the Senate fight over the chairmanship of the Interstate Commerce Committee.

The outstanding personality of the session was President Coolidge. The silent man from Massachusetts gave the people of the nation a clear insight into his attitude in public office, on which they may base their verdict of him next fall. The President believed that the paramount need of the nation in its readjustment period was economy, lessened taxation, recognition of economic fundamentals and constructive legislation.

UNFIT

Uncle Sam is fighting to stop the packing of salmon which have been held so long out of water that they are unsalable in a fresh fish market. Fifty-eight batches seized and condemned. This is done under the national pure food act, which is as sensible a piece of legislation as we've had in our history.

You learn something about business ethics when it takes the government, backed by all the power of the courts, to prevent rotten fish being sold to the public in tin cans by a few unscrupulous canners. But don't be afraid to eat canned salmon. On the average, it's safer and purer to eat than so-called "fresh fish" in city markets. When gone bad, it can usually be detected by odor and unnatural color. Most canners pack fresh.

POORHOUSE

A luxurious poorhouse for down-and-out rich men is opened in New York. It's described as rivaling a first-class hotel in comforts and beauty. Built and maintained by a fund of five million dollars, left by Andrew Freedman, capitalist and baseball magnate who died in 1915.

Back of it all is the principle that if you've never had big money you don't know what you're missing. How about rich men's home for the old age of people who have always rubbed elbows with poverty? Still better, change the system so there wouldn't be any need for poor-houses. Poverty is inexcusable in the midst of our tremendous national wealth and prosperity.

RADIOED

Sending photographs long distances by radio is not going to be as easy to do as to talk about. Interference and fading have to be mastered first. They'll be mastered, all right. This is, however, one scientific wonder that you'll find in general use within 10 or 20 years. The entire science of radio is in its infancy. One of these days, no batteries for long distance receiving sets. Sounds impossible, but it's already done by crystal sets, 30 miles radius. If 30, why not 8000?

Ireland is asking the United States to trade with her, perhaps intending paying us in policemen.

Editorial Review

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

THE JAPANESE PROTEST

The protest of the Japanese government against the passage of the Japanese exclusion section of the immigration bill is entirely friendly and respectful in tone, but it is difficult to see how it can accomplish anything.

There is no denial that the question of immigration is purely a domestic one, nor has there been any denial of this by Americans who have objected to the action of Congress.

The affair has been badly bungled all around. The Japanese ambassador was unfortunate in his choice of words. Secretary Hughes, knowing the Senate as he does, should not have transmitted the document to the Senate without having sought to have the language modified, and Senator Lodge, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, was not called on to take the attitude or to put the country and Senate in the attitude of "taking a dare," especially as it was perfectly clear that no dare had been intended.

Certain it is that the "grave consequences" of which the ambassador spoke have followed, as the Senate should have known they would. It might have been taken for granted that there were demagogues, jingoists and yellow journalists in Japan, for we know that there are many of them in this country.

They have not gone further than their brethren in America would have gone under similar conditions—have not indeed gone further than these gentry calling themselves Americans have many times gone. It is always this class in all countries that is first heard from—and most violently.

Even now in Japan there are many people and powerful influences that are working for continued good will between the two nations. It certainly is the duty of our people and their government to co-operate with them in every way possible.

It is a time for "measured speech and ordered action." The protest itself will be dealt with by our State Department, which will, while yielding no right, labor to repeat as often as it may be the evil has been wrought.

The situation is deplorable, all the more so since there is no reason why it should have arisen. Everything that our government sought might have been had without in any way disturbing the relations between the two peoples.

It should be remembered, to the credit of Japan, that she has already manifested a feeling of the utmost friendliness to this country, and ever been prompt to meet our wishes. On the contrary, we in America have for years been caused with a noisy continent of Japan-baiters, who by their very warnings against the probability of war with Japan have done their best to provoke it—have almost seemed to have it.

Others there are who have seen this nation wholly controlled by the yellow race as the result of the "invasion" of America by 50 Japanese a year.

Let it be fully admitted that we have the sole right to say who shall and shall not enter the country and to determine who shall be admitted to naturalization. But let it also be said that a great nation ought never to act the part of boor, or needlessly offend other nations—even though they are inhabited by yellow people.—Indianapolis News.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

BY OLIVE ROBERTS BARTON

Nancy and Nick, my dears, were Twins.

One night when the Twins were asleep, a fairy climbed up the vine to their window-sill.

He did a little dance and he did a little prance and then he turned a somersault. Then he blew out his candles until they looked like apples and whistled.

Nancy and Nick woke up like a shot and sat up in bed and rubbed their eyes.

"Did you hear something?" whispered Nancy.

"Yes, did you?" asked Nick. Then suddenly he began to laugh, and Nancy, looking where he looked, began to laugh, too. And they laughed and laughed and laughed, both of them. And if you had been there, you'd have laughed too.

For the little fairy was making the funniest faces at them and jumping around like a clown.

Finally he gave a spring and landed right on the bedspread where Nick's knees made a mountain.

"Hello!" he cried. "Are you wide awake enough to listen to what I'm going to tell you?"

"Yes," laughed Nancy. "I feel as though I never, never could be asleep again."

"Or me either," said Nick. "Who are you?"

"I'm Johnny Jump Up," answered the funny little creature. "I'm Johnny Jump Up, the Garden Fairy, the Fairy Queen sent me."

"What did you come for?" asked Nick.

"To get you and you," said Johnny Jump Up, pointing to Nick and then to Nancy.

"All right, we'll go right away," cried Nick throwing the covers back and jumping out of bed.

"Hey, there! Hold on," said the fairy. "You can't go that way. You're too big and you're not dressed or anything."

"Well, it can't take long to put on my clothes," said Nancy. "And as for being big, I guess we've been in the garden lots of times just as big as we are now."

"But not where I'm going to take you," said Johnny Jump Up mysteriously. "But don't worry! That's

What Is More Rare Than a June Day Without Speeches?



FABLES ON HEALTH

BE CAREFUL OF SWEETS

Good, substantial food served—and yet the children just nibble at it. And it isn't the children alone. Elders are in the same frame of appetite. Inquiry results in discovery that a feast of candy preceded the dinner hour by a short time. In how many families does this situation arise? Probably no food is more abused than sweets. Sweets have a definite value, but when they are allowed to dull the edge of appetite, or are eaten out of all proper relation to other foods, there is a definite danger.

Children are particularly apt to satisfy hunger with sweets, though their adolescent sisters are just as likely to be incautious. The body cannot grow properly unless foods are eaten that supply all the bodily needs. Sweets contain no minerals, no vitamins, no protein—none of these elements so necessary for growing children. The best place for sweets is in dessert dishes served at the end of a meal—in custards, fruit dishes and in similar dishes. Parents should do everything possible to cultivate in children the same desire for fruits that they have for sweets.

EGOISM LEOPOLD'S DOWNFALL

In Murder He Sought Outlet For It, Says Former Governess

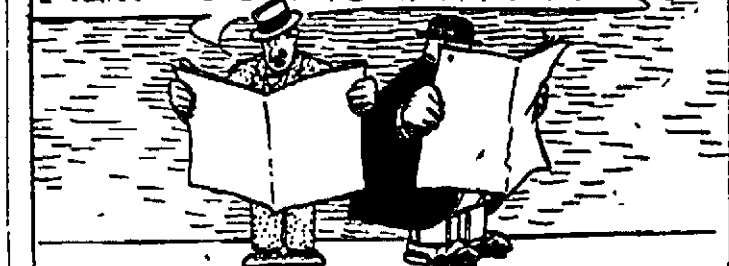
By A. H. Frederick
NEA Service Writer
Martinez, Calif., June 9.—"He never sought the spectacular, but his suppressed egoism had to find an outlet—had to prove to himself that he was above the average."

"In Nathan's boyhood," she explains, "the child fostered the man. His egoism might have been directed into most wholesome channels, but it was neglected and misdirected. That is why Nathan is in the shadow of the gallows today."

EVERETT TRUE

BY CONDO

THIS BIRD THEY ARRESTED FOR MURDER STOUTLY DENIES HIS GUILT! CAN'T TELL ME HE DIDN'T DO IT? THEY'VE GOT THE PROPER GUY, ALL RIGHT, AND I WANT TO SEE THEM BUMP HIM OFF!



IF YOU HAVE SUCH POSITIVE EVIDENCE OF THIS MAN'S GUILT WHY DON'T YOU SUBMIT IT TO THE PROPER AUTHORITIES?

I DIDN'T SAY I HAD ANY EVIDENCE.



There may be safety in numbers, but not in a number of bills.

If ignorance were bliss, everybody would be happy.

About the only way to stop a daughter from crossing her knees is to make her wear cotton stockings.

The high price of leather seems to have hit cafe straks.

Those shall not bear false witness against thy neighbor—Ninth Commandment.

Where fraud and falsehood invade society, the band presently breaks.—South.

The boilers of the trans-oceanic liner Homeric are heated by 80

OUT FROM THE ICE PRISON

By Albert Apple

Up north in the tourist country of Ontario, Canada, the ice has "gone out" on the deep lakes. The chill of winter haunts the air at night. But summer is approaching and nature is wakening from her long sleep under a white blanket of snow.

Picture the scene: The salmon trout, normally a deep-water fish, is now lazily swimming on the surface where the water is 40 degrees. As the lakes get warmer, the salmon will go deeper, always living in the same temperature. If the summer is hot, by August the Indians will be trolling 200 feet deep to catch Namaycush, the deep-water trout.

A mysterious Intelligence guides all this. In a few weeks the small-mouth black bass of the North Country will begin spawning. May is nature's favorite mating time. But why does the salmon trout spawn late in the fall? And how does it know when fall arrives? How does the bass distinguish May from April or June? If we decide that it's all run by a clockwork system, then we're forced to admit the same of ourselves.

A mysterious Supreme Intelligence guides all this. Birds are flying north again. How did they find their way south, and how back north? Scientists say birds usually return to their old mating places, to nest nearby. Like people, they love home. Do they talk to each other, pass on to succeeding generations the wisdom of fleeing from the cold and that warmth lies southward instead of north? Instinct? Possibly. Also a Supreme Intelligence is back of it all.

The summer season is short up north. Nevertheless, plant life matures and reproduces in the few warm months available. How do trees, ferns, flowers and shrubs grow twice as fast up yonder where the summer is short? Nature adapts every living thing to fit its environment. The system is so marvelous that only a fool or a man mentally blind can believe it is automatic. Supreme Intelligence!

The air is fragrant with the sweet scent of growing things. Music of birds, sighing trees, lapping waves. It all blends into the song of life—the joy of living. And back of it all is the mystery of Supreme Intelligence.

You do not have to go north for contact with all this. The same laws and processes work in the woods near home. Take the children there for a stroll. Show them the natural life—the joy and harmony that exists where man's foolish greed has not brought misery and gradual self-destruction. Real civilization—spiritual harmony—is not in the ugly, reeking, discordant cities.

The Tangle

LETTER FROM WALTER BURKE TO RUTH ELLINGTON

MY DARLING:

At last I can say these words to you—words that have been singing in my heart for all the years since I have known you—my darling. Now I have the right to call you that, and you have the right to listen to it, for you are free—free from that scoundrel who made you so unhappy.

I'm coming to claim you, dear. You know that I would do that, didn't you Ruth, the moment that I knew you had gotten your divorce? You knew that I would be only happy when I could hold you in my arms and look into your eyes and hear you tell me that you loved me.

Dear one, you have never told me this. In fact, as I write this letter, I grow a little cold for fear that you do not really love me. Oh, Ruth, I want you to love me, for I know all that your love would mean to the man to whom you gave it. No other woman in all the world would give so generously or have so much to give.

Do you know, dear, that I've only one great regret, and that is that in the years of my life before I knew you I made a semblance of love to many women, and now that I have found the Real Woman, now that I know that you are the one woman who can fill my life, I find a dearth in the English language to tell you of my great love for you. It seems to me that I have rather

suited the words of love by using them unthinkingly to other women. I wish that there were other words more caressing, more sincere, more full of heartfelt devotion to use for you alone.

Oh, Ruth, a man makes such a mistake in frittering away his emotions to those other women, whom he knows absolutely will only fascinate him for a time. He should save that love that he has made a by-word as does a woman save her devotion, her trust, her faith, her loyalty for the man to whom she at last gives herself entirely.

You will trust me, will you not, dear, for I need perfect faith and perfect trust to keep me faithful and trustworthy. There are men who believe that jealousy and doubt are always a part of a great love, but I am not that kind. The woman who loved me must believe in me entirely, for I know that I will come as nearly as I can to living up to her ideals, good or bad.

Ruth darling, as I write this, I see you coming toward me. I reach out my arms to you across the miles of space. I feel your soft body within these arms, crushing itself close, close to mine. I see your eyes opening to let me see the love that lies within them. I am dreaming of the greatest joy I have ever known.

Ruth, do not disappoint me. I could not bear it. I want you so, I am coming to get you and take you and keep you mine—mine, for ever and ever.

WALTER.

(Copyright, 1924, NEA Service, Inc.)

SINGS IN U. S.

her tears failed to move him a particle. "It was" his precociousness, his pride, that was his curse. His feebleness of physique and smallness of stature, as compared with other boys his own age, made him an unfit playfellow for them.

"And his mature mind (that of a man of 20 when he was only 12) made him unwelcome among boys younger than himself. He was marooned quite alone in the sea of his own abnormality, or rather subnormality.

"Thus he turned to books for solace, weighty books of study such as heavy tomes on psychology, and books on life.

"Many an afternoon he and I tramped the fields for a fleeting glimpse of some rare specimen. I never knew him to torture or needlessly kill an animal or bird. But his rage became tyrannical when he saw I could not master some bit of scientific terminology of bird lore as quickly as he had done.

All Henry He Wanted
"His mother was a wonderful woman. She was so busy, however, with her husband and staff of eight servants that she could find little time for Nathan. She failed to understand his imperative need for kindly companionship.

"And the father idolized 'Babe' (that is what his family always called him). He gave him spending money in unlimited measure. Yet he was too absorbed in his business to give him any of his time.

"Nor could 'Babe' pal around with his brothers. They were so much older. One then was 17, the other 22.

Psychologists say—a man never craves for a mate so much as when he is reduced to his last match.

A resident of Chelsea, England, advertised in a local paper for a "second-hand" grave to hold two or more in some good cemetery.

Read Tribune Want Ads.

NEA

Sports

BROWNS WIN OVER YANKEES

St. Louis Team Takes Fourth Straight Victory

Chicago, June 9.—The St. Louis Browns won their fourth straight victory yesterday, blanking the New York Yankees for the second straight game. Danforth pitched the shut-out victory, 5 to 0.

Cleveland defeated Washington, 11 to 3, in Sunday's game, with Cleveland hitting good ball for Cleveland.

Two home runs won for the Giants in a five-inning tilt Sunday, which was ended by rain. John Watson hit a home run in the second inning with the bases full and Rose Young hit a homer with two on base. The score was 7 to 0.

The Chicago Cubs beat the Brooklyn team, 8 to 5, in seven innings.

BASEBALL

American Association	W.	L.	Pct.
St. Paul	23	16	.573
Indianapolis	25	19	.568
Louisville	22	19	.537
Kansas City	23	24	.489
Columbus	21	24	.467
Minneapolis	21	26	.447
Milwaukee	19	26	.409
Toledo	17	26	.395

American League	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	24	16	.600
Boston	24	16	.600
Detroit	20	20	.500
Washington	21	21	.500
St. Louis	21	22	.488
Chicago	18	22	.450
Cleveland	16	24	.400
Philadelphia	16	25	.390

National League	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	22	17	.562
Chicago	27	18	.600
Brooklyn	23	19	.548
Cincinnati	24	21	.533
Pittsburgh	20	23	.465
Boston	19	22	.463
St. Louis	22	26	.452
Philadelphia	14	27	.341

Saturday Games	W.	L.	Pct.
St. Louis 7; Boston 13.			
Cincinnati 10; Philadelphia 4.			
Chicago 3; New York 1.			
Pittsburgh 1; Brooklyn 4.			

American League	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston 3; Chicago 1.			
Washington 0; Cleveland 3.			
New York 3; St. Louis 1.			
Philadelphia 10; Detroit 11.			

American Association	W.	L.	Pct.
St. Paul 10; Kansas City 2.			
Indianapolis 3; Columbus 6.			
Louisville 6; Toledo 5.			
Others postponed, rain.			

American League	W.	L.	Pct.
St. Louis 5; New York 0.			
Philadelphia 6; Detroit 5.			
Cleveland 11; Washington 3.			
Chicago 10; Boston 3.			

National League	W.	L.	Pct.
New York 7; Pittsburgh 0.			
Chicago 8; Brooklyn 5.			
Other teams not scheduled.			

American Association	W.	L.	Pct.
Minneapolis 3-7; Milwaukee 0-7.			
Kansas City 10; St. Paul 2.			
Columbus 2; Indianapolis 1.			
Louisville 1; Toledo 0.			

It Was "Footrace Of The Century"

Carpenter, In Full Retreat, Hit Gibbons Once and Got \$75,000 For It

By Joe Williams
Chicago, June 9.—Georges Carpentier's first money grabbing expedition in this country was entitled "The Battle of the Century." His last one—and it certainly ought to be his last—was a down in the carefully edited records as "The Footrace of the Century."

From start to finish the Frenchman took it on the run in his little fistic ploys with Tommy Gibbons at Michigan City, pausing only at discreet and safely spaced intervals to swing a wild, impetuous hand in the general direction of the St. Paul Irishman.

It was the most complete and painstaking retreat in the history of pugilism and, contrasted with the noble stand put forth by another Frenchman, Eugene Criqui, against Johnny Dundee last fall, the frantic scurrings of Carpentier were nothing short of disgraceful.

An Easy \$75,000 for Carp
The game Criqui gave the fans a run for their money. For that matter so did Carpentier, but it was a run that would easily have matched the high voltage strides of a Pad-dock or a Murchison.

Carpentier did absolutely nothing to earn his \$75,000 guarantee except to pose gracefully for the photographers and to flop dramatically on what he said was a turned ankle in the ninth round.

The ankle incident, by the way, he said, and will be pressed energetically to save the face of the proposed match with Gene Tunney, American light heavyweight cham-

"I would have knocked out Gibbons if my ankle hadn't collapsed," Carpentier told newspaper men after the fight.

'Tis Me Lord Burghley Taking a Jolly Hurdle



The blue ribbon in the 120-yard handicap hurdles at the Finchley Harriers sports meet in England recently went to a blue blood, one Lord Burghley, son and heir of the Marquis of Exeter. His lordship is depicted here taking a royal stride over a regal hurdle.

This crack merits a low, rumbling guffaw.
Only Landed One Punch
The Frenchman only hit Gibbons one solid punch, a straight right hander to the jaw in the middle of the fourth round. It was a carbon copy of the punch he landed in the second round of the Dempsey fight, except that it did not send Gibbons reeling, nor did it do as much as daze him.

The Carpenter right, along with the other Carpentier fighting qualities, is gone.
Had Carpenter stood up and fought in his old-time aggressive manner we have no doubt but that Gibbons would have stopped him in one of the early rounds. It is not easy to get a full shot at a man's vitals when he is continually backing away. This was Carpentier's method of keeping a worn-out fighting mechanism functioning. One spirited burst of aggressiveness would just about have consumed all his energy.

Gibbons None Too Alert
At that Gibbons should have scored a knockout. He had more than one chance. The Frenchman was ready to go in the third and again in the seventh. It took quite a bit of vocal urging on the part of the parental Deuchamps to get him to come out for the eighth round. Georges was perfectly agreeable to walking out and leaving the party flat on its vulgar back.
Gibbons may be criticized for not waging a consistently relentless attack. He has a queer fall of letting down in the midst of a winning rally. Time after time he had the Frenchman cornered, but let him get away through indecision and super-caution.

These lapses will probably cost Gibbons a return match with Dempsey. If a man can't stop the decrepit Carpentier of today, even in full retreat, there is little reason to believe he will annoy the champion.

OLD QUINN OUTSMARTS SHERLOCK

By NEA Service

Philadelphia, June 9.—Danny Murphy, veteran star of the Athletics, the Sherlock Holmes of baseball, admits that Pitcher Jack Quinn of the Boston Red Sox is the one big mystery of the American League to him.

Murphy has become famous in American League circles for his ability to decipher what the opposing pitcher is about to throw. He batters from his position in the catcher's box, by a word sign, he tips off that knowledge to the batter. There is nothing unsportsmanlike about Murphy's methods. He has simply made a study of his pitchers. Nearly every pitcher has certain set peculiarities in delivering his curve, fast one or change of pace.

Murphy is wise to them all except Jack Quinn. This veteran, past the batters with his stuff, likewise mystifies Sherlock Murphy.

Quinn's repertoire consists of a curve, fast ball and spitter. He noisens the spitball less than any other pitcher using the delivery. Incidentally, he does it with the same motion that he pitches. Also, he places his fingers to his mouth when he throws the fast one and the curve.



Joe Boyer has reached his goal. After repeated failures, the Detroit millionaire sportsman has won the annual Memorial Day classic on the Indianapolis Speedway. He averaged 92.24 miles an hour. Here he is going in over the line—the victor.

DEM CANDIDATE MAY EDGE INTO PRESIDENCY

BY HARRY B. HUNT
NEA Service Writer

Washington, June 9.—"The Democrats, if they are wise, will put the man they want to be president in the second place on their ticket—provided, of course, that he is a real, honest-to-John, upstanding, progressive sort of fellow."

Such is the suggestion of La Follette supporters, who believe that if progressive Democrats play the game shrewdly they will be able, by getting their man on the ticket as vice presidential candidate, to land him in the White House on March 4, 1925.

Sounds rather absurd and foolish, doesn't it. But it's really a very wise and astute proposal. And there's absolutely no catch in it! Follow carefully and you'll find how very simple it is.

With Democrats and Republicans in a neck-and-neck race, a third or independent party which could carry even four or five states would, by preventing either old party from obtaining a majority of the electors, throw the election into Congress.

That much is conceded and is old stuff.
In which event the House of Representatives, voting by states, must try to elect a president and the Senate, voting as individuals, ballots for vice president.

With five of the 48 state delegations tied as between Republicans and Democrats, neither party holds a clear majority, by states, in the House. La Follette also would be able to control the vote of Wisconsin, recorded as Republican, and perhaps of Minnesota and North Dakota. A deadlock which could be maintained indefinitely might result there.

In the Senate, where the membership votes as individuals, the Democrats and La Follette progressives hold, together, a clear majority. If the Democratic vice presidential candidate was satisfactory to La Follette group, there would be little delay in putting him across.

Suppose, then—since this is merely a speculative story—March 4 arrives without the House having selected a president.
President Coolidge's term expires at noon March 4. No successor, as such, has been chosen. What happens?

A vice president, duly elected by the Senate as provided by the constitution, has been chosen.
And the vice president, in event a vacancy occurs in the presidency, accedes to that office. Therefore—Up steps the man who has been selected by the Senate as vice president to take the tiller of the Ship of State. Q. E. D.

Thus is the play figured, and figured seriously. So seriously, in fact, that actual discussion of a Democratic vice presidential nominee who would be satisfactory to La Follette, has been reached.

Huston Thompson, chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, stands out as the choice for the proposed coalition candidate. It is stated as authoritative that La Follette believes Thompson is the future leader of the progressive movement in this country, and would throw his full support behind him to land him in the presidency.

Should the Democrats name him for second place on their ticket, he will doubtless be found also entered in second place on the La Follette independent ticket. Which, of course, would make the above play logical and reasonable.

Still another move is suggested which might land the long-legged progress on Colorado in the White House.

Should the Democrats see their way clear to nominate him outright for president, La Follette would help him out by keeping out of the race himself.

Cook by Electricity. It is Cleaner.

NOTICE OF STATE BAR EXAMINATION

Notice is hereby given that the State Bar Board of the State of North Dakota will hold an examination in the State of North Dakota, commencing on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1924, for the purpose of examining applicants seeking admission to the Bar of this State.

The following named have filed their applications for permission to take such examination:

Beede, R. G., Fort Yates, N. D.
Boostrom, Edward Conrad, McVie, N. D.

Buehler, Mark A., Grand Forks, N. D.
Crum, Charles Liebert, Bismarck, N. D.

Downey, Romanus J., Devils Lake, N. D.
Freeman, William Henry, Verona, N. D.

Jahr, Aaron Turbin, Grand Forks, N. D.
Jones, Chas. S., Bismarck, N. D.

Lien, Paul C., Sutton, N. D.
Lindell, Gustaf A., Washburn, N. D.

Manly, R. G., New Rockford, N. D.
Martin, Louis W., Lignite, N. D.

Nelson, Henry Albion, Oakes, N. D.
Niles, John J., Casselton, N. D.

O'Leary, Norbert, Williston, N. D.
Paletta, Samuel, Ellias, Grand Forks, N. D.

Schneller, Clifford Frank, Wahpeton, N. D.

Wishek, Max C., Ashley, N. D.

Any objections to the participation of any of the above named candidates in the examination to be held as aforesaid, or their admission to the Bar, if successful, should be filed with the undersigned on or before July 5, 1924.

J. H. NEWTON,
Clerk of the Supreme Court, State of North Dakota and ex-officio Secretary of State Bar Board.
6-9-16-23-30

NOTICE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Notice is hereby given, That the certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Fred Drittenbass and Emilia Drittenbass, his wife, to Barnes Brothers, Incorporated, a corporation, dated October 6th, 1913, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, N. D., on October 18th, 1913, at \$400.00, and recorded in Book 106 of Mortgages, page 79, and assigned by the mortgagee to Mrs. S. Anna Rankin (now S. Anna Muir) by an instrument in writing dated October 6th, 1913, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, N. D., on February 14th, 1914, at 9:00 A. M., and recorded in Book 106 of Mortgages, page 406, to secure the payment of \$800.00 and interest, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the Courthouse in the City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, on the 5th day of July, 1924, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in said mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same are described as follows, to-wit:

The South One-half of the Northeast Quarter (SE 1/4 NE 1/4) of Section Two (2), and the North One-half of the Southeast Quarter (N 1/2 SE 1/4) of Section Two (2), all in Township One Hundred Twenty-nine (129), Range Seventy-five (75), Burleigh County, N. D., containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the Government survey thereof.

Default exists in the terms of said mortgage in this that both principal and interest are past due and unpaid.

There will be due on said mortgage on the day of sale the sum of \$1,084.47, together with the costs of this foreclosure and attorney fees as provided by law.

Dated this 26th day of May, 1924.
S. ANNA MUIR (formerly Mrs. S. Anna Rankin), Owner and Mortgagee.

McGEE & GOSS,
Attorneys for the Owner and Holder of Mortgage,
Minot, North Dakota.
6-26-6-2-9-16-23-30

SUMMONS

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA,
County of Burleigh.

In District Court, Fourth Judicial District.

D. E. Worthley, Plaintiff, vs. George E. Baker, Burleigh County, and the County of Burleigh, North Dakota, State Bank, Wing, North Dakota, a corporation, Defendants.

The State of North Dakota to the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Burleigh County, North Dakota, and a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the subscribers within thirty days after the date of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, May 3, 1924.
SCHELLER & HEDER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and postoffice address, Wahpeton, Richland County, North Dakota.

To the Above Named Defendants: You and each of you will please take notice that this is an action to bar your right of redemption from the sale of real estate affected by a mortgage, and no personal claim is made against you; that the description of the property affected by such action is the east half of the northeast quarter (NE 1/4 SE 1/4) and the west half quarter (SW 1/4) and the west half quarter (SW 1/4) of section 28, township 142, north, of range 76, west, containing 160 acres, Burleigh County, North Dakota.

SCHELLER & HEDER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
6-26-6-2-9-16-23-30

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION
To Randall B. Calkins, F. E. Young Real Estate Company, Harvey B. Moffitt and Sarah V. Moffitt, Defendants.

Take notice that default has been made in the terms and conditions of that certain contract for deed made and entered into on the 28th day of July, 1914, between Edward P. Hammond as vendor and Randall B. Calkins as vendee, for the purchase and sale of the property hereinafter described, said contract consisting of the failure to pay when due principal and interest, and to pay taxes upon said premises before the same became delinquent or at all; that said contract will be cancelled, terminated and forfeited upon the expiration of one year from the date of the service of this notice upon you, unless prior to said time the conditions and provisions of said contract so in default are fully complied with and all payments due on said contract made to the undersigned.

There is due on said contract the following amounts: the sum of \$1115.00 and interest thereon from the 28th day of July, A. D. 1920 to the sum of \$105.16, being 1920 and 1921 taxes on said premises, together with interest thereon at 6 percent per annum from the 12th day of December, 1923, to the sum of \$30.10 for 1922 taxes with interest thereon from December 8th, 1923.

The property described in said contract is as follows: The West Half (W 1/2) of the South East Quarter (SE 1/4) of Section Thirty-one (31), Township One Hundred Forty-two (142) North, Range Seventy-eight (78) West of the Fifth Principal Meridian in Burleigh County, North Dakota.

Dated this 22nd day of April, A. D. 1924.

EDWARD P. HAMMOND,
Saint Paul, Minnesota, Vendor.
By ZUGER & TILLOTSON,
Attorneys for said Vendor,
Webb Block, Bismarck, North Dakota.
6-26-6-2-9

BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

In the District Court of the United States.

For the Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

In the Matter of David Fryer, Bankrupt, No. 5294 in Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Judges of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, David Fryer, of Wing in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 7th day of April, 1924 last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and

has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 18th day of April, A. D. 1924.

C. H. BERGER,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE
District of North Dakota, ss:
On this 2nd day of June, A. D. 1924, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 2nd day of August, A. D. 1924, before the said court, at Fargo in said district, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said District, on the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1924.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY,
Clerk.
By E. R. STEELE,
Deputy Clerk.

has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 18th day of April, A. D. 1924.
DAVID FRYER,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE
District of North Dakota, ss:
On this 29th day of May, A. D. 1924, on reading the foregoing Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1924, before the said court, at Fargo in said district, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 29th day of May, A. D. 1924.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY,
Clerk.
By E. R. STEELE,
Deputy Clerk.

BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

In the District Court of the United States.

For the Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

In the Matter of T. P. Sheldon, Bankrupt, No. 5293 in Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Judges of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, T. P. Sheldon, of Baldwin in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 7th day of April, 1924 last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and

has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore, he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 18th day of April, A. D. 1924.

T. P. SHELDON,
Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE
District of North Dakota, ss:
On this 26th day of May, A. D. 1924, on reading the Petition for Discharge of the above-named Bankrupt, it is—

Ordered By the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1924, before the said court, at Fargo in said district, at ten o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in The Bismarck Tribune, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court, that the Referee shall send, by mail, to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness The Honorable Andrew Miller, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Bismarck, in said district, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1924.

(SEAL OF THE COURT)
J. A. MONTGOMERY,
Clerk.
By E. R. STEELE,
Deputy Clerk.

BANKRUPT PETITION FOR DISCHARGE AND ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON

In the District Court of the United States.

For the Southwestern Division, District of North Dakota.

In the Matter of C. H. Berger, Bankrupt, No. 5295 in Bankruptcy.

To the Honorable Judges of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Dakota, C. H. Berger, of Baldwin in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 7th day of April, 1924 last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property

Tribune Classified Advertisements

PHONE 32

HELP WANTED—Males

WANTED—Young man to work by the month. F. Jaskowski, 421-12th 6-7-24.

FOR SALE

One Overland Sedan 1923 model, only 4,800 miles.
1 Dodge 4-passenger coupe, five balloon tires, new.
A snap for anyone that wants a 1924 model car at a reduced price.
1 Dodge Roadster in first class condition.
1 model 53 7-passenger Cadillac. Just the car to take a tour in.
1 light four Overland touring in good condition, and good tires.
All these cars are real snaps, priced for quick sale.
BISMARCK MOTOR CO.
6-7-1w

AUTOMOBILE—MOTORCYCLES
FOR SALE OR TRADE—5-passenger touring car, thoroughly overhauled, repainted, new battery. Phone 15. 6-4-1w

BABY CHICKS

Baby Chicks, New June Price, prompt shipment, per 100 Leghorns \$12; Rocks, Reds, Ancona, \$14; Orpingtons, Minorca, Wyandots, \$15. Clayton Rust, Fargo, N. D. 6-5-2w

FOR SALE OR RENT

HOUSES AND FLATS
FOR SALE—6 room modern house, including 3 bed rooms, close in, east front, desirable location, for \$3,000, on almost any terms to a reliable party. Geo. M. Register. 6-6-1w

FOR RENT—A furnished modern 7 room house to lease a year, also modern 6 room house and furnished modern apartments. Phone 905 or call at 212½ Main St. 6-4-1f

FOR RENT—A modern furnished or unfurnished five room modern apartment with two large porches. Woodmansee Apts. Apply Harris & Woodmansee. 5-31-1f

FOR RENT—5 Room partly modern house, including 2 large bedrooms, close in. Has water, sewer, lights and toilet. Geo. M. Register. 6-5-1w

FOR RENT—Modern furnished apartments, one, two and three rooms. Apply F. W. Murphy. Phone 852. 4-30-1f

FOR SALE—Complete equipment for small apartment, ice box included. Write Tribune No. 781 for appointment. 5-31-1f

FOR RENT—Strictly modern apartment in Rose Apartments. Apply F. W. Murphy, Phone 852. 4-30-1f

FOR RENT—5 room and bath apartment. Inquire Brown & Teilmann Store. Phone 53. 6-5-1f

FOR RENT—Two apartments fully equipped for light housekeeping. Phone 704-W. 1-12-1f

FOR RENT—Partly modern five room house, 409-15th St. Call 213-M. 523-6th St. 6-5-1w

FOR RENT—Strictly modern Tribune Apartment. 6-3-1f

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—Fine corner lot, 50x150 in the best residence district in Bismarck. Paving, sewer, water and gas all in and partial excavation made. Price and terms right. Address 757 Tribune, Bismarck, N. D. 4-19-1f

FOR SALE OR TRADE—25-35 Walrus tractor in A-1 shape. Will take Fordson or small tractor or cattle on trade. In care 782, Tribune. 4-5-1m

WANTED TO BUY—Second hand ice boxes in good shape, not too large. Phone 773. 6-5-1f

FOR SALE—Flax seed, wilt resistant, clean. L. N. Cary, residing, N. D. 6-3-1f

FOR SALE—Furniture at the Hare Block, 311-1-2 Main. 6-4-1f

FOR SALE—White Reddy baby buggy. Cheap. Phone 618-J. 6-7-3f

NOTICE

To the policy holders and stockholders of the Great Northern Life Insurance Company, and to whom it may concern:
You are hereby notified that The Great Northern Life Insurance Company, of Grand Forks, North Dakota, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of North Dakota, engaged in the life insurance business under the laws of such State, has filed with the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Dakota, a petition praying for an order to be issued by the Commissioner as provided for under the provisions of Section 4891, Compiled Laws of North Dakota, 1913, authorizing the consolidation of said The Great Northern Life Insurance Company with and the transfer of all of the assets of said The Great Northern Life Insurance Company, to the Occidental Life Insurance Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California, with its principal office at the city of Los Angeles, State of California, and said The Great Northern Life Insurance Company, has presented to the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Dakota, a contract setting forth the terms and conditions of such proposed consolidation, and providing for re-insurance by the said Occidental Life Insurance Company of the life insurance policies issued by The Great Northern Life Insurance Company, where such re-insurance is desired, by the holders of such policies and.
You are further notified that the 17th day of June, 1924, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the office of the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Dakota, in the State Capital in the city of Bismarck, State of North Dakota, has been fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition before a commission consisting of the Governor of the State of North Dakota, or in the event of his inability to act, some competent person resident of the State, to be appointed by the Governor, the Attorney General and Commissioner of Insurance of this State, and you are further notified that any policy holder or stockholder of said The Great Northern Life Insurance Company may appear before said commission at the time and place and may be heard with

Classified Advertising Rates

1 insertion, 25 words or under \$.50
2 insertions, 25 words or under65
3 insertions 25 words or under75
1 week, 25 words or under 1.25
Ads over 25 words, 2c additional per word.

CLASSIFIED DISPLAY RATES

65 Cents Per Inch
All classified ads are cash in advance. Copy should be received by 12 o'clock to insure insertion same day.

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE
PHONE 32

PERSONAL

WANTED—Party to drive auto to coast, must give reference. Wm. G. Ehlers, Douglas, N. D. 6-5-4f

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Front room on ground floor nicely furnished. Also good sized corner room on second floor with closet and kitchenette furnished for light housekeeping. 411-6th St. Phone 273. 6-4-1f

FOR RENT—Two large nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. \$20.00 a month. 213-11th St. Phone 655-M. 1-2 block from Bdwy. Also Electric machine, good as new for sale. 6-7-1w

FOR RENT—Large, nicely furnished rooms with board in modern home. Large closet, well ventilated. Suitable for two. Phone 683 or call 217 8th St. 6-3-1f

FOR RENT—Two nice light housekeeping rooms fully furnished. And one room—suitable for one. Phone 812-J. 517 2nd St. 6-6-1w

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, with gas stove and range. 723 3rd St. Phone 599. 6-2-1w

FOR RENT—Modern furnished rooms for rent. Suitable for two, Gentlemen preferred. Inquire 613-3rd St. Phone 746. 6-9-3f

FOR RENT—One large room and one smaller, in a strictly modern home. Very reasonable rent. Phone 850. 6-7-3f

FOR RENT—Well furnished room in a modern home, on ground floor, close in. Phone 672-J. 120 1st St. 2-20-1f

ROOM FOR RENT must be seen to be appreciated. Hot water all summer. Phone 682 or 313. 6-4-1w

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping on ground floor. 930 4th St. 6-4-1w

FOR RENT—One large room suitable for one or two gentlemen. Also Road. 406-6th St. 6-5-1f

FOR RENT—Nice modern furnished rooms, close in. 505 3rd St. Phone 322-M. 6-7-3f

FOR RENT—Four rooms, unfurnished or partly furnished at 803 7th St. 4-18-1f

FOR RENT—Furnished room, Inquire 214 Fifth Street. 6-4-1w

FOR RENT Front room and garage. 411 8th St. 6-3-1w

MONEY TO LOAN on well improved Bismarck City property. Repayable monthly. Loans closed promptly. Fire and Automobile Insurance. Price Owens. Eltinge Bldg. Phone 421

reference to such consolidation or re-insurance.
Dated this 22nd day of May, 1924.
S. A. OLNESS,
Commissioner of Insurance of the State of North Dakota.
6-23-24 6-27-29-30-31 6-2-3-4-5-6-7-8.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth A. Morris, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Sarah Morris, Executrix of the Last Will of Elizabeth A. Morris late of the city of Missoula in the County of Missoula and State of Montana, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against, said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within 4 months after the first publication of this notice, to said Executrix at the office of F. E. McCurdy in the city of Bismarck in said Burleigh County, North Dakota.
Dated May 16, A. D. 1924.
SARAH MORRIS,
Executrix.
First publication on the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1924. 6-2-9-16-23

LITTLE JOE

BRIGHTEN COLORS ARE BEGINNING TO APPEAR IN MEN'S FASHIONS. HUSBANDS MAY BE ABLE TO WEAR THOSE YAW NECKTIES AFTER ALL.



BACK TO CIVILIZATION



Remarkable exclusive picture showing Major Frederick Martin and Sergeant Alva Harvey exactly as they appeared after they had fought their way through mountain passes after trailing a mirage and smashing into a mountain side. Note the beard on Martin and the disheveled appearance.

SUMMONS

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, County of Burleigh.
In District Court, Fourth Judicial District.

H. H. Greve, Plaintiff vs. German State Bank, Wm. North Dakota, a corporation, Geo. E. Baker, County of Burleigh, a municipal corporation, Defendants.

The State of North Dakota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Burleigh County, North Dakota, and a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the subscribers within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, May 3, 1924.
SCHNELLER & HEDER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and postoffice address, Wahpeton, Richland County, North Dakota.

To the Above Named Defendants: You and each of you will please take notice that this is an action to bar your right of redemption from the sale of real estate affected by the action and that no personal claim is made against you; that the

description of the property affected by such action is the east half of the southeast (SE½) of SE¼ and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (SW¼) of SE¼ of section 24, township 143, north, range 76 west, containing 120 acres, Burleigh County, North Dakota.
SCHNELLER & HEDER, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
5-26-6-2-9-16-23-30

SUMMONS

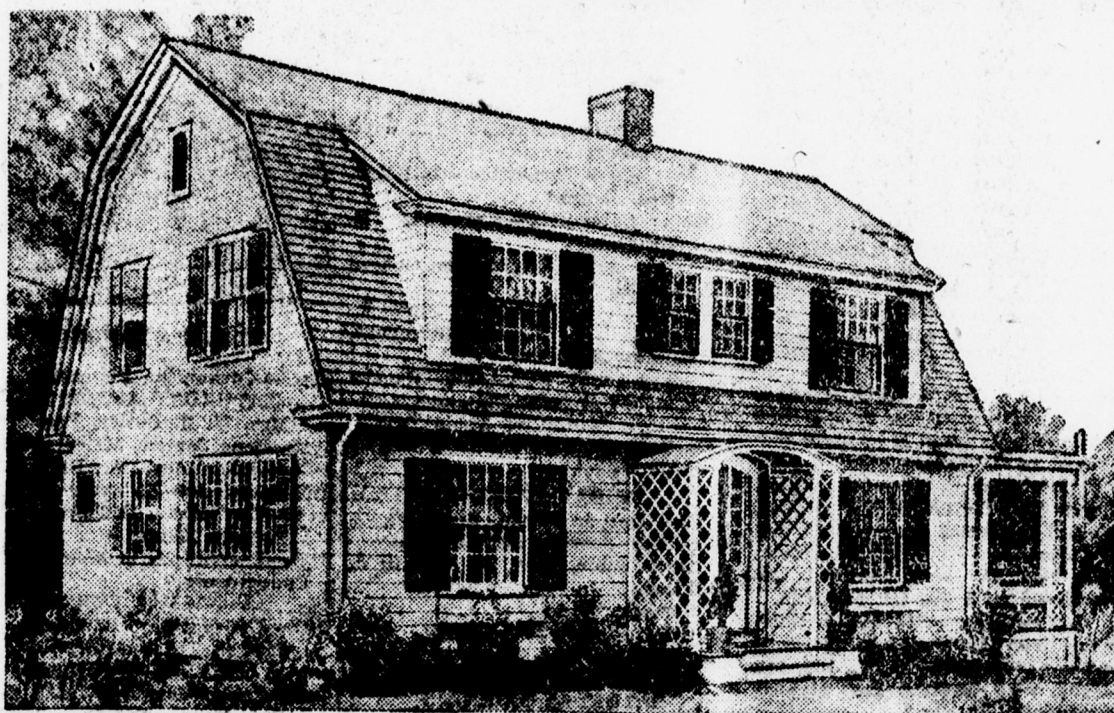
State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, N. D.
In District Court Fourth Judicial District.

Bingenheimer Mercantile Company, a corporation, Plaintiff.

vs.
R. A. Middaugh, Defendant.

THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, to the above named defendant, R. A. Middaugh.
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff which is filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, and to serve a copy of your said answer upon the subscribers at their office, mentioned below, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service, and in the event of your failure to appear or answer, the

ECONOMY IN HOME BUILDING MADE POSSIBLE BY WISE PLAN SELECTION



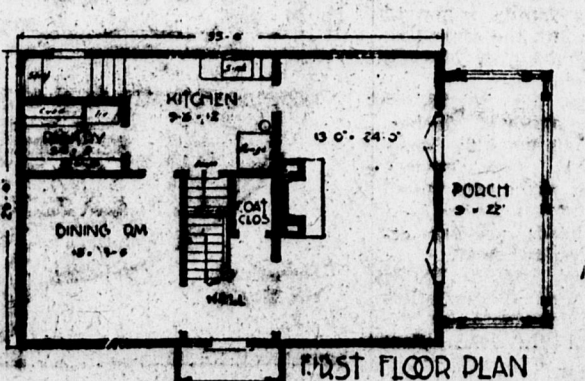
Design 1457

M. L. KEITH

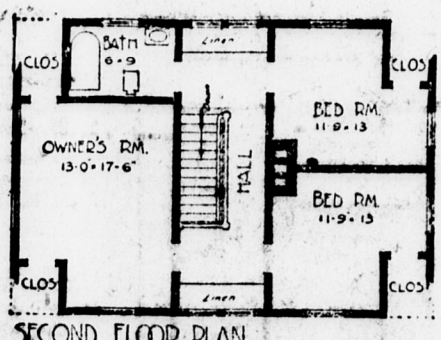
ECONOMY in home building can come only through a multiplicity of savings. There is no short cut to the desired end. Reduction of cost by the use of inferior materials or poor workmanship is not an economy. One simply buys, in this way, an inferior price for which he pays a correspondingly over price. True economy is a matter of simplification. In using good materials to better advantage and adhering to simple taste, a great saving can be accomplished in home building.

To reduce the cost of building by improving the quality, the first step is the careful selection of building plans. Dependence for beauty of outline should be placed altogether upon application of the principle of good design, such as proportion, unity of detail and fitness.

This home is the most attractive and yet one of the most economical types in building of the old colonial house. The entrance is into a central hall. The porch to the right opens out from the large living room. The latticed entrance lends an entrancing charm to the appearance of this distinctive home. While this house is shown to be built of siding, either shingles or stucco exterior would be equally appropriate. It is a real home which every one will like;



FIRST FLOOR PLAN



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

It is satisfying, and though of fair size being so simply designed and conveniently planned readily fits the needs and tastes of the average home builder.
One of the interesting features to the interior arrangement is the ample light afforded every room. Large windows make this home most desirable where air and sunlight are essentials to happy home life.

The American Home Plan Bureau has inaugurated a campaign to help the home builder. The home pictured here is but one of the many contained in the American Home Plan Book issued by the Bureau.

These plans for small homes are furnished at a low cost by the American Home Plan Bureau, an organization having at its disposal tested plans of leading architects of the country, which have been arranged in your requirements by M. L. Keith, Architectural Supervisor of the Bureau and a recognized authority in home planning.

Mr. M. L. Keith will answer questions and give advice free of cost on all subjects pertaining to planning, building and construction of homes for the reader of this paper. By reason of his forty years' experience as an Editor, Designer and Builder, Mr. Keith is ranked as the highest authority on home planning and construction.
All inquiries should be addressed to American Home Plan Bureau, 220 S. State St., Chicago, Ill.

plaintiff will take judgment against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated at Mandan, North Dakota, this 30th day of April, 1924.
Sullivan Hanley & Sullivan, Attorneys for the Plaintiff, Mandan, North Dakota.
6-19-26 6-2-9-16-23.

BADLY INJURED

Beach, N. D., June 9.—Gilbert Erickson, a son of Peter Erickson, had a very close call to death when a premature explosion of blasting powder at the Gass coal mine at Yates caught him when but a few

feet away from the bore. He received injuries in the face, top of the head and body, it being feared that a small fracture of the skull has been received and one of his shoulder blades has been broken. He was rushed to the Beach hospital and has not been conscious since.

MOM'N POP

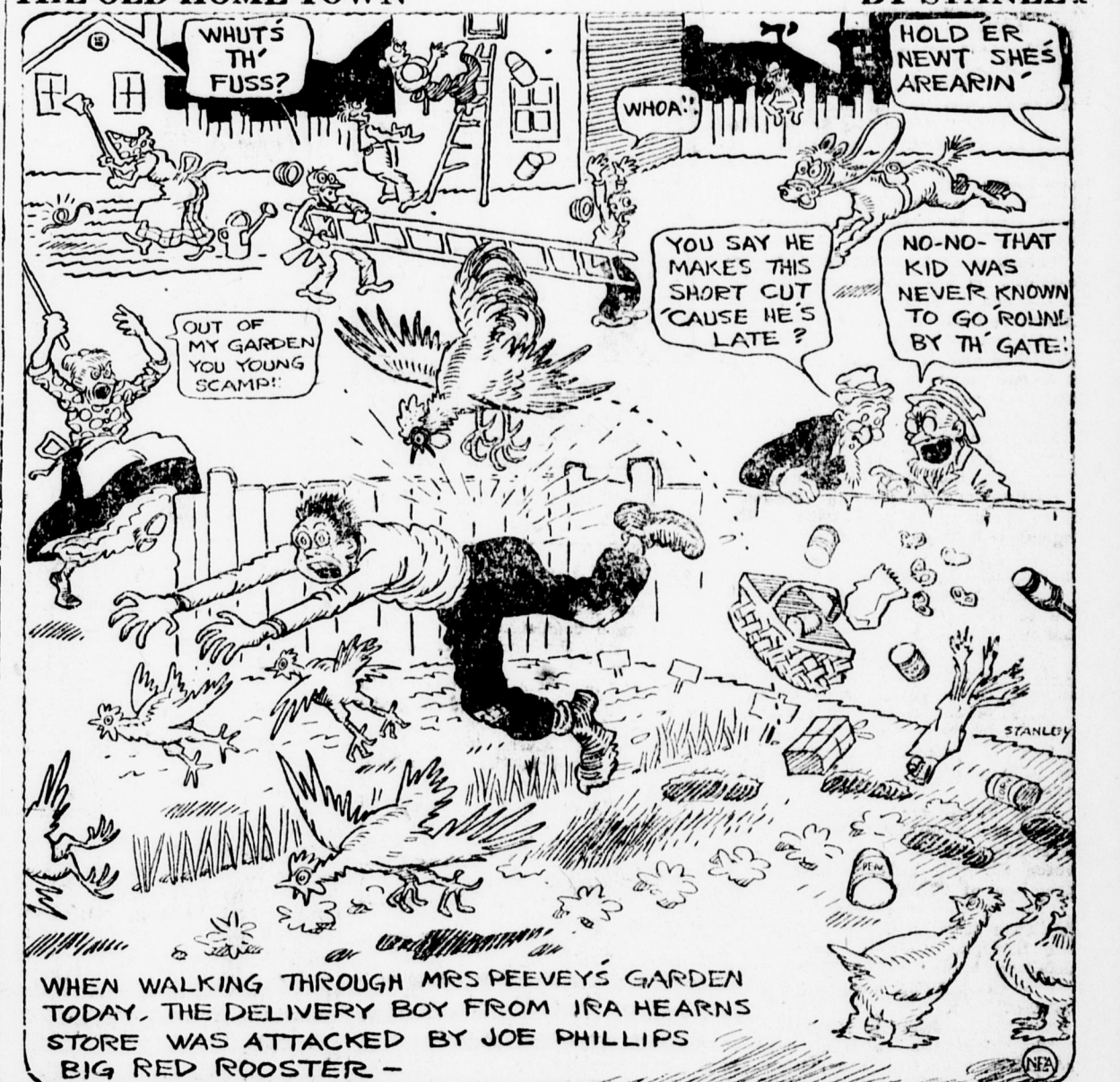
Searching for an Alibi

By Taylor



THE OLD HOME TOWN

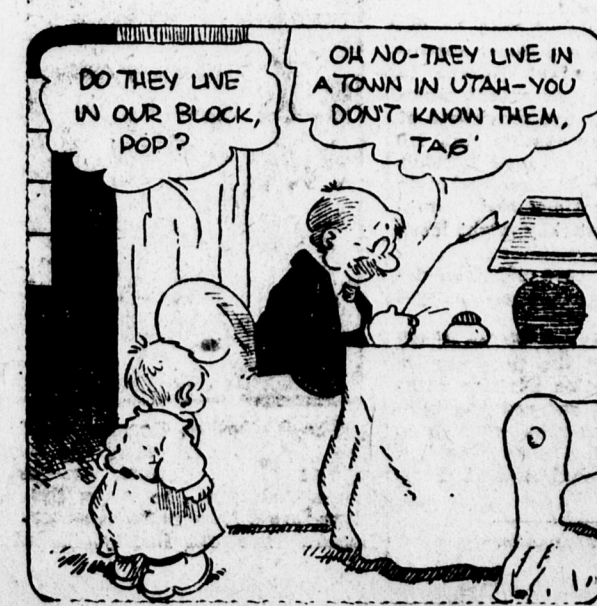
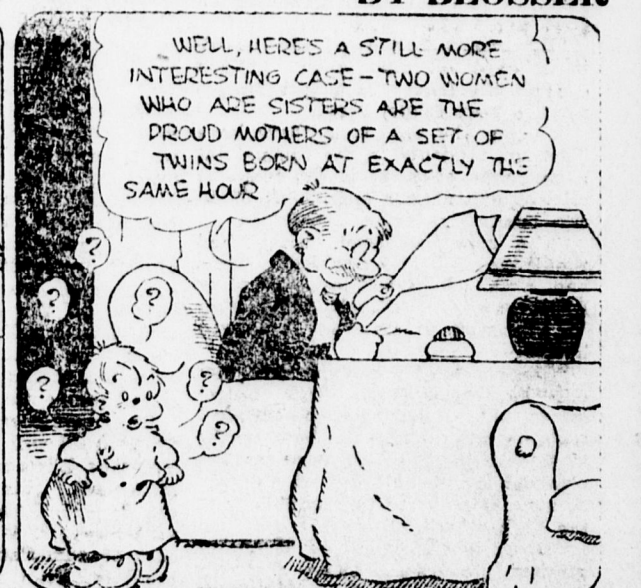
BY STANLEY



FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Tag Seeks Information

BY BLOSSER



Sports

BROWNS WIN OVER YANKEES

St. Louis Team Takes Fourth Straight Victory

Chicago, June 9. The St. Louis Browns won their fourth straight victory yesterday, blanking the New York Yankees for the second straight game. Danforth pitched the shut-out victory, 5 to 0. Cleveland defeated Washington, 11 to 3, in Sunday's game, with Cleveland pitching good ball for Cleveland.

Bunching hits behind Thurston's tight pitching, the Chicago White Sox ended the series with Boston, winning 10 to 3. Philadelphia nosed out a 6 to 5 victory over Detroit.

BASEBALL

American Association		
W.	L.	Pct.
St. Paul	16	.573
Indianapolis	25	.500
Louisville	22	.483
Kansas City	23	.483
Columbus	21	.467
Minneapolis	21	.467
Milwaukee	18	.409
Toledo	17	.395

American League		
W.	L.	Pct.
New York	17	.500
Boston	24	.500
Detroit	21	.500
Washington	21	.500
St. Louis	21	.500
Chicago	18	.458
Cleveland	16	.400
Philadelphia	16	.400

National League		
W.	L.	Pct.
New York	17	.500
Chicago	23	.548
Brooklyn	23	.548
Cincinnati	21	.533
Pittsburgh	20	.463
Boston	19	.423
St. Louis	19	.413
Philadelphia	14	.341

Saturday Games		
St. Louis	vs. Boston	13.
Cincinnati	vs. Philadelphia	4.
Chicago	vs. New York	1.
Pittsburgh	vs. Brooklyn	4.

American League		
St. Paul	vs. Kansas City	2.
Indianapolis	vs. Columbus	6.
Louisville	vs. Toledo	5.
Others	postponed	rain.

National League		
New York	vs. Pittsburgh	6.
Chicago	vs. Brooklyn	5.
Other teams	not scheduled.	

American Association		
Minneapolis	vs. Milwaukee	0-7.
Kansas City	vs. St. Paul	2.
Columbus	vs. Indianapolis	1.
Louisville	vs. Toledo	9.

It Was "Footrace Of The Century"

Carpentier, In Full Retreat. Hit Gibbons Once and Got \$75,000 For It

By Joe Williams
Chicago, June 9.—George Carpentier's first money grabbing expedition in this country was titled "The Battle of the Century." His last one—and it certainly ought to be his last one—will go down in the carefully edited records as "The Footrace of the Century." From start to finish the Frenchman took it on the run in his little fistic pleasantries with Tommy Gibbons at Michigan City, pausing only at discreet and safely spaced intervals to swing a wild, impudent hand in the general direction of the St. Paul Irishman.

It was the most complete and gaudiest retreat in the history of pugilism and, contrasted with the noble stand put forth by another Frenchman, Eugene Cribbin, against Johnny Dundee last fall, the frantic scurrying of Carpentier were nothing short of disgraceful.

An East \$75,000 for Carpentier's first money. For that matter, he did Carpentier, but it was a sum that would easily have matched the high voltage strides of a Padriani or a Murchison.

Carpentier did absolutely nothing to earn his \$75,000 guarantee except to pose gracefully for the photographers and to flop dramatically on what he said was a turned ankle in the ninth round.

The incident, by the way, in his last one will be pressed on Carpentier to save the face of the promoter with Gene Tunney, Carpentier's right heavyweight champion.

'Tis Me Lord Burghley Taking a Jolly Hurdle



The blue ribbon in the 120-yard handicap hurdles at the Finchley Harriers' sports meet in England recently went to a blue blood, one Lord Burghley, son and heir of the Marquis of Exeter. His lordship is depicted here taking a royal stride over a regal hurdle.

This crack merits a low, rumbling ruff. The Frenchman right, along with one solid punch, a straight right hander to the jaw in the middle of the fourth round. It was a carbon copy of the punch he landed in the second round of the Dempsey fight, except that it did not end Gibbons' reign, nor did it as much as daze him.

Only Landed One Punch. The Frenchman right, along with one solid punch, a straight right hander to the jaw in the middle of the fourth round. It was a carbon copy of the punch he landed in the second round of the Dempsey fight, except that it did not end Gibbons' reign, nor did it as much as daze him.

The fact that he delivers the three styles in the same way in what makes him effective from any angle. Murphy simply sits on the bench when Quinn is pitching.

At that Gibbons should have scored a knockout. He had more than one chance. The Frenchman was ready to go in the third and again in the seventh. It took quite a bit of vocal urging on the part of the parental Dechamps to get him to come out for the eighth round. Georges was perfectly agreeable to walking out and leaving the party flat on its vulgar back.

Gibbons may be criticized for not waging a consistently relentless battle. He has a queer fault of letting down in the midst of a winning rally. Time after time he had the Frenchman cornered, but let him get away through indecision and superciliousness.

These lapses will probably cost Gibbons a return match with Dempsey. If a man can't stop the deprecating Carpentier of today, even in full retreat, there is little reason to believe he will annoy the champion.

OLD QUINN OUTSMARTS SHERLOCK

By NEA Service
Philadelphia, June 9.—Danny Murphy, veteran star of the Athletics, the Sherlock Holmes of baseball, admits that Pitcher Jack Quinn of the Boston Red Sox is the one big mystery of the American League to him.

Murphy has become famous in American League circles for his ability to decipher what the opposing pitcher is about to throw the batter. From his position in the coach's box, by a word sign, he tips off that knowledge to the batter.

There is nothing unorthodox about Murphy's methods. He has simply made a study of his pitchers. Nearly every pitcher has certain set peculiarities in delivering his curve, fast one or change of pace.

Murphy is wise to them all except Jack Quinn. This veteran, past the 40 mark, continues to baffles the batters with his stuff, likewise mystifies Sherlock Murphy.

Quinn's repertoire consists of a curve, fast ball and spitter. He has the spitter less than any other pitcher using the delivery. Incidentally, he does it with the same motion that he pitches. Also, he places his fingers to his mouth when he throws the fast one and the curve.

NOW JOE IS HAPPY!



Joe Boyer has reached his goal. After repeated failures, the Detroit millionaire sportsman has won the annual Memorial Day classic on the Indianapolis Speedway. He averaged 92.24 miles an hour. Here he is riding in over the line—the victor.

DEM CANDIDATE MAY EDGE INTO PRESIDENCY

BY HARRY B. HUNT
NEA Service Writer

Washington, June 9.—The Democrats, if they are wise, will put the man they want to be president in the second place on their ticket—provided, of course, that he is a real, honest-to-John, upstanding, progressive sort of gent.

Such is the suggestion of La Follette supporters, who believe that if progressive Democrats play the game shrewdly they will be able, by getting their man on the ticket as vice presidential candidate, to land him in the White House on March 4, 1925!

Sounds rather absurd and foolish, doesn't it. But it's really a very wise and astute proposal. And there's absolutely no catch in it! Follow carefully and you'll find how very simple it is.

With Democrats and Republicans in a neck-and-neck race, a third or independent party which could carry even four or five states would, by preventing either old party from obtaining a majority of the electors, throw the election into Congress.

That much is conceded and is old stuff.

In which event the House of Representatives, voting by states, must try to elect a president and the Senate, voting as individuals, ballots for vice president.

MANDAN NEWS

ALFALFA TRAITS
From data compiled by C. H. Wilson, agricultural agent for Grant county, 55 farmers who never before have experimented with the plant will grow alfalfa this year. Eleven of the Grant county banks during the winter purchased ten pounds each of registered alfalfa seed and this has been given by the banks to five farmers each. According to the county agent the alfalfa will be cultivated for seed and large acreages sown next year to provide feed for the steadily increasing number of dairy cattle on the farms in the county.

ESCAPES DEATH

When Conrad Feist, farmer near Selfridge, filled the gasoline tank of his car by the light of an oil lantern, some of the gas dropped on the lantern and exploded. Burning gasoline was thrown over Feist transforming him into a living torch. Holding his breath to avoid inhaling flames, he ran to a cattle watering tank a few feet away and dove in. The flames were quenched and he emerged with but minor burns. Rapid work saved farm buildings and the car escaped with but the loss of the top.

GRANT COUNTY TERM

The regular June term of district court which will convene at 10 a. m. June 10 with Judge H. L. Berry presiding will hear 36 civil and three criminal cases. Of chief interest is the case of the State of North Dakota vs. J. F. Hennenstedt, former banker at Fort Rice, Morton county, who is defendant in two criminal charges on statutory grounds. State's Attorney L. H. Connolly of Mandan will prosecute with Attorney William Langer, hired by complaining witnesses, as assistant prosecutor. Attorneys Sullivan, Hanley and Sullivan of Mandan are counsel for the defense. The case was taken to Grant county after two continuances in Morton county district court and on an affidavit of prejudice plea for change of venue.

Richardton Paper Suspend

Dickinson, N. D., June 9.—Economic difficulties, which during recent weeks struck the institution a hard blow, resulted Wednesday in the suspension of the Volksfreund, a weekly religious newspaper published at St. Mary's abbey at Richardton. Negotiations are now being made to transfer the subscription list and good will of the paper to the North Dakota Herald in Dickinson.

The Volksfreund was the official paper for the German Catholic societies in North Dakota and for the diocese of the state. It had a wide circulation and was regarded as an authority on the Catholic religion.

The paper was established in Dickinson some 18 years ago by Rev. Fr. Rasteneck, former pastor of St. Joseph's church. It was published in Dickinson for three or four years and then moved to Richardton.

Cook by Electricity. It Is Cleaner.

Notice is hereby given that the State Bar Board of the State of North Dakota will hold an examination in the city of Bismarck, North Dakota, commencing on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1924, for the purpose of examining applicants seeking admission to the Bar of this State.

The following named have filed their applications for permission to take such examination:

Aronson, Aaron, Fargo; N. D.
Beede, R. G., Fort Yates, N. D.
Boonstrom, Edward, Conrad, Minn.
Butcher, Mark A., Grand Forks, N. D.
Crdin, Charles Liebert, Bismarck, N. D.
Dewney, Romulus J., Devils Lake, N. D.
Freeman, William Henry, Verona, N. D.
Jahr, Anton Turbin, Grand Forks, N. D.
Jones, Chas. S., Bismarck, N. D.
Lien, Paul C., Sutton, N. D.
Lindell, Gustaf A., Washburn, N. D.
Manly, R. G., New Rockford, N. D.
Martin, Louis W., Lincoln, N. D.
Nelson, Harry Albert, Oakes, N. D.
Niles, John J., Casselton, N. D.
O'Leary, Norbert, Williston, N. D.
Palet, Samuel, Ellik, Grand Forks, N. D.
Schneider, Clifford Frank, Wahpeton, N. D.
Wishak, Max C., Ashley, S. D.

Any objections to the participation of any of the above named candidates in the examination should be made in writing to the Secretary of the Bar, if successful, should be filed with the undersigned on or before July 5, 1924.

J. H. NEWTON,
Clerk of the Supreme Court, State of North Dakota and ex-officio Secretary of State Bar Board.
6-9-24-30-30

NOTICE OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Notice is hereby given, That certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Fred Dittenbaser and Emma Dittenbaser, his wife, to Bankruptcy Trustee, Incorporated, a corporation, dated October 6th, 1913, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, N. D., on October 15th, 1913, at 400 N. D., and recorded in Book 106 of Mortgages, on page 70, and assigned by the mortgagee to Mrs. S. Anna Rankin (now S. Anna Muir) by an instrument in writing dated October 6th, 1913, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, N. D., on February 14th, 1914, at 9:00 A. M., and recorded in Book 106 of Mortgages, on page 70, and assigned by the mortgagee to Mrs. S. Anna Rankin (now S. Anna Muir) by an instrument in writing dated October 6th, 1913, filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh County, N. D., on February 14th, 1914, at 9:00 A. 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SCHOOL BOARD ACTIVITIES IN CITY ARE TOLD

Board, in Public Statement,
Summarizes Activities For
The Last 2 Years

ENROLLMENT IS SHOWN

A statement with regard to the activities of the board of education in Bismarck in the last two years was made public today by the board. The statement is as follows:

"The school board has had 37 meetings, not including any committee meetings. During the present year, that ends June 30, 1924, all members of the board have been present at most of the meetings. The maximum salary of a member of the school board is \$150 per month or the sum of \$1,800 per year.

"The total enrollment of the high school this past year was 492, of which number 160 were non-residents. Of the latter number 55 were non-residents of Burleigh county. The grade enrollment was 1,205, of which number about 60 were non-residents.

"Tuition of a non-resident grade student has been raised from \$15 per year to \$50 per year, which latter figure approximates fairly near its cost.

"Tuition for each non-resident high school scholar has been raised from \$54 to \$108 per year, which latter amount more closely approximates its cost. This will reduce to a large extent the loss of several thousand dollars a year to taxpayers.

Promotions Abolished

"Mid-year promotions have been abolished. Mid-year promotions resulted in some scholars trying to get through the high school in three and one half years. Some scholars succeeded in doing it, but it was thought that four years' time should be given to doing the four years' high school work in order that it be done well and for the benefit of the student.

"All high school students were required the past year to furnish all their own text books and hereafter all high school and grade scholars are required to furnish their own books. This has a large tendency to cause the scholar to take care of his books and also relieves the general taxpayer from buying them.

"All bills against the school district are required to be itemized as to article, price, per article, when and where furnished. The board has a purchasing committee whose business, upon sanction of the board, is to do the purchasing.

"Plans have been formulated for establishing a student loan fund for needy and deserving students of the Bismarck high school.

"All bonuses of teachers have been abolished and the time during which a teacher may be absent while ill and draw pay has been reduced from 10 days to 3 days.

"On account of safety, steel ceilings have been placed in all of the first story rooms of the Will school.

"Rule made prohibiting students from smoking in and around the school buildings. The first offense punished by suspension and the second offense by expulsion.

"The thorough renovation of all old school desks, 700 in number, in the grade schools.

"The purchase of 150 additional lockers for the use and convenience of the high school students.

"The reduction of all janitors' salaries in the grade schools from \$110 to \$90 per month and from \$110 to \$100, per month in the high school.

"The building of the Roosevelt school and completely furnishing the first story rooms thereof. The bonds voted for this building sold at a premium of \$2,100.

"During the past year debating has been stressed in the high school and this past year the high school debating team met in inter high school debate and gave a good account of itself.

The Juvenile Band

The cooperation of the board of education with the association of commerce of Bismarck in the employment of Prof. Sorlien for such cooperation, there is now a live juvenile band in Bismarck and a good high school orchestra.

"By recent action of the board, it is expected that about \$25,000 can be cut from the school budget for the next school year.

"During the past year there have been 107 students in the commercial department, about 85 in the domestic science department and about 63 in the manual training department.

"The rule has been established requiring all non-resident grade and high school scholars attending Bismarck public schools and living in Bismarck to live at approved homes.

"The coach of the high school not only has coached the high school teams, but he has been the physical training teacher for the boys in the high school. The law requires one physical credit unit out of the sixteen units required to graduate from the high school.

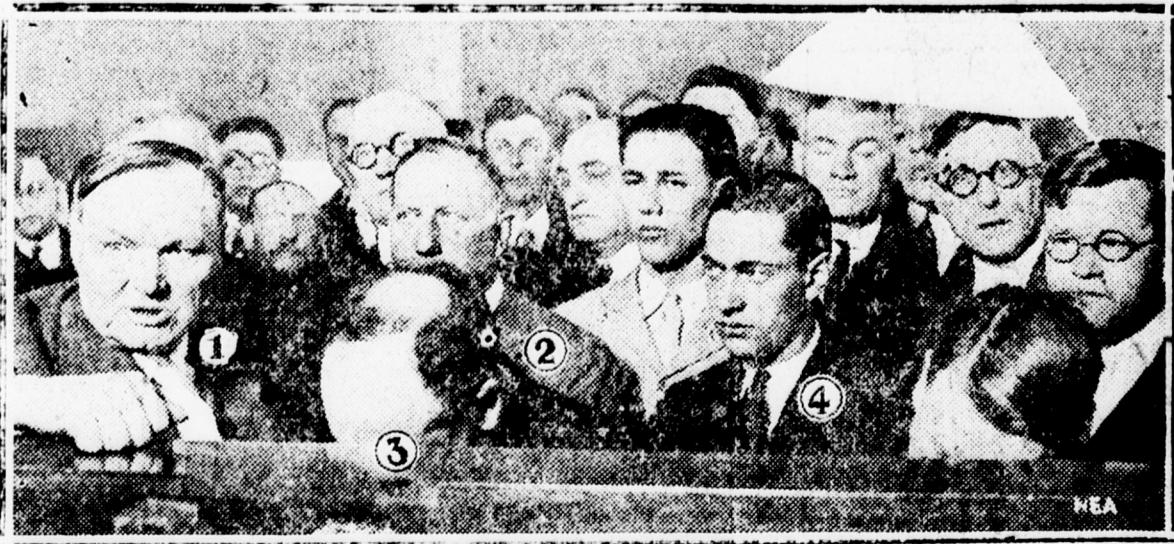
"Those hereafter taking the commercial course, the domestic science course and the laboratory science course will be required to pay a fee of \$5 per year. The manual training students are required to pay for the lumber they use in their course.

"Whatever the merits or demerits are of the manual training and domestic science departments of the high school, the said departments, or either of them, have not been eliminated from the course. Both of said departments are required in a high school in order for such high school to be an accredited high school of the Northcentral Colleges and Secondary Schools Association, and in order that our graduates may enter high institutions of learning without examinations.

Salaries of Teachers

"The salaries for next year. Bismarck schools rank first class. The high school is a first class accredited high school and the board has felt that the teachers are not paid too

THEIR FIRST DAY IN COURT



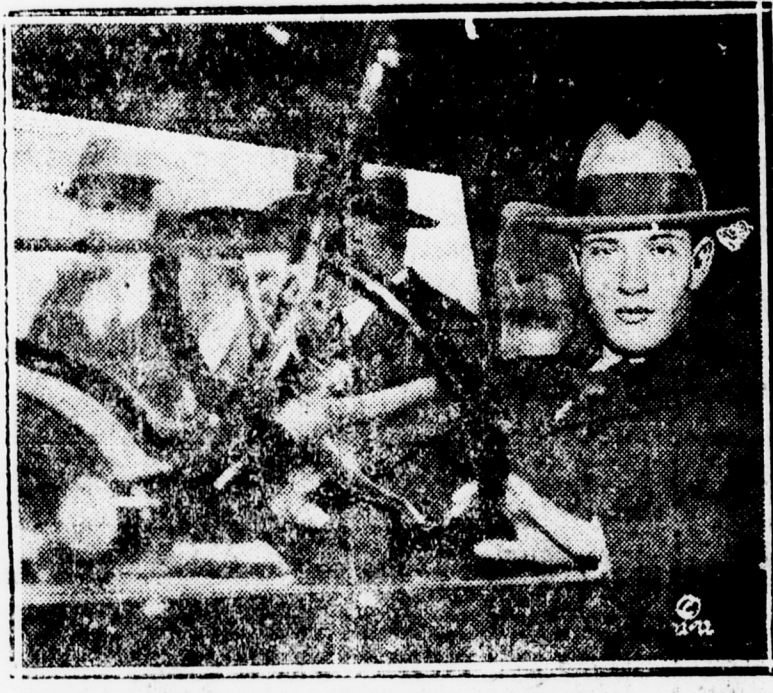
AT THE BAR IN CHIEF JUSTICE JOHN R. CAVERLY'S COURT: (1) CLARENCE S. DARROW, CHIEF DEFENSE COUNSEL; (2) BENJAMIN S. BACHRACH, ALSO AN ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFENSE; (3) A COURT REPORTER; (4) NATHAN LEOPOLD JR., BACK OF LEOPOLD, RICHARD LOEB, EXTREME RIGHT STATES ATTORNEY ROBERT E. CROWE.



AWAITING THE COURT DECISION ON THE HABEAS CORPUS ACTION BROUGHT BY THE DEFENSE. IN THE FIRST ROW, FOREMAN LEOPOLD (LEFT), BROTHER OF NATHAN JR., AND ATTORNEY BENJAMIN S. BACHRACH. IN THE SECOND ROW, FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, NATHAN LEOPOLD SR., JACOB M. LOEB, UNCLE OF RICHARD M. LOEB, AND ATTORNEY CLARENCE S. DARROW.



ALBERT H. LOEB, FATHER OF RICHARD.



NATHAN LEOPOLD JR., ONE OF THE CONFESSION SLAYERS, AT THE WHEEL OF THE AUTOMOBILE IN WHICH ROBERT FRANKS WAS MURDERED.

TOKIO EDITOR ATTACKS THE JAP'S POLICY

Tokio, June 9.—Japan's foreign policy is pitifully subservient to the United States and Great Britain, according to Ichiro Tokutomi, probably Japan's most noted editor, in a diatribe against the foreign office which appeared in his paper, the Kokumin, recently. The creed of Japanese diplomats, according to Mr. Tokutomi, is that just as the earth revolves around the sun, so international politics moves with the Anglo-Saxon race as its axis.

"All intelligent people know the damage this creed has done to Japan's prospects," the Kokumin editor continues, "although an independent country, Japan has often appeared as though she were a dependency of Britain or America in the field of international politics. The main reason the Asiatic peoples have ceased to trust Japan is because this country, ashamed of associating herself with other Asiatic nations, has bent on following

the lead of the Americans or British in all matters.

"This being so, the abrogation of the Anglo-Japanese alliance was gratifying not only to the United States, but also to all eastern peoples, for it raised in the minds of the Indians, Persians, Turks and Afghans the hope that thereafter Japan would be able to give full play to her mission as an Asiatic country. However, it remains to be seen whether Japan will live up to the hopes of her fellow Asiatics."

To Argue Rail Case in St. Paul

A case in which payment of about \$50,000 state income tax by the Northern Pacific Railroad is involved will be heard in the federal circuit court in St. Paul tomorrow. The railroad contends that the law of 1919 did not subject it to income tax for 1921, and won a decision in the federal district court. The law was amended and the railroad paid the tax for 1922.

C. C. Converse, state tax commissioner; John Thorpe, first assistant attorney-general, and G. V. Cox, tax attorney, will present the state's arguments in St. Paul.

Germany's potash resources are estimated at twenty billion tons of crude salts.

FOUR NEW METHODIST BISHOPS



The Methodist General Conference, meeting at Springfield, Mass., elected five bishops of the church: (above) Rev. George A. Miller, superintendent, Central American Mission, Panama; Rev. George R. Grose, president, De Pauw University, Greencastle, Ind.; (below) Rev. Titus Lowe, New York, secretary of Board of Foreign Missions and Rev. Benton Thorburn Badley, Calcutta, India.

LOCAL PEOPLE WILL ATTEND CONVENTION

Several Going From Here To
State Christian Endeavor
Society Meeting

PROGRAM IS ANNOUNCED

The twenty-ninth state Christian Endeavor Convention will be held in Fargo, June 12 to 15. The convention headquarters will be the First Presbyterian Church of Fargo. The convention theme will be "Friends of Christ." The motto will be: "Ye are my friends if ye do whatsoever I command you." Dr. Ira Landrith, Extension Secretary of the United Society of C. E. will give the opening address.

The delegates who are going from the Presbyterian C. E. of this city are: Mrs. E. M. Thompson, Mrs. Butler, Floy Kitchen, Melba Whittemore, Helen Crawford, Marcia Bowman, Barbara Register, Glenna Thompson, Morton Thompson, George Olson and Mildred Ellithorpe. The delegates will go in cars which makes it possible to send more than the usual number of delegates. They will leave Wednesday morning so that they will be in Fargo for the opening session on Thursday evening.

The Program

The following is the program which will be presented:

THURSDAY EVENING

Rev. Ward F. Boyd, Jamestown Presiding

7:30—Song Service—Malcolm Quay, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Devotionals—Rev. Ward F. Boyd, Special Music.

Addresses of Welcome:

For the City, Mayor H. W. Geary, Fargo.

For the Churches, Dr. D. T. Robertson, Fargo.

For the Endeavorers, Fordyce Heilman, Fargo.

Response, Rev. Harper Burns, Steele, State President.

Introduction of Committee who did the work, Margaret M. Bradt, Bismarck, Field Secretary, Hymn.

Announcements and Appointment of Committees—State President.

Offering for State C. E. Work.

Address: "Let's Be Bigger," Ira Landrith, D.D., L.L.D., Chicago, Ill., Extension Secretary, U. S. C. E.

Fellowship Hour—In charge of Local Endeavorers.

FRIDAY MORNING

Rev. Harper Burns, Presiding

8:30—Song Service, Malcolm Quay.

8:45—Quiet Hour, Rev. Ward F. Boyd

9:15—Conferences:

Lookout Committee, Ethel H. Russell, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Prayer Meeting Committee, Margaret M. Bradt.

10:10—Friends of Christ, Rev. George P. Merrill, Minneapolis, Minn.

10:40—Export Endeavor Demonstration.

11:10—Why Junior Endeavor?—Mrs. W. A. Knight, Fargo.

11:45—Intercessory Prayer, Adjournment.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON

Paul C. Dickey, Fargo, State Secretary, Presiding

1:15—Song Service, Malcolm Quay.

1:30—Quiet Hour, Rev. Ward F. Boyd

2:00—Conferences:

Missionary Committee—Gail Matrice, Fargo.

Social Committee—Margaret M. Bradt.

3:10—Friends for Christ, Rev. George P. Merrill.

3:40—The I. C. E. Chest, Ethel H. Boxell, I. C. E. Superintendent, Minnesota Union.

4:10—The Tenth Legion, Mrs. Blanche Wheeler, Lyndon, Minnesota.

4:45—C. E. Literature Table Talk.

5:00—C. E. World Demonstration, Adjournment.

Seek Location Of Veteran

Mrs. William Van Zile, Cranston, Wisconsin, is very anxious to learn of the whereabouts of her son, Edward D. Van Zile, Lester L. Arnold of the American Legion at Hill, Minnesota, is also interested in locating him. He has a wife and three children at Hill City.

Van Zile served for 28 months in the Canadian Army being a private in Company "C," 102nd Battalion, Canadian Infantry. He was twice gassed and also wounded in the left temporal region of the head.

Not only is his family eager to find where he is, but the Canadian Government wants to give him a medical examination.

Description: Age, 29; height, 5 feet, seven and one-half inches; slender; weight, 140 pounds; complexion, very dark; two crossed swords tattooed on right arm which is badly scarred from a burn; scar on left side of head; pre-war occupation, locomotive engineer.

Please notify the United States Veterans Bureau, Keith Plaza Building, Minneapolis, Minnesota, or the persons mentioned in the first paragraph.

MAINTAIN YOUR CREDIT RATING

It is more valuable to you than money. You never can tell just when you may need it most.

To maintain a good credit rating, pay all bills on or before the 10th of month following purchase.

Bismarck Credit Bureau, Inc.

"Where your paying habits are being recorded."



DR. IRA LANDRITH

11:45—Convention Picture.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON

Mrs. W. E. Butler, Presiding

1:15—Song Service, Malcolm Quay.

1:30—Quiet Hour, Rev. Harper Burns

2:00—Christian Endeavor Snap Shots

2:45—Christian Endeavor Pledge, Malcolm Quay.

3:30—Recreation, in charge of local Endeavorers.

SATURDAY EVENING

Convention Banquet, Philip Burger, Toastmaster.

SUNDAY MORNING

7:00—Early Morning Watch Service, Rev. Harper Burns.

10:30—Church and Sunday School Services.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Miss Inez Petty, Fargo, Presiding

2:30—Songs of Praise, Malcolm Quay

Devotionals.

Special Music.

Installation of Officers, Margaret M. Bradt, Hymn.

Closing Session Address: "Therefore," Rev. George P. Merrill.

The talks of Dr. Landrith will be broadcast live from the convention from WDAY 244-meter station.

SEND TENTH MILLION FORD ACROSS NATION

Detroit, Mich., June 9.—A new and outstanding achievement in the automobile industry of America was attained here today when the tenth-millionth Model "T" Ford car left the final assembly in the Highland Park Plant of the Ford Motor Company.

The motor, bearing the number 10,000,000 was completed June 1, and reached the car assembly line early this afternoon, and was assembled into a touring car, the most popular of all Ford body types.

In celebration of having attained a 10,000,000 production record, the company announces that Ford Car No. 10,000,000 will make a coast to coast trip as signifying the nationwide popularity of the Ford Car and its appeal to every class of driver.

The car will be shipped to New York within a day or two and leaving there will be driven across the country to San Francisco. The Lincoln Highway has been selected as the official route of travel and stops will be made at most all the towns along the line. Frank Kulick, who years ago attained fame and broke many records as the pilot of Ford racing cars, will be at the wheel of the ten-millionth Ford, during the trans-continental trip.

Model "T" Ford cars are today in use in every country on earth and the unusual success which has attended the Ford Motor Company dates principally from 1908, when

the Model "T" was developed and first introduced on the market.

MRS. TONG COUNTY WELFARE WORKER

Linton, N. D., June 9.—Mrs. B. H. Tong, of this city, has been appointed to take charge of the state county welfare work for Emmons county under the direction of Miss Henrietta Lund, of Bismarck. Mrs. Tong made a trip in the country Monday afternoon to look after the interests of some minor children, State's Attorney Coventry accompanying her.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate at the Primary Election to be held June 25, 1924, for the office of County Treasurer of Burleigh County. Your vote will be appreciated.

Geo. Boelter, Arena, N. D. (Political Advertisement)

DR. R. S. ENGE

Chiropractor Consultation Free Lucas Bldg. Bismarck, N. D.

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ORCHESTRA DANCING

Tickets and Reservations at All Tourist and R. R. Ticket Offices, or

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YUCATAN GUM

"No fancy wrapper—just good gum!"